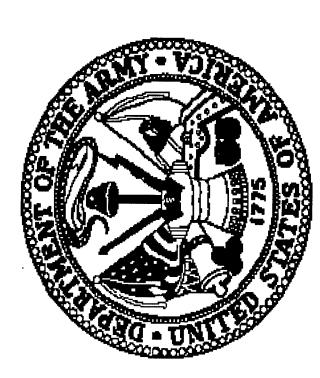
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

FY 1996/FY 1997 BIENNIAL BUDGET ESTIMATES SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS FEBRUARY 1995





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OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

JUSTIFICATION BOOK

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JUSTIFICATION BOOK

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Oper. & Maint., Army Program and Financing (in Thousands of dollars)

Identifi	dentification code 21-2020-0-1-051	1994 actual	1995 est.	1996 est.	1997 est.
00.0101 00.0201 00.0301 00.0401	Program by activities: Direct program: Operating Forces Mobilization Training and Recruiting Administration and Servicewide Activities	8,424,917 457,219 2,742,473 6,317,844	9,065,459 583,783 2,964,457 5,086,412	9,320,947 696,760 3,066,095 5,100,934	8,971,668 604,667 3,143,429 4,908,500
00.9101	Total direct program	942	.700,		628.
01.0101	Reimbursable program	5,794,89	4,712,54	4,902,13	,887,04
10.0001	Total obligations	23,737,350	22,412,657	23,086,868	22,515,313
1.0001 3.0001 4.0001	collections from: unds(-) us(-) al sources(-) balance available, start of balance available, start of	3.1 1.8 6.8 2.3	-4,161,177 -160,227 -391,142 -1,673	-4,654,583 -11,546 -236,003	-4,633,964 -11,615 -241,470
22.0001 24.4001 25.0001	Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts (-) Unobligated balance available, end of year: Unobligated balance available, end of year Unobligated balance expiring	5,00 1,67 2,85			
39.0001	Budget authority	7,659	17,698,438	18,184,736	17,628,264
40.0001 41.0001 42.0001	Budget authority: Appropriation Transferred to other accounts (-) Transferred from other accounts	6,208,15 -4,24 1,332,75	7,507,088	8,134,73	17,578,264
43.0001	Appropriation (adjusted) Contract authority (indefinite)	17,536,668	17,698,438	18,184,736	17,628,264
1.0001 2.1001 2.4001 4.1001 7.0001	igations igations rouncted ance, sta rom other ance, end ance, end	17,942,453 -851,943 8,192,904 793,337 -7,598,584 -633,971	17,700,111 7,598,584 -6,543,408	18,184,736 6,543,408 -6,600,136	17.628,264 6,600,136 -6,531,808
90.0001	Outlays (net)	44,1	17,961,950	18,128,008	17,696,592

Oper. & Maint., Army Object Classification (in Thousands of dollars)

Identification	cation code 21-2020-0-1-051	1994 actual	1995 est.	1996 est.	1997 est.
D 111.101	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent Other than full-time permanent Other personnel compensation	27,689 62,778 10,968	3,240,	.392,4 264,4 175,3	3,386,81
111.901	Total personnel compensation		. 74	, 28	32,07
112.101	Personnel Benefits: Civilian personnel Benefits for former personnel	85,20 97,89	33,06 35,75	3,75	36,27 29,80
121.001	Travel and transportation of persons Transportation of things	664,014 673,539 324 453	616,099 718,970 133 456	729,850 715,651 182,156	686,918 658,514 176,091
123.201		53,96	09,13 89,36	44,49	19,15 04,08
124.001		37,19 08,23	31,53 30,06	6,473,80	34,61 66,28
125.203	+ 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4,257,393	2,411,662	2,172,237	2,339,454
125.301 125.302 125.303	s goods/services (inter/intra) red accountse of goods/services from other Fed agencist to foreign national indirect hire persises from industrial funds	1,72 3,16 4,09	993,001 751,035 2,059,526	1,026,092 670,077 1,486,463	875,911 582,946 1,357,994
125.401 125.501 126.001	Ops of Govt Owned Contractor Operated facilities Research & Development Contracts Supplies and materials	39,74 37,57 69,11	46	93	
131.001 132.001 141.001 142.001	Equipment Land and structures Grants, subsidies, and contributions Insurance claims and indemnities	332,917 127,625 23,115 57,239	95, 62, 51,	64, 76, 63,	63,3 74,5 61,8
199.001	Total Direct obligations	,453	1	73	1 9
211.101 211.301 211.501	Reimbursable obligations: Personnel Compensation: Full-time permanent Other than full-time permanent Other personnel compensation	73,008 84,012 74,403	1,340,05 147,24 103,87	1,362,943 149,757 103,198	1,356,528 154,082 103,542
211.901	Total personnel compensation	,531,423	91,1	1,615,89	14,15
212.101 213.001 221.001 222.001 223.101 223.201	Personnel Benefits: Civilian Personnel Benefits for former personnel Travel and transportation of persons Transportation of things Rental payments to GSA Rental payments to others	308,978 5,441 126,446 39,879 19,732 26,970	363,863 50,686 138,007 36,182 19,900	367,796 50,531 147,782 38,744 21,309 32,656	367,302 50,244 147,048 38,553 21,203 32,494

Oper. & Maint., Army Object Classification (in Thousands of dollars)

Identifi	Identification code 21-2020-0-1-051	1994 actual	1995 est.	1996 est.	1997 est.
223.301	and,	715,817	672,459	720,089	716,518
224.001	Printing and reproduction	37,677	36,440	39,021	38,828
101.627	consulting services Other services with the private sector	55,926	47,036	50,367	50,118
225.203	Contracts with the private sector	1,312,439	604,030	677,467	672.442
225.204	1	65,703	75,464	80,809	80,409
225 201	_				
223.301		532,203	155,781	136,162	137,152
205.302	Payments to foreign national indirect hire personnel	139,954	122,442	100,462	101,629
225.303		127,548	140,849	150,826	150.078
225.401	Ops of Govt Owned Contractor Operated facilities	15,147			
225.501	Research & Development Contracts	36,719	32,563	34.870	34.697
226.001	Supplies and materials	574,367	526,958	564,282	561,484
231.001	Equipment	61,646	37,732	40,405	40.204
232.001	Land and structures	60,863	30,496	32,656	32 494
241.001	Grants, subsidies, and contributions	19	•	1	•
6		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
299.001	Total Reimbursable obligations	5,794,897	4,712,546	4,902,132	4,887,049
		1 1 1 1 1 1			.
999.901	999.901 Total obligations	23,737,350	22,412,657	23,086,868	22,515,313

FY 1996/1997 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance, Army

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	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	
Budget Activity 1, Operating Forces	8,424,917	9,065,459	9,320,947	8,971,668	
Land Forces	8,038,730	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570	
Combat Units Tactical Support Theater Defense Forces Force Related Training/Special Activities Force Communications UCS Exercises Base Support - Land Forces Depot Maintenance Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	1,162,097 976,342 163,376 1,668,711 51,201 3,274,178 695,374	1,786,253 1,154,948 257,355 1,166,699 1,88,445 66,432 3,175,400 1,156,754 -15,920	1,882,069 1,165,970 178,670 1,271,154 73,584 3,582,306 861,426	1,716,725 1,103,667 1,70,907 1,214,931 56,348 54,519 3,547,927 861,546	
Land Operations Support	386,187	290,093	251,301	245,098	
Combat Developments Unified Commands Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	246,886 139,301	235,219 56,017 -1,143	214,364 36,937	209,033 36,065	
Budget Activity 2, Mobility Operations	457,219	583,783	096,760	604,667	
Mobility Operations	457,219	583,783	096,760	604,667	
Strategic Mobilization War Reserve Activities Industrial Preparedness POMCUS Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	221,540 27,135 100,840 107,704	275,588 99,101 89,631 119,557	393,923 72,166 143,841 86,830	247,235 121,589 147,178 88,665	
Budget Activity 3, Training and Recruiting	2,742,473	2,964,457	3,066,095	3,143,429	
Accession Training	291,955	305,970	314,798	329,964	
Officer Acquisition Recruit Training One Station Unit Training Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Base Support (Academy Only) Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	51,115 10,308 11,269 108,706 110,557	54,564 10,273 15,532 111,367 115,573 -1,339	58,328 11,228 17,008 109,789 118,445	61,885 12,352 19,091 113,513 123,123	
Basic Skill and Advanced Training	1,812,706	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705	
Specialized Skill Training Flight Training Professional Development Education Training Suport Base Suport (other Training) Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	205,383 215,227 69,167 393,066 929,863	241,850 267,282 87,368 356,115 1,076,783 -9,975	236,760 218,514 68,981 375,528 1,160,360	245,518 218 064 20 830 34 784 1,183,509	

Exhibit 0-1 Summary of Operation and Maintenance Funding Requirements by Subactivity Detail

FY 1996/1997 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance, Army

•	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	
Recruiting, Other Training and Education	637,812	664,064	691,154	710,760	
Recruiting and Advertising Examining Off-Duty and Voluntary Education Civilian Education and Training Junior ROTC Base Support (Recruiting Leases) Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	159, 143 63, 915 113, 142 85, 091 56, 806 159, 715	197,888 61,321 101,494 86,098 68,276 151,043 -2,056	211,375 64,333 103,812 81,108 74,506 156,020	216,589 67,071 104,153 81,897 75,472 165,578	
Sudget Activity 4, Administration and Servicewide Support	6,317,844	5,086,412	5,100,934	4,908,500	
Security Programs	354,101	383,149	362,333	373,658	
Security Programs Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	354,101	384,529 -1,380	362,333	373,658	
Logistics Operations	1,666,809	1,683,185	1,630,274	1,433,624	
Servicewide Transportation Central Supply Activities Logistic Support Activities Ammunition Management Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	597,313 451,604 340,882 277,010	557,360 412,422 344,555 389,240 -4,092	542,910 487,281 299,230 300,853	530,680 362,145 285,884 254,915	
Servicewide Support	4,088,845	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456	
Administration Servicewide Communications Mangower Management Other Personnel Support Other Service Support Army Claims Activity Real Estate Management Base Support Environmental Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate Support of Other Nations International Military Headquarters Miscellaneous Support of Other Nations Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate Support of Other Nations International Military Headquarters Miscellaneous Support of Other Nations Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	605,000 79,3069 79,3069 167,764 593,898 167,79 91,779 620,406 983,539 176,582 31,507	270,794 736,132 82,101 175,708 567,597 178,362 96,572 96,572 -9,905 -14,700 271,392 245,331 246,331 26,604	275,238 686,446 115,832 175,832 568,225 173,290 86,930 735,466 282,224 252,780 29,444	283,579 688,485 1368,485 176,375 594,565 11,524 11,524 695,829 695,829 290,762 257,922 32,840	
Total Operation and Maintenance, Army	17,942,453	17,700,111	18,184,736	17,628,264	

DEPARTMENT OF ARMY
DIRECT HIRE PERSONNEL SUMMARY
OP & MAINT, ARMY
FY1996-1997 PB(INFL)
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

OP & MAINT, ARMY FY1996-1997 PB(INFL) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, STRENGTHS IN WHOLE NUMBERS)

	FY	FY 1994 ACTUAL		FY	1995 ESTIMATE	IMATE	F	1996 ESTIMATE	IMATE	7	1997 EST	ESTIMATE
DIRECT HIRE CIVILIANS	END STR	WORK YEARS	\$(000)	END	WORK YEARS	\$(000)	END	WORK YEARS	\$(000)	END	WORK	\$(000)
FULL TIME PERMANENT	127630	130684		1 0	! !!	1 0		1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1001
ОТНЕВ	22340		001100	15074	120945	5/93992	122515	124406	5952342	118903	120517	6016346
	22310	22637	986093	18423	20166	920567	17212	17703	847227	17028	17111	853982
IDIAL DIRECT HIRE	149940	153321	6577371	146970	147111	6551243	139727	142109	6597733	135931	137628	6568/17
DISADVANTAGED EMPLOYMENT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C				+
FOR NAT SEP LIABILITY	0	0	2404	0	0	14160	· c	· c	14.000		> (O ;
SEV PAY/UNEMPL COMP	0	0	101068	, 0	C	140156	· c		0624-	>	0	14189
TOTAL	0,000,0	, ,	•	,	>		>	5	187246	0	0	287722
<u>!</u>	149940	153321	6680843	146970	147111	6714559	139727	142109	626629	135931	137628	6870328
DETAIL BY BUDGET ACTIVITY												
OPERATING FORCES	51467	51753	2134009	49335	50049	2113015	117603	1181150	010111	! !		
MOBILIZATION	844	513	20697	576	3,55	111622		40470	2101713	45/15	46434	2090181
TRAINING & RECRUITING	28361	20252				500	632	401	16098	236	235	10620
3	10007	76897	1183988	28243	27996	1321643	26579	27194	1345316	24852	25623	1320680
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE WIDE ACTIVITIES	41506	84044	2298742	42049	41551	2097942	40276	40180	793860	721011	0 1	
MEDICAL MANPOWER	27054	27542	992950	25677	26061	1115875	23971	20.00	1191565	10404	01.004	2210098
SPECIAL OPERATIONS	0	0	0	0	0			1		10763	69/62	hb/6/11
ОТНЕЯ	1104	1113	50457	1090	1080	7 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	> 6			> ,	0	0
TOTAL DIRECT HIRE	1/100/10	153201	640000				5001	1049	51213	1064	1049	53005
	0+111	173351	0000043	0/691/1	14/111	6714559	139727	142109	6199569	135931	137628	6870328
(KEIMBUKSABLE DATA INCLUDED ABOVE)	38632	46038	1896257	47098	14774	2058917	39786	40247	1851690	39353	39548	1880266

EXHIBIT PB-31C

viii

OP & MAINT, ARMY FY1996-1997 PB(INFL) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, STRENGTHS IN WHOLE NUMBERS)

	ΕΥ	FY 1994 ACTUAL			FY 1995 ESTIMATE	IMATE	Ε̈́	1996 ESTIMATE	MATE	<u>≻</u>	1997 ESTIMATE	MATE
INDIRECT HIRE CIVILIANS	END	WORK YEARS	(000)\$	END	WORK	(000)\$	END	WORK	(000)\$	END	WORK YEARS	\$(000)
DETAIL BY BUDGET ACTIVITY												
OPERATING FORCES	21400	21607	619156	20059	20553	743621	15465	17689	655504	14719	15051	556682
MOBILIZATION	1082	1437	44333	92	569	24974	389	240	10649	389	387	17659
TRAINING & RECRUITING	41	37	096	41	917	1811	40	04	1589	04	017	1636
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE WIDE ACTIVITIES	1400	1549	44151	1448	1405	49582	1278	1343	51129	1257	1267	50708
MEDICAL MANPOWER	915	923	29835	1149	1017	43535	1177	1160	50482	1177	1177	52691
SPECIAL OPERATIONS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
отнек	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FOR NAT SEP LIABILITY	0	0	4685	0	0	7819	0	0	8076	0	0	8212
TOTAL INDIRECT HIRE	24838	25553	743120	22789	23590	871342	18349	20472	777429	17582	17922	687588
(REIMBURSABLE DATA INCLUDED ABOVE)	1485	3323	139950	3340	3747	131175	3029	3009	104154	3005	3017	107751

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BIENNIAL BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Operating Forces

I. Description of Operations Financed:

Defense Guidance and The Army Plan. This budget request includes the total cost of operating and maintaining the active Army's Operating Forces with the exception of mobilization, recruiting, institutional training, and requested in this Budget Activity finance the day-to-day operations of the active component Force required to execute the Army's National Defense missions as directed by the National Military Strategy and detailed in certain Service-wide and administration costs which are justified separately in Budget Activities 2, 3 and 4. The Operating Forces Budget Activity is the heart of the Operation and Maintenance, Army budget.

(1) improve our ability for crisis response in regional contingencies, (2) assist in the preservation of world stability, (3) assume non-traditional roles such as counterdrug, national assistance and support of We are reshaping our capabilities to democratic reform, and (4) assume a greater role in disaster and humanitarian relief. As we continue to reshape the Army, we are contending with the rising costs and new challenges of increased worldwide humanitarian and peacekeeping operations, all of which incur costs that often must be paid from other accounts such as training. It is increasingly difficult to meet these challenges. The Army's primary mission is to conduct sustained land combat.

Operating Forces expenses financed in this Budget Activity include the costs of consuming fuel, supplies, repair parts and subsistence during the execution of day-to-day unit training programs; travel and In other words, a total mission transportation costs associated with unit training; operation of Combat Training Centers and other special training activities; incremental costs of participating in Joint Chief's of Staff directed exercises; depot end items; administrative costs to operate tactical and management headquarters; and the costs of operating maintenance costs associated with equipping the Operating Forces with quality weapons systems and support and maintaining the installations where the operating forces live and work. budget package.

The Operating Forces Budget Activity consists of two Activity Groups and 10 subactivities that represent distinct facets of the Force or special activities associated with the Force. Each subactivity is and output for each subactivity. Cost drivers and specific performance criteria are detailed in Section IV characterized by specific cost drivers that correlate the budget request to performance measures, workload of the individual Budget Activity Group justification material.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

LAND FORCES

This funding will allow the Army to field a trained and ready Force possessing the combat capabilities necessary to execute assigned missions and to fulfill the Army's role in implementing the National Military Strategy. Expected outcomes by sub-activity are:

COMBAT UNITS - An active component Combat Force; fully capable of deploying to the battlefield, engaging and defeating the enemy forces in the threat scenarios described in The Army Plan.

combat forces, capable of providing all logistics, communications, intelligence, medical and other support TACTICAL SUPPORT FORCES - A trained and ready tactical support increment, sized and balanced to the required to deploy and sustain the combat forces in the threat scenarios described in The Army Plan. THEATER DEFENSE FORCES - A trained and ready Theater Army force package capable of providing command and control, special operations capability, air defense and other support required to establish and sustain a theater war-fighting capability to meet the threat scenarios described in The Army Plan.

establishing and sustaining tactical and strategic command and control communications on a worldwide basis. FORCE COMMUNICATIONS - A fully trained and ready active component Force capable of deploying,

JCS EXERCISES - A ready theater Army force, trained in Joint Operations, improving the Commander-in-Chiefs (CINC's)war fighting capabilities while accomplishing those tasks which are essential to the execution of the CINC's war plan.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

FORCE RELATED TRAINING/SPECIAL ACTIVITIES - A training base capable of delivering realistic unit training required to keep the operating forces proficient and ready to deploy and accomplish assigned

DEPOT MAINTENANCE - A fully equipped Operating Force possessing quality, technologically superior weapons systems and other support end items in the quantities required by doctrine.

BASE SUPPORT - An installation infrastructure that provides an acceptable quality of life to the operating forces soldiers and families. A power projection platform capable of mobilizing, deploying, recovering and reconstituting active component and mobilization forces.

REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - The Real Property Maintenance program supports minor construction and maintenance of facilities at Major Troop Installations worldwide.

LAND OPERATIONS SUPPORT

and This funding will allow the Army to field operating forces that are modern, have the right doctrine, possess the proper operational and organizational capabilities to meet the challenges outlined for the United States Army in the National Military Strategy. Outcomes by subactivity are:

validate necessary doctrine, warfighting concepts, organization and support materials to fight, sustain, and COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS - This funding will allow the Army's operating forces to develop, test, appraise and win on the battlefield.

UNIFIED COMMANDS - This funding will allow the Army to provide day to day operational support to its warfighting command and control structure.

II. Force Structure Summary:

<u>FY 1995</u>	326.8 thousand 311.1 thousand 311.7 thousand 4 4 4 12 4 10 2 0 0 1 0 0 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Active Component End Strength Corps Headquarters Divisions Separate Armor Brigades Separate Infantry Brigades Armored Cavalry Regiments Light Cavalry Regiments 1st Bn, 3d Infantry (The Old Guard)

The Army of FY 1996 will be a more downsizing from 18 to 10 divisions, we will have reduced our European presence from 213,000 active soldiers to 65,000 by the end of FY 1995 (69 percent reduction); and will have closed, realigned, and returned to host nations over 710 CONUS and OCONUS installations. We will have reduced our civilian force from 402,927 in FY 1989 to 259,000 for FY 1996 (36 percent). few years earlier. As we adjust to new challenges, we are continuing to restructure our forces and infrastructure. For example, from FY 1989 to FY 1999, the active component end strength will have been reduced by about 275,000 (36 percent); Corps Headquarters will have been reduced from 5 to 4; active component divisions will have been reduced from 18 to 10. One heavy and one light brigade will inactivate in FY 1995 and one additional heavy brigade will inactivate in FY 1996. The Army of FY 1996 will be a more Continental United States (CONUS) based force postured for force projection worldwide. By the end of The force structure of the Army in FY 1996 will differ significantly from the force structure of only a FY 1996, the Army will have reduced its size from 770,000 active soldiers to 495,000. In addition to

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

contingencies (e.g., a DESERT STORM). By simultaneously maintaining a robust mobilization capability, we It is the National Military Strategy (NMS), coupled with the risk we are willing to accept, which timately determines the force we need. The current NMS dictates the need for an Army consisting of a ultimately determines the force we need. The current NMS dictates the need for an Army consisting o 10 division active force, manned by 495,000 soldiers and supported by 282,710 civilians in FY 1996. force can execute the current NMS and allows us to respond to two nearly simultaneous regional ensure our national security in the event of an expansive war.

military power, that is, a quality Army, trained and ready to provide quick, decisive success in sustained of national The funds requested provide the resources to ensure that the Army remains a crucial element land combat.

Exercises (CPX) and small scale deployment exercises. Cost driver is the number, size, location, and duration of exercises. Budget constraints have required the Army to support CJCS exercises at 80 percent of Joint Chiefs of Staff related exercises are summarized below (Home Station and Army exercises In response to changing world/military environment, Theater Commanders have reduced the scope of major Joint Field Training Exercises (FTX) and increased the number of computer assisted Joint Command Post are not included). requirements.

	FY 1	966	FY 1997	766	
	FTX CP	CPX	FTX	CPX	
Theater		Ŋ		9	
Corps	3	ഗ	7	7	
Division		m			
Brigade	7	н	7		
Battalion	14		15		
Company/less	œ		10		
Special Forces	17		13		

ಡ Exercises that consist of Data reflects highest Headquarters participating in the exercise. series of exercises are counted as one exercise.

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

training and readiness are totally dependent on adequate overall OMA funding. Frequently, without a clear understanding of the situation, it is assumed that OPTEMPO equals readiness and thus, fully funding OPTEMPO assures adequate readiness. This is emphatically not true because fully funding OPTEMPO only assures training goals are achieved, but readiness depends on more than training alone. It is also dependent on the ancillary, or supporting resources that make training possible, i.e., adequate training facilities, installation support functions (utilities, heat, waste removal, etc.). Additionally, readiness is negatively impacted when soldiers are diverted from training to perform installation support Optimal readiness is achieved only when training and the day-to-day operations and maintenance requirements are adequately resourced to ensure the Army has the ability to achieve the goals established in the National Military one on which the Nation's defense ability is dependent. functions due to lack of civilian manpower or contracting resources in these areas. Readiness is a very complex issue,

For Base Support, the Army has completed a comprehensive survey and categorization of installations, the result being a marked departure of how installations were displayed in previous submissions. The Army now places installations into three categories. The definitions are: Major - Active Army installations installations having 300 or more U.S. Service members and DOD civilian employees. We have also realigned installations to more closely represent the objectives of the Major Commands (MACOMS). The culmination of having 5,000 or more U.S. Service members and Department of Defense (DOD) employees; Minor - Active Army installations having 1,000 or more U.S. Service members and DOD civilian employees; Other - Active Army installations having 300 or more U.S. Service members and DOD civilian employees. We have also realigned categorization, downsizing and realignment decisions has resulted in an Operating Forces base support program for 161 Army installations (39 CONUS and 122 overseas) by FY 1997.

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

Depot Materiel Maintenance provides resources to support the Army's forces, through the Army Materiel manand (AMC). The following AMC activities and installations are supported by this budget activity: Command (AMC).

Army Materiel Command:

Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM)
Missile Command (MICOM)
Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command (AMCCOM)
Aviation and Troop Command (ATCOM)
Tank-Automotive Command (TACOM)
Depot Systems command (DESCOM)
6 Army Depots

Force Communications supports the Army Global Command and Control System (AGCCS), Strategic Command and Control Facilities and Tactical Information Management.

Budget Activity: Operating Forces

III. Financial Summary (O&M S in Thousands):

	FY 1997 Request	8,726,570	245,098	8,971,668
	FY 1996 Request	9,069,646	251,301	9,320,947
	Current <u>Estimate</u>	8,775,366	290,093	9,065,459
FY 1995	Appropriation	8,887,436	296,651	9,184,087
	Budget Request	8,719,136	296,651	9,015,787
	FY 1994 Actuals	8,038,730	386,187	8,424,917
	A. Activity Groups:	1. Land Forces	2. Land Operations Support	Total

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1995</u>	Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1996</u>	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed) Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate	9,015,787 168,300 -204,694 17,063 71,530 -2,527 9,065,459	9,065,459 0 0 186,235 -46,697 115,950	9,320,947 0 0 274,760 -6,553 -617,486 8,971,668

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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request \$ 9,015,787
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed) \$ 9,184,087
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed):
a. Classified Programs
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) \$ -204,694

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

. \$ 17,063		. \$ 120,000 . \$ 1,000		. \$ 1,264	. \$ 10,000 . \$ 25,400	. \$ 363	\$ 158,027
Civilian Pay Adjustments	Functional Program Transfers: Inter Appropriation Transfers In:	a. Real Property Maintenance Transferb. Purchase of Non-Centrally Managed Equipment	Intra Appropriation Transfers In:	a. Fort Ritchie	c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (RETROEUR)		Total Transfers In

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out

	. \$ -86,497	\$ 14,536	\$ -17,063
a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Halicopter Training, Israel)	Total Transfers Out	Program Increase: Program Realignment in Support of Mission Requirements\$ 14,536 Total Program Increase	Civilian Pay Offset

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

186,235

	Total Price Growth			₹ / }
Functions	Functional Program Transfers:			
Inter App	Inter Appropriation Transfers In:			
က်သို့တို့ မိုက်လုံးပေသို့ ကို	a. Finance and Accounting Services at Fort Belvoir	40 36 120 6,600 6,600 12,100		
Intra Api a. b.	1: Support (CLS)	500 6,084 25,287	57,356	

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

\$ -45,861 \$ -729 \$ -276 \$ -200 \$ -289 \$ -2,302	. \$ -28,545 . \$ -133 . \$ -25,287	\$ -104,053
a. Operational Support Airlift Command (OSAC)	Intra Appropriation Transfers Out a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization	Total Transfers Out

-46,697

s

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

		Cram Decreases:	gram
<i>S</i>	•	Total Program Increases	
	9,561	One More Compensable	E
	30,000		-i
	42,900	Title XI (Army National Guard Combat Readiness Reform Act of 1992). \$	×
	11,489	Simulations §	Ċ
	36,650	Range Operations \$	i
	21,491	Nunn-Warner Restoral \$.
	22,100	Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Operating Losses \$	ģ
	18,542	Benefits to Former Employees	ų.
	321,281	Real Property Maintenance \$	ú
	5,711	Environmental Compliance \$	ซ
	24,600	SOUTHCOM Relocation S	ບໍ
	99,525	Base Operations Suppo	ď
	17,468	a. Aviation Restructure Initiative \$	ď

661,318

Program Decrease

b. Credit Rate Changes	a. Burdensharing	•
c. Depot Maintenance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
d. Headquarters Support		
e. Joint Chiefs of Staff Exercises		
f. Force Structure		f Exercises.
g. RETROEUR		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
h. Combat Development		•
Total Program Decreases\$ -545		
Tool Didnot Doming		eases
UCE 0 3	FY 1996 Budget Request	

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:		
Total Price Growth		274,760
Functional Program Transfers:		
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out		
Civilian Personnel Regionalization \$ -6,553	, 553	
Total Transfer Out	\$ -6,553	
Total Functional Program Transfers		-6,553
Program Increases:		
a. Base Operations Support	, 959 , 906	
Total Program Increases		37,865

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

a. Acquisition Reform Initiative. b. Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) c. Burdensharing. c. Burdensh	local flogiam Decreases \$ -655,351	FY 1997 Budget Request \$ 8,971,668
		FY 19

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary appears at the budget activity level.

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	349,873	326,864	311,261	311,833	-15,603	572
Officer	37,338	36,197	34,074	34,420	-2,123	346
Enlisted	312,535	290,667	277,187	277,413	-13,480	226
Civilian End Strength (Total)	71,992	60,220	55,246	52,933	-4.974	-2,313
U.S. Direct Hire	42,847	37,923	37,569	35,981	127'-	24 7 7 7 7
Foreign National Direct Hire	7,929	4,028	3,664	3,661	-364	00 T
Total Direct Hire		41,951	41,233	39,642	-718	-1-591
Foreign National Indirect Hire	21,216	18,269	14,013	13,291	-4,256	-722
Military Workyears (Total)	359,980	338,369	319,063	311,547	-19.306	-7.516
Officer	38,742	36,768	35,136	34,247	-1,632	688
Enlisted	321,238	301,601	283,927	277,300	-17,674	-6,627
Civilian Workyears (Total)	66,411	60,337	58,155	53,795	-2,182	-4.360
U.S. Direct Hire	40,711	38,341	38,161	36,520	1180	-1.641
Foreign National Direct Hire	6,023	3,879	3,757	3,664	-122	1 E 6 1
Total Direct Hire		42,220	41,918	40,184	-302	-1-734
Foreign National Indirect Hire	19,617	18,117	16,237	13,611	-1,880	-2,626

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Land Forces Activity Group consists of eight sub-activities that represent distinct facets of the force or special activities associated with the Force. Each sub-activity can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary. COMBAT FORCES- The active Army's fighting Divisions, separate Brigades/Regiments and all other nondivisional combat units that stand ready to deploy and execute the Army's missions anywhere in the world. Cost drivers are the size of the combat force and the level of training activity necessary to remain combat ready. Size is expressed in numbers of battalion or squadron units and training levels are expressed as operating tempo in terms of miles driven or hours flown.

logistics, administration and special missions support units necessary to deploy and sustain the Army's combat forces on the battlefield. Since size and level of training activity of the tactical support increment relates directly to that of the combat forces, cost drivers are the same as those used for the combat forces. A third TACTICAL SUPPORT- The active Army's tactical support increment required by the combat units to successfully deploy, engage the enemy and execute the mission. Includes the communications, intelligence, medical, criteria; tactical support structure strength as a percent of the total Land Forces structure strength is THEATER DEFENSE- The active Army forces required to establish command and control of, sustain and air defend a deployed Theater Army. Includes theater command headquarters, special operations commands, air defense units and other theater support elements. Cost drivers for theater defense are the same as those used for the combat

FORCE COMMUNICATIONS- The tactical and strategic communications support required to establish and maintain command and control communications between the National Command Authority and deployed forces throughout the world. Cost drivers are the same as those used for the combat force. FORCE RELATED TRAINING AND SPECIAL ACTIVITIES- The operation of special theater and divisional training support activities and special mission units that provide mainly peacetime support and force related training at the Combat Training Centers and NCO Academies. Cost drivers are the same as those used for combat forces.

I. Description of Operations Financed Continued:

JCS EXERCISES- Army Land Forces units participating in multi-service training sponsored by the Joint Chiefs of Staff to address DOD's joint military capability to satisfy national security requirements across the spectrum of potential conflicts. Cost driver is the number and duration of exercises. DEPOT MAINTENANCE- The depot level maintenance support required to equip the Operating Forces with quality weapons systems and other major End Items. Cost driver is number of weapons systems/end items requiring depot maintenance repair. Additional criteria is number of systems/end items requiring repair that are funded versus

services and the facilities they require to train, work and live on a daily basis. Army installations serve as the power projection platforms utilized to rapidly deploy our forces to the regions of the world where mission calls. Cost drivers are the size of the installation in terms of military and civilian population the number and square feet of facilities and energy consumption. BASE SUPPORT- The Army's installations throughout the world that supply the Operating Forces with the

railroads, grounds and utility systems repair projects, and the erection, installation or assembly of a new real property facility, and the addition or conversion of existing real property facility with projected costs between \$15,000 and \$300,000. Cost drivers are square feet of facilities and number of projects. REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - Provides funding for maintenance and repair of buildings, structures, roads,

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	5	100	FY 1995		д 7000	10001
A. Sub-Activity Group:	Actuals	Request	Appropriation	Estimate	Request	Request
Combat Units	1,162,097	1,783,474	1,890,024	1,786,253	1,882,069	1,716,725
Tactical Support	976,342	1,178,297	1,178,297	1,154,948	1,165,970	1,103,667
Theater Defense Forces	163,376	208,141	208,141	257,355	178,670	170,907
Force Related Training/						
Special Activities	1,668,711	1,186,444	1,186,444	1,160,699	1,271,154	1,214,931
Force Communications	51,201	61,496	61,496	58,445	73,584	56,348
JCS Exercises	47,451	66,412	66,412	66,432	54,467	54,519
se Support - Land Forces	3,274,178	3,197,534	3,127,984	3,175,400	3,582,306	3,547,927
Depot Maintenance 695,37	695,374	1,037,338	1,168,638	1,156,754	861,426	861,546
Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-15,920	0	0
10.DLA/MSC Rebate	0	0	0	-25,000	0	0
Total	8,038,730	8,719,136	8,887,436	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change	Change	Change
	FY 1995/FY 1995	FY 1995/FY 1996	<u>FY 1996/FY 1997</u>
Baseline Funding	8,719,136	8,775,366	9,069,646
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	168,300	0	0
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-196,773	0	0
Price Change	15,920	178,385	267,648
Functional Transfer	84,684	-33,810	-6,553
Program Changes	-15,901	149,705	-604,171
Current Estimate	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

\$ -196,773	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)
-27,709	h. General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund (FY 1995 Joint Appropriation Act)
-12,050	g. Information Technology (General Reduction)
-31,172	f. Contractor and Consulting Services \$
7,841	e. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$
-135,019	d. Civilian Personnel Understrength \$
7,907	c. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise)
-48	b. GSA Rental Payments
-6,523	a. Classified Programs \$
868	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.
\$ 8,887,436	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)
\$ 168,300	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
\$ 8,719,136	FY 1995 President's Budget Request

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

\$ appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to congress and once approved, funding will be restored.

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

- \$ 120,000 a. Real Property Maintenance Transfer......... Transfers funding from Operation and Maintenance, Defense-wide Appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army (OMA) appropriation. This funding was provided to offset repair backlogs engendered by general reductions to the Services' operation and maintenance accounts.
- 1,000 is made necessary by the increase in the expense/investment threshold from \$25K to \$50K, allowing OMA funds to be used to purchase items having an investment unit cost of \$50K or less. Ď,

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

1,264	10,000	25,400	363
a. Fort Ritchie	b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Presidio of San Francisco (PSF) Infrastructure Improvements)	c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (RETROEUR)	d. Base Operations Support for Defense Information School (DINFOS) Consolidation
10	*	J	.0

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

(Continued):
П
Transfers
Appropriation
Intra

ď	e. Marshall Center Base Operations Transfer \$	6,501
;	This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
	appropriation reflects the realignment of funds to the major Army	
	Command responsible for maintenance of the Marshall Center under	
	the base operations support account.	

S

164,528

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

- Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Hamilton AFB Cleanup).... \$ adjustment to support the cleanup of hazardous waste contamination Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of the Congressional at Hamilton Air Force Base.
- Israel).....\$ adjustment. This funding realignment aids the establishment of Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Helicopter Training, appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional the heavy mechanized helicopter training program in Israel.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out (Continued):

r)	5. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares)
	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance. Army
	appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional
	adjustment.

-1,500	
d. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Wildhorses Roundup, White Sands Missile Range)	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional adjustment.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

(Continued):
Out
Transfers
Appropriation
Intra

				·	-79,844
					v
-314	-3,769	-6,249	-1,569	-3,495	•
f. Fort Campbell	g. Fort Meade	h. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	i. Realignment of Congressioal Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and Administrative Overhead	j. Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing (UPH) Support \$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to facilitate the management of resources to support UPH construction and renovation projects. This realignment consolidates operation and maintenance of base support funding associated with furnishing UPH.	Total Transfers Out
44	סי	E	· ri	רוי	

Total Functional Program Transfers....... \$

84,684

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increase:

8,775,366	998,1775,366	FY 1995 Current Estimate
-15,920	٠ • • • •	Total Program Decrease
	-15,920	Civilian Pay Offset
		Program Decrease:
19	<i>S</i>	Total Program Increase
		^
	19	rough meanignment in Support of Mission Requirements \$

19

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

178,385

	Total Price Growth	S
Function	Functional Program Transfers:	
Inter Ap	Inter Appropriation Transfers In:	
rd	a. Finance and Accounting Services at Fort Belvoir	40
Ġ	b. Installation Telephone Support	36
ប័	c. Base Support For Defense Commissary Agency	6,669

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In (Continued):

Ġ.	d. Consolidated Personnel Property Office - Atlanta (CPPSO-Atlanta) s	120
	Transfers resources from the U.S. Navy to the U.S. Army in the	1
	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. The Army has been	
	designated as the host service for the CPPSO.	

\$ 6,600					
e. Expense/Investment Criteria Policy Change	Transfers funding from Other Procurement, Army appropriation	to Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This action	is made necessary by the increase in the expense/investment	threshold from \$25K to \$50K, allowing OMA funds to be used to	purchase items having an investment unit cost of \$50% or less.

unting	\$	in the	ligns funding	e for paying	
Finance and Acco	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	to the U.S. Army	priation. This	ervice responsibl	q
f. Military District of Washington (MDW) Finance and Accounting	Office (FAC) Relimburgable Customer	Transfers from the U.S. Air Force to the U.S. Army in the	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This aligns funding	associated with the proper military Service responsible for paying	for this finance and accounting service
tary District of	TICE (FAU) RETURN	Transfers from the	ation and Mainter	ciated with the p	this finance and
f. Mili	5	,	Oper	2880	for

35

26

g. Medical Plans and Operations Functionss	Transfers resources from the Defense Health Program appropriation	to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This realign-	ment of resources reflects the transfer of funds required to perform	medical plans and operations functions.
Medical Plans	Transfers re	to the Operati	ment of resour	medical plans
ģ.				

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

(Continued):
H
Transfers
Appropriation
Inter

h. U.S. Army, Pacific (USARPAC) Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) Bill)

Intra Appropriation Transfer In:

	a. Contractor Logistics Support (CLS) Transfer \$	6,084
-	Transfers funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
ap	appropriation to consolidate all contract dollars in support of	
ţ	training devices/simulators. These contracts pay for contractor	
ដ	logistics support of all devices/simulators across the Army.	

44,956 Total Transfers In...... \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

๙	a. Operational Support Airlift Command (OSAC)	-45,861
á	b. U.S. Army Reserve Civilian Personnel Office Consolidation \$ Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve appropriation. This transfer will consolidate Army Reserve civilian personnel services (previously provided by Military District of Washington (MDW), Fort Meade, MD) at the U.S. Army Reserve Command, Fort McCoy, WI.	-729
ů	Telecommunications Chargeback	-45
.	d. Flying Hour Fund (OMA to USSOCOM)	-276
ů	Transfers funding from the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to Department of Defense Dependents Education (DoDDE). This action transfers responsibility for Department of Defense Schools (DoDDS) postage from the Army to DoDDS.	-200

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out (Continued):

-40	-289	-346	-2,302
v.	ဟ	w	w
f. Air Reconnaissance Low (ARL)	g. Joint Planning Exercise Activity (JPEA)	Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to the Navy (Personal Property Shipments Office). In accordance with the Base Closure and Realignment Act, Public Law 100-526, dated 24 October 1988, this realignment of resources (both manpower and funding) is required to implement the transfer of functional responsibility for procurement and transportation, storage and related services for both inbound and outbound personal property shipments of Army and Air Force personnel in the State of Illinois from the Army garrison at Fort Sheridan to the Great Lakes Naval Training Center.	i. U.S. Army Reserve Command (USARC)
	J .		~~

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out

-28,545					
a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization	Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian personnel functions that do not require face-to-face interaction	between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10	regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be located within the Continental United States (CONIS). I in Europe.	1 in Korea, and 1 in Hawaii. While the local major, army commanders will retain regnonsibility for the overgon contain the contains	centers will be placed under the operational control of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs).

-133	
b. Base Operations Support at Fort Belvoir	appropriation. One of the major Army commands is relocating from leased facilities in the National Capitol Region into Army-owned facilities on Fort Belvoir, Virginia. This realignment of funds provides this command the resources to pay base support costs at Fort Belvoir.

	w
, 766	ogram Transfers\$
-78	
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:	:
:	fers
991/81- \$	rans
:	am T
	rogr
no s	al P
Total Transfers Out	Total Functional Progr
Tran	Func
tal	tal
JC	Io

-33,810

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- S a. Aviation Restructure Initiative (FY 1995 Base: at an increased OPTEMPO cost.
- 99,525 ጭ Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, \$2,147,491)..... This increase returns the Army to the levels necessary to sustain and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life physical plant, particularly power projection installations. Base Operations Support (FY 1995 Base: ď.
- 24,600 of Panama; turnover of installations to Panama; and consolidation incremental requirements for relocation of U.S. Forces out of U.S. Forces onto fewer, more secure installations in Panama. ပ

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

3. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

- and State laws including those for storm water programs; non-point source pollution controls; and compliance with Executive Order 12856 funding is needed to ensure compliance with standards set by Federal and remedial actions; personnel training; environmental assessments of all installations to identify operating deficiencies; preservation habitats, and mitigation of training impacts on soil, wildlife, The additional of natural and cultural resources including endangered species Achievement Programs. Funds support corrective procedures and other natural resources; and technical support. Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: for Pollution Prevention.
- 321,281 \$691,404).....\$ electric, and gas systems and water and sewage lines). Included is "Bridging the Gap," an interim Army program to the "Whole Barracks Renewal" program. This funding will improve the quality of life for our soldiers through improved living conditions in our barracks. barracks, and fix failed and failing utility systems (e.g., heating electric. and das systems and water and sewage lines). Included is decreases the backlog of maintenance and repair (BMAR) and improves Increased funding supports barracks repairs which allows the Army Funding further supports an increase for readiness repair projects bridges, and training facilities. Adequate and consistent funding to repair the many non-functioning components of Army's enlisted that impacts Army's infrastructure such as ranges, railroads, e. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: the soldier's quality of life.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

- s properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the VSIP reduction in force (RI $ilde{\mathbf{r}}$) and severance pay costs, along with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary \$4,323)..... Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional f. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: estimate.
- <u>ა</u> commission. The funds provide for necessary expenses incurred which are no longer supported by production in the depot maintenance is on prior year order which are priced to produce less revenue than Additionally, some revenue mission. Production at such depots is limited and much of the work producing, direct labor personnel leave the depots to take jobs in private industry, thereby creating further losses in revenue. This Resources provide for the recovery of permanent revenue losses \$30,000)..... direct funding precludes the remaining depot maintenance customers arising from decisions to close Army depots approved by the BRAC Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Operating Losses from bearing the cost of closing these activities. needed to cover current years expenses. (FY 1995 Base: <u>.</u>
- Nunn-Warner Restoral.....\$ drawdown in Korea, resources to support both Phase I and Phase II of the withdrawal plan were deducted from the command budget. Phase II Restores funds previously withdrawn in anticipation of Nunn-Warner provides the additional resources required to support the present Based on the Nunn-Warner plan for a time-phased troop of the troop reduction has been postponed indefinitely. This mission in Korea. 'n.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

36,650			
10.	operations support to a level commensurate with actual execution and	OPTEMPO funding. Ranges are vital to training and are, therefore,	an integral platform for the execution of OPTEMPO.

<pre>J. Simulations (FI 1995 Base: \$48,824)</pre>
•

1. Traditional Commander-in-Chief (CINC) Programs \$	20,000
Funding increases by \$20 million to support CINC efforts to	
promote regional security arrangements and other U.S. National	
Security goals.	

9,185			
m. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 \$	This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more	compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996.	

Total Program Increases.......

649,764

•

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-12,700						
Burdensharing	The budget is reduced in anticipation of increased host nation	contributions toward the cost of stationing U.S. forces overseas.	Contributions from Korea and Japan will offset the cost of foreign	national labor, utilities, maintenance/storage of War Reserves,	Vehicle Maintenance, Line Haul Transportation and Communication	Cables.

\$ -32,742					H	
b. Credit Rate Chandes \$ -32,742	Decrease required to compensate for change in Army Credit Return	Policy. Supply Management, Army will increase the average credit	return from \$.49/\$1.00 in FY 1995 to \$.51/\$1.00 in FY 1996 for all	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation retail customer	creditable returns. The credit rate change is primarily due to lower	wholesale level repair costs in FY 1996.

G. Depot Maintenance \$ -148,934	While the depot maintenance end item program decreases from	FY 1995 to FY 1996, the program still meets the Congressional	mandate to fund depot maintenance at least at 80 percent of	requirements. While the program decrease occur across all	commodities, the majority of the reductions will occur within the	aircraft and combat vehicles commodities.
7			-	_	Ŭ	

Budget Activity: <u>Operating Forces</u> Activity Group: <u>Land Forces</u>

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

- -28,923 ß Decrease reflects a Congressionally mandated civilian underheadquarters downsizing initiatives such as the implementation of a Department of Defense directive to reduce workyears contribute In addition, other overall management d. Headquarters Support..... strength reduction. to this decrease.
- \$25,924)....\$ between Army commands and supported CINCs concerning reducing scope of Army participation in JCS exercises to meet these budget Army funding for JCS exercises is based on CINC requirement and cost estimates submitted by Army commands and activities. Due to affordability, Army funding in support of JCS exercises has been Coordination is ongoing Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) Exercises (FY 1995 Base: reduced to 80 percent of requirements. constraints. ů
- The Army will continue to transition from a foward stationed force to a versatile projection force. The Army's force is being reduced end of FY 1997, the active force structure assigned to Land Forces is projected to decrease by 38,252 military spaces from FY 1994 overall to reflect a current structure of 10 divisions as well as levels of 346,450. These initiatives to reduce force structure the continuation of troop withdrawals previously programmed. result in decreased funding for Land Forces. Force Structure....... 4

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

\$ -80,101				M								
g. Retro Europe (RETROEUR) (FY 1995 Base: \$61,234)	has been reduced as the Army is completing the major portion of	rolling stocks and ammunition. This program was escapization to retrograde approximately 524,000 short tons of ammunition. This	program was established to retrograde approximately 12,000 pieces	the Army troop reductions in Europe. In FY 1996, we will retrograde	34 aircraft and 30,000 short tons of other Class VII items	(containers). The Army has completed retrograding 524,000 short	tons of ammunition and approximately 12,000 pieces of Class VII end	items processed during FY 1995. The equipment being retrograded is	in varying states of repair and is required to be maintained and	repaired for distribution to the Active and Reserve Components.	The maintenance and repair being performed in Continental United	States (CONUS) is planned for completion by FY 1998.
٠.												

Total Program Decreases..... \$ -500,059

FY 1996 Budget Request...... \$ 9,069,646

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

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į	١	1

Total Price Growth \$	\$ 267,648
Functional Program Transfers:	
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:	
Civilian Personnel Regionalization	
Total Transfer Out \$ -6,553	
Total Functional Program Transfers \$	6,553

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- Base Operations Support (FY 1996 Base: \$2,397,774)........... \$
 This increase returns the Army to the levels necessary to sustain Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the physical plant, particularly power projection installations. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness.
- 23,973 Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1996 Base: \$22,157)......... \$ increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with VSIP estimate. ۵.

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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

- S to guiding principles; promoting decision making at the lowest possible level; ending unnecessary regulatory requirements; fostering a more effective process to listen to its customers; line managers, tive contracting approaches; recommending acquisition methods that reflect information technology's short life cycle; and developing government procurement officers, and vendors who do business with the procurement process by shifting from rigid procurement rules emphasis on choosing "best value" products; facilitating innovacompetitiveness and commercial practices; shifting to a new the government.
- -53,790 Realignment and Closure (BRAC) (FY 1996 Base: \$53,790)..... \$
 Resources provided for the recovery of permanent revenue losses is the last year in which costs are anticipated to arise from prior arising from decisions to close Army depots approved by the BRAC commission. The funds cover expenses incurred which are no longer FY 1996 supported by production in the depot maintenance mission. b. Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) (FY 1996 Base: year BRAC depot closures.
- -15,365s Burdensharing..... Contributions from Korea and Japan will offset the cost of foreign contributions toward the cost of stationing U.S. forces overseas. The budget is reduced in anticipation of increased host nation Vehicle Maintenance, Line Haul Transportation and Communication national labor, utilities, maintenance/storage of War Reserves, ů

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

-1,900		
d. Depot Maintenance \$	The decrease is the net result of many small increases and	decreases occurring against may individual systems.

ů	e. Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$260,516) \$ -30,465	
	The decrease in funding reflects completion of projects for solid	
	waste management, air emission inventories, mitigation of leaking	
	underground storage tanks, and corrective actions at water and	
	wastewater treatment facilities.	

g Force Structure\$ -218,738	The Army will continue to transition from a forward stationed	force to a versatile projection force. The Army's force is being	reduced overall to reflect a current structure of 10 divisions as	well as the continuation of troop withdrawals previously programmed.	By the end of FY 1997, the active force structure assigned to Land	Forces is projected to decrease by 38,252 military spaces from	FY 1994 levels of 346,450. These initiatives to reduce force	structure result in decreased funding for Land Forces.
t	ת							

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

-5,768			
h. Headquarters Support \$ Decrease reflects a Congressionally mandated civilian under-	beadquarters downsizing initiatives such as the implementation of	a Department of Defense directive to reduce workyears contribute	מינודה מפכדפסם.

-1,278	•						
i. Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) Exercises	Army runding for JCS exercises is based on CINC requirement and	cost estimates submitted by Army commands and activities. Due to	allordability, Army funding in support of JCS exercises has been	reduced to 80 percent of requirements. Coordination is ongoing	between Army commands and supported CINCs concerning reducing acone	of Army participation in JCS exercises to meet these budget	constraints.

Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

		-640,108	8,726,570
		w	w
k. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1996 Base: \$924,315) \$ -99,828 This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.	1. Title XI (Army National Guard Combat Readiness Reform Act of 1992). \$ -42,900 This decrease is attributed to the one-year only funding provided for Congressionally directed, full time Active Component support to train the Reserve Component. FY 1997 funding for this initiative is not available within current Army resources.	Total Program Decreases\$ -640,108	FY 1997 Budget Request \$ 8,726,570
			Y 19
			ĺΞų

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

FY 1997	30 25 11 11 11 15 9	2085 0 60 1622 287	34 364 16 593 221
FY 1996	30 11 11 11 15 3	2085 0 60 1622 287	76 366 19 600 221 454
FY 1995	32 1 26 11 11 11 15 3	2205 0 60 1838 451	137 378 162 598 221 623
FY 1994	33 1 11 11 11 15 3	2251 0 60 1838 451	189 411 195 600 221 739
A. Maneuver Battallons/Squadrons (Div/Non-Div)	Armor Standard Infantry Mechanized Infantry Airborne Infantry Light Infantry Air Assault Infantry 3rd Infantry Squadrons Light Cavalry Squadrons Light Cavalry Squadrons Special Forces Battalions Ranger Battalions	B. <u>Maneuver Pacing Items</u> MIA1 M60 M551 M2 M3	AH1 AH64 UH1 UH60 CH47 OH58

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

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Combat Support	Field Artillery Battalions 56 105MM Towed 135MM SP 24 155MM Towed 5 MLRS 125MM Towed 5	Engineers Battalions (All Types)	Air Defense Battalions (All Types)	Aviation Assault Battalions MDM Helicopter Battalions (CM 47) ATK Battalions (AHGU) (AH1)	Military Intelligence Battalions (All Types)	Military Police Battalions	Chemical Battalions	Dattellong
							-	m
FY 1995	52 22 11 1	40	24	33 7 20 2	31	10	m	46
FY 1996	51 21 21 12 0	39	22	28 7 2 17 1	29	10	m	44
FY 1997	51 21 21 12 0	39	22	27 7 2 16 1	29	10	9	44

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Ď.	Combat Support Pacing Items	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
	105MM T	240	222	222	222
	ISSMM SP	809	552	528	528
	155MM T	144	120	120	120
	MLRS	360	351	360	360
	NI 8	48	24	0	0
	W88	682	640	655	682
	PATRIOT	44	44	44	44
	AVENGER	348	498	518	518
	ACE	337	361	361	361
ы	GROUND OPTEMPO	527	800	800	800
면 •	AIR OPTEMPO	13.5	14.5	14.5	14.5

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

						Estimate FY 1994	ate 94	Estimate FY 1995	Est	Estimate FY 1996	Estimat FY 1997	Estimate F <u>Y 1997</u>
G. SUBSISTE	SUBSISTENCE IN KIND	Q										
(1) Average	Enlisted	Stren	Average Enlisted Strength (\$ in 000	(000		470,790	06	436,696	411	411,046	403,852	852
(2) Subsist	Subsistence in Messes	esses										
	Number	Estima Daily Rate	Estimated FY 1994 Daily Annual Rate Rate	4 Dollar Amount	Number	Estima Daily Rate	Estimated FY 1995 Daily Annual Rate Rate	5 Dollar Amount	Number	Estima Daily Rate	Estimated FY 1996 Daily Annual Rate Rate	6 Dollar Amount
CONUS Army Others	60,271 1,206	4.44	1,620.60 1,620.60	97,675 1,954	54,416 1,171	4. 60	1,679.00	91,364 1,966	50,944 1,143	4.75	1,738.50 1,738.50	88,566 1,987
OVERSEAS Army Others	19,927	4.93	1,799.45	35,858 283	17,547	5.09	1,857.85 1,857.85	32,600 286	17,244	5.26	1,925.16 1,925.16	33,197 291
TOTAL	81,561			135,770	73,288			126,216	69,482			124,041
	Est Number	Estimated Daily er Rate	FY 1997 Annual Rate	Dollar Amount	e.							
CONUS Army Others	49,900 1,136	4. 88	1,781.20 1,781.20	88,882 2,023								
OVERSEAS Army Others	17,094 150	5.40	1,971.00	33,692 296								
TOTAL	68,280			124,893								

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

G. SUBSISTENCE IN KIND (CONTINUED):

(3) Operational Rations

	色	Estimated FY	FY 1994	Esti	Estimated FY 1995	995	Est	Estimated FY 1996	1996
	Number	Cost	Amount	Number	Cost	Amount	Number	Cost	Amount
Meal-Ready to Eat Tray Packs Other	1,141,100 14,847	66.78 1,995.02	76,203 29,620 2,698	1,614,374 13,956	68.65 2,050.88	110,827 28,622 2,610	1,147,450 13,398	70.71	81,136 28,302 2,578
TOTAL			108,521			142,059			112,016
	Estim Number	Estimated FY 1997 Unit ber Cost	7 Dollar Amount						
Meal-Ready to Eat Tray Packs Other	1,089,500 72.83 13,264 2,175.77	72.83	79,348 28,859 2,629						
TOTAL			110,836						

MRE's - Package of 12, Tray Packs - pallet of 432 Meals

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

G. SUBSISTENCE IN KIND (CONTINUED):

(4) Augumentation Rations/Other Programs*

Estimated FY 1996	Dollar	Amount	16,437
Estimated FY 1995	Dollar	Amount	16,742
Estimated FY 1994	Dollar	Amount	17,293

Estimated FY 1997

Dollar Amount

16,775

* Includes supplemental rations, special exercises/operations, contract messes, box lunch meals, KATUSA Rations/Kits, New Food Items, Allied Nations support, and special issue.

Estimated FY 1996 Dollar <u>Amount</u>	252,494		
Estimated FY 1995 Dollar <u>Amount</u>	285,017		
Estimated FY 1994 Dollar <u>Amount</u>	261,584	Estimated FY 1997 Dollar <u>Amount</u>	252,504
Bsti	TOTAL DIRECT OBLIGATIONS	Esti	TOTAL DIRECT OBLIGATIONS

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES

		1	,			
	DUKATTON	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	REMARKS
UCOM Scheduled						
ABLE ALLY	1 Week	0	6	ω	ហ	•
AFRICAN EAGLE	2 Weeks	0	0	0	242	ı —
JUNIPER FALCONRY	2 Weeks	0	105	0	0	ļ
ARDENT GROUND	2 Weeks	86	0	150	75	-
FLINTLOCK	Series	0	11	13	14	l
EXPRESS NORTH	4 Weeks	155	0	155	185	
EXPRESS SOUTH	4 Weeks	347	0	130	0	-
SHARED ENDEAVOR 95,97	2 Weeks	0	257	0	255	1
SHADOW CANYON	2 Weeks	0	20	35	164	
LAND/AIRCENT	2 Weeks	0	125	100	100	
NATO-CMX	1 Week	0	35	30	30	
FORTY-EIGHT HOURS	1 Week	108	90	75	115	
CENTRAL ENTERPRISE	4 Weeks	7	10	10	10	
BATTLE GRIFFIN 96	4 Weeks	0	0	373	0	
ATLAS GATE	4 Weeks	0	09	30	75	
ATLAS DROP	2 Weeks	0	205	196	250	
ATLAS HINGE	1 Week	0	210	275	256	
ASCENDANT SHIELD	Series	0	181	190	185	
CENTRAL HARMONY	2 Weeks	10	0	159	154	-
MEDFLAG	Series	10	30	30	30	ŧ
DYNAMIC GUARD/MIX	2 Weeks	139	2,099	2,065	2,140	+
DYNAMIC IMPACT/ACTION	2 Weeks	992	39	245	•	·
DYNAMIC HOPE	2 Weeks	0	2	7	7	-
PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE	Series	0	650	200	200	
TRAIL BLAZER	2 Weeks	0	75	75	75	
ELLIPSE BRAVO	4 Weeks	38	35	35	30	
SILVER EAGLE	Series	2	16	6	9	
ATLANTIC RESOLVE/REFORGER EUCOM TOTAL	BER 8 Weeks	$\frac{9,622}{11,526}$	$\frac{10,973}{15,237}$	9,450	7,576 12,697	ਜ

^{1 -} CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES (Continued):

	DURATION	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	REMARKS
ENTCOM Scheduled EARNEST LEADER 96	4 Weeks	0	0 !	50	33	н.
IMMENSE DRIVE Inspired Cambit	2 Weeks 4 Weeks	თ ლ ტ	175	160 0	50 150	-
INNER PASSAGE 96	3 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
EASTERN CASTLE	12 Weeks	705	009	529	465	
EASTERN EAGLE 95,97	2 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
NOBLE PIPER 95,97	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
SHADOW HAWK 95,97	2 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
FALCON NEST 97	No-Notice	0	0	0	0	
INTERNAL LOOK	2 Weeks	20	29	1,025	705	
BRIGHT STAR 94,96	10 Weeks	6,356	5,813	4,616	4,876	
NATURAL FIRE 96	2 Weeks	160	0	0	0	
EAGER LIGHT	2 Weeks	256	455	40	305	-
EARLY LIGHT 96	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
INFERNO CREEK 96	2 Weeks	0	0	360	0	
EARLY VICTOR	4 Weeks	0	15	16	16	
INSPIRED VENTURE	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
IRON COBRA	4 Weeks	0	20	20	15	
INDIGO DESERT	4 Weeks	0	20	20	339	
INHERENT FURY 95,97	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
IRIS GOLD	Series	0	0	0	0	
ULTIMATE RESOLVE	8 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
INTRINSIC ACTION	8 Weeks	o	0	0	0	
DESERT STAR 95,97	2 Weeks	0	82	0	40	
CENTCOM TOTAL		7,655	7,417	6,836	6,994	

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES (Continued):

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES (Continued):

REMARKS	ਜਜਜ	ਜਜ	
FY 1997	1,165 200 3,211 2,334 3,281 606 11,327	350 208 2,427 0 785 3,774	54,519 54,519
FY 1996	1,128 200 3,230 2,356 3,262 100 11,222	350 171 2,436 0 769 3,730	54,467
FY 1995	2,091 200 3,942 3,546 3,831 160 14,901	350 270 1,583 0 744 2,951	66,428
FY 1994	950 20 20 1,552 1,537 2,610 355 180 8,304	0 151 1,191 705 2,051	47,451
DURATION	Series 2 Weeks 2 Weeks 24 Weeks 24 Weeks 1 Week	No-Notice 4 Weeks 4 Weeks 1 Week 2 Weeks 4 Weeks	ن
	SOUTHCOM Scheduled FUERZAS UNIDAS SERIES ELLIPSE ECHO AHUAS TARA FUERTES CAMINOS/NORTH FUERTES CAMINOS/AMERICA FUERTES DEFENSAS CABANAS SOUTHCOM TOTAL	CJCS Scheduled ELIGIBLE RECEIVER POSITIVE FORCE POSITIVE DEPLOYMENT CERTAIN SUPPORT DNA EXERCISE OTHER TOTAL	PRESIDENT'S BUDGET TOTAL AUTHORIZED TOTAL

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

Note: Many exercises which do not show funding are SOF exercises which are not funded through Operation and Maintenance, Army.

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

COMBAT TRAINING CENTERS	FY 1994	GRET X.F	<u>FY 1996</u>	FY 1997
Minhor of Pitting				
National Training Center (NTC)	11	11	12	
Joint Readiness Training Center (JRTC)	10	10	10	
Combat Maneuver Training Center (CMTC)	15	15	15	
Battle Command Training Program (BCTP) Corps Divisions	10	2 10	3	
<pre>Battalions) (Battalions) (Battalions) (Divisions/Corps)</pre>	33 29 15 10/2	29 29 15 10/2	33 29 15 11/3	•

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Title	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
A. Administration (S000)	187,643	96,672	161,433	187,612
Military E/S	2,916	2,106	1,913	2,844
Civilian Personnel E/S	5,963	5,318	5,035	4,937
Total Personnel E/S	8,879	7,424	6,948	7,781
Number of Bases, Total	167	164	161	161
(CONUS)	41	39	39	39
(OCONUS)	126	125	122	
Population Served, Total E/S	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528	٦,
(Military, E/S)	957,247	957,247	957,247	
(Civilian, E/S)	519,281	519,281	519,281	
B. Retail Supply Operations (\$000)	134,737	126,045	123,369	120,107
Military Personnel E/S	366	278	288	289
Civilian Personnel E/S	5,292	4,702	4,454	4,221
Total Personnel E/S	5,658	4,980	4,742	4,510
C. Bachelor Housing Ops./Furn. (\$000)	40,175	36,789	34,607	34,391
Military E/S	21	12	13	13
Civilian E/S	625	594	443	435
Total Personnel E/S	646	909	456	448
No. of Officer Quarters	16,828	16,548	54	16,548
No. of Enlisted Quarters	328, 753	318,675	318,675	318,675

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

<u>ritle</u>	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
<pre>D. Other Morale, Welfare and Recreation (\$000) Military E/S</pre>	63,975	60,512	73,756	74,841
Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	2,958	2,712	2,665	2,425
Population Served, Total E/S	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528
(Military, E/S)	957,247	957,	957,	6
(Civilian, E/S)	519,281	519,281	519,281	519,281
E. Maintenance of Installation Equipment (\$000)	50,587	43,496	75,420	48,764
Eliticaty E/S		303	290	290
Civilian E/S	1,922	1,813	1,830	1,814
Total Personnel E/S	•	2,116	2,120	2,104
F. Other Base Services (\$000)	132,286	101,940	120,789	115,519
Military E/S	4,130	3,237	2,957	2,955
Civilian E/S	5,749	4,877	4,289	4,265
Total Personnel E/S	9,879	8,114	7,246	7,220
Number of Motor Vehicles, Total	25,136	24,059	24,170	24,036
(Owned)	2	11,819	11,485	7,875
(Leased)	12,294	12,240	12,685	16, 161
G. Other Personnel Support (\$000)	133,429	103,020	110,164	106,905
Military E/S	2,469	1,715	1,648	1,804
Civilian E/S	5,133	3,978	3,709	3,587
r+1	7,	5,693	5,357	5,391
Population Served, Total \mathbb{E}/S	76,	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528
(Military, E/S)	957,247	957,247	957,247	957,247
(Civilian, E/S)	19,	519,281		519,281

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Title	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 <u>Estimate</u>
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
H. Payments to GSA (\$000) Standard Level User charges (\$000) Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) One-Time Reimbursements (\$000) Non-GSA Lease Payments Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) One-Time Reimbursements (\$000)	400 400 77 0 0	726 726 76 0	871 871 76 0 0 0 0	891 891 76 0 0 0
<pre>I. Engineering Support (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Facilities Supported (000 sq ft)</pre>	468,654 120 5,607 5,727 366,916	407,839 97 5,691 5,788 321,184	319,753 92 4,980 5,072 311,604	359,426 92 4,554 4,646 311,604
J. Operation of Utilities (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Electricity (MWH) Heating (MBTU) Water, Plants & Systems (000 gals) Sewage & Waste Systems (000 gals) Air Conditioning and Refrigeration (Ton)	449,265 5 259 264 3,275,663 26,824,747 25,572,192 20,819,507	530,047 4 814 818 3,504,478 27,928,258 27,753,106 22,088,917 255,256	505,391 4 768 772 3,446,942 25,799,235 26,828,437 20,510,197 20,510,197	522,953 448,633 25 812,672 26,842,491 20,522,967

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u>ritle</u>	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
K. Child and Youth Development Programs Number of Child Development Centers (CDC) Number of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes Total Military Child Population	175 3,214	174 3,214	174	174
(Infant to 12 years) Total Required Child Care Spaces Total Spaces CDC, FCC and School Age Percent Spaces in Relation to Required Spaces	264,400	246,700	241,700	239,800
	75,887	75,887	75,887	75,887
	40,065	41,729	43,396	45,268
Number of Youth Facilities Total Military Youth Population (Grades 1 to 12) Number of Youth Served	146 193,700 58,110	193,700 58,110	9/8 146 193,700 58,110	504 146 193,700 58,110

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Title	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE				
A. Administration (RPM) (\$000) *	3,696	4,341	5,794	5,972
Planning and Design Funds	3,696	4,341	5,794	5,972
Civilian E/S	12,284	6,843	5,124	5,026
Total Personnel E/S	12,305	6,858	5,141	5,043
Number of Installations	167	164	161	161
Backlog of Maintenance and Repair	2,408,259	3,187,923	3,724,654	4,094,996
B. Maintenance and Repair	647,705	656,484	886,315	813,123
Utilities	0		0	0
Buildings (KSF)	366,866	321,138	311,559	311,559
Pavements (KSY)	242,886	232,177	232,177	232,177
Land (AC)	4,517,461	4,488,023	4,488,023	4,488,023
Other Facilities (KSF)	50	46	45	45
Railroad Trackage (KLF)	2,392	2,376	2,376	2,376
Recurring Maintenance	462,891	439,453	596,620	514,500
Major Repair	184,814	217,031	289,695	298,623
C. Minor Construction	60,689	34,920	37,701	37,151
Number of Projects	2,304	1,907	2,887	1,936

^{*} MEMO ENTRY -- Dollars included in Maintenance and Repair

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

	Financed Units	FY 1994 ed \$M	994 Deferred Units Si	rred SM	Financed Units	FY	1995 Un	Deferred its SM	Financed Units	FY 1996 sed \$M	6 Deferred Units S	sw SM
DEPOT MAINTENANCE												
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE	2,936	199.4	920	198.1	4,047	331.7	09	42.4	3,044	240.9	388	27.7
Airframes Other	82 2,854	168.4 31.0	268 652	177.5 20.6	129 3,918	284.6 47.1	ស ស	40.2	146 2,898	218.4 22.5	59 329	20.0
COMBAT VEHICLE MAINT	1,182	166.4	1,658	174.3	2,127	344.0	10	19.9	1,541	199.9	188	45.4
Vehicle Overhaul/	1,107	147.1	1,276	161.8	1,508	297.6	70	19.2	1,300	147.4	188	41.3
Other	75	19.3	382	12.5	619	46.4	0	0.7	241	52.5	0	4.1
MISSILE MAINTENANCE	4,503	77.8	4,720	54.0	5,972	105.4	3,054	10.5	4,116	82.0	4,743	30.6
Missiles Other	1,852 2,651	9.5 68.3	559 4,161	21.3	2,182	19.4 86.0	168	2.0 8.5	1,879 2,237	10.9	354 4,389	2.6
OTHER DEPOT MAINT	84,481	251.8	100,308	150.2	45,355	375.3	491	49.2	36,577	338.6	99,415	109.2
Other End Items	84,130	98.7	100,227	107.7	44,202	167.1	491	37.7	33,571	79.9	99,414	81.6
Software Maint	0	105.2	0	25.5	0	125.9	0	5.3	0	159.5	0	11.3
Other	351	47.9	81	17.1	1,153	82.4	0	6.2	3,006	99.2	e-1	16.2
TOTAL		695.4		576.6	н	1,156.5		122.0		861.4		212.7

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY	1997	
	Financed Units \$	ed SM	Deferred Units \$	red SM
DEPOT MAINTENANCE				
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE	3,228	258.6	424	50.1
Airframes Other	147	230.5 28.1	75 349	44. 0 6.1
COMBAT VEHICLE MAINT	1,418	200.1	218	73.9
Vehicle Overhaul/ Repair Other	1,173	147.0 53.1	218 0	53.8
MISSILE MAINTENANCE	6,373	72.3	4,774	67.6
Missiles Other	4,338 2,035	12.7 59.6	377	3.9
OTHER DEPOT MAINT	93,526	330.5	111,459	140.8
Other End Items	89,022	130.1	111,056	85.2
Software Maint	2,000	151.0	0	31.4

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332.5

861.5

TOTAL

24.1

403

49.5

2,504

Other

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	346,450	323,171	307,467	308,198	-15,704	731
Officer	35,557	34,031	31,978	32,330	-2,053	352
Enlisted	310,893	289,140	275,489	275,868	-13,651	379
Civilian End Strength (Total)	69,406	58,190	53,199	50,979	-4,991	-2,220
U.S. Direct Hire	40,282	35,975	35,604	34,109	-371	-1.495
Foreign National Direct Hire	7,919	4,015	3,651	3,648	-364) (T
Total Direct Hire	48,201	39,990	39,255	37,757	-735	-1,498
Foreign National Indirect Hire	21,205	18,200	13,944	13,222	-4,256	-722
Military Workyears (Total)	356,310	334,811	315,319	307,833	-19,492	-7.487
Officer	36,825	34,794	33,005	32,154	-1,790	-851
Enlisted	319,485	300,017	282,315	275,679	-17,702	-6,636
Civilian Workyears (Total)	63,970	58,156	56,121	51,797	-2,035	-4.324
U.S. Direct Hire	38,291	36,248	36,209	34,604	68-1	-1,605
Foreign National Direct Hire	6,016	3,862	3,744	3,651	-118	£6-1
Total Direct Hire	44,307	40,110	39,953	38,255	-157	-1.698
Foreign National Indirect Hire	19,663	18,046	16,168	13,542	-1,878	-2,626

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

doctrine, operationally and organizationally sound fighting force that has the flexibility to meet any assigned mission. The Land Operations Support Activity Group provides the United States Army the foundation to adapt warfighting concepts, organizations and supporting materials to changing world political and security scenarios. This activity group provides the operating forces the capability to maintain a modern,

This activity group also provides for operations of the senior warfighting commands where the Army, in component role, is designated the administrative agent.

Operating expenses financed in this activity group include pay of civilian personnel, consumable supplies, purchased services, travel and transportation of personnel, as well as other normal operating expenses. The Land Operations Support Activity Group consists of three sub-activities that can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation. Land Operations Support sub-activities are:

systems. The cost driver for this sub-activity group are measured in the number of tests planned or conducted. COMBAT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES - Provides for the planning, development, testing, appraisal, and validation of new warfighting doctrines, organizations and supporting materials for the Army's Operating Forces. Additionally, provides resources for operation and maintenance associated with the fielding of modernized

UNIFIED COMMANDS - Provides for the operation of three unified command headquarters, United States European Command (USEUCOM), United States Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM), and Army Management Headquarters, Pacific Command (PACOM). The Army has been designated administrative agent for USSOUTHCOM and USEUCOM, therefore, is for only the active Army support of the headquarters. The cost driver for this sub-activity is the number of military and civilian personnel supported. responsible for the day-to-day operational costs of the unified command. For PACOM, the Army is responsible

II. Force Structure Summary:

supports United States Army European Command (USEUCOM), United States Army Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM), and This activity group provides for activities supporting experimentation, tests, projects, and evaluations necessary to develop and/or validate new doctrine, materiel and organization for the Army. In addition, it the Army element of Pacific Command (PACOM) headquarters.

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Operations Support

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Reguest</u>	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Combat Developments	246,886	222,405	222,405	235,219	214,364	209,033
2. Unified Commands	139,301	74,246	74,246	56,017	36,937	36,065
3. Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-1,143	o	0
4. DLA/MSC Rebate	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	386,187	296,651	296,651	290,093	251,301	245,098

B. Reconciliation Summary:

Change FY 1996/FY 1997	251,301 0 0 7,112 0 -13,315 245,098	
Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1996</u>	290,093 0 0 7,850 12,887 -33,755 251,301	
Change FY 1995/FY 1995	296,641 0 -7,921 1,143 -13,154 13,374 290,093	
	Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed) Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate	

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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request	\$ 2	296,651
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	v 3	0
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	\$	296,651
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	u	
GSA Rental Payments\$	9-	
b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise \$	413	
c. Civilian Personnel Understrength \$	-5,723	
Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$	395	
Contractor and Consulting Services\$	-2,364	
Information Technology (General Reduction) \$	-636	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		-7,921

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

C#T/T &	Federal employees	nadequate funding was	ecessary to temporarily	st will be provided to	tored.
CIVILIAN Fay Adjustinent	Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees	nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was	appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily	offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to	Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored.

Total Price Growth..... \$

1,143

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

-259		
a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM Headquarters and Administrative Overhead) \$	Realigns funding within Operation and Maintenance, Army appro-	priation to enable the execution of this Congressional adjustment.

-12,895				
b. Marshall Center Base Operations Transfer \$	This transfer of funding within Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation reflects the realignment of funds to the major Army	command responsible for maintenance of the Marshall Center under	the Base Operations Support account.

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Total Transfers Out	al Progr
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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

	14,517			-1,143	290,093
Program Increase: Program Realignments in Support of Mission Requirements\$ 14,517 Realigns resources within the Operation and Maintenance, Army Realigns resources within the Operation and expected budget appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase to support FORCE XXI Technology and Advanced Warfighting Exercises.	Total Program Increase\$	Program Decrease:	Civilian Pay Offset	Total Program Decrease\$	FY 1995 Current Estimate\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth\$	7,850
Functional Program Transfers:	
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:	
 a. Non-System Training Devices	
 b. U.S. Sending State (USSSO), Rome, Italy, to U.S. European Command \$ 300 Transfers \$300K in each year (FY 1996-FY 2001) from the Navy to the Army (USEUCOM). This funding realignment supports the functional transfer of USSSO, Rome, Italy, to EUCOM. There is no manpower associated with this transfer. 	
Total Transfers In \$ 12,400	
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:	
Air Reconnaisance Low (ARL)	

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Total Transfer Out......

-12,887

\$

-25,287

\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the	
Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$365)	VSIP estimate.

ع	b. Traditional Commander-in-Chief (CINC) Programs \$ 10,000	000,
}	Funding increases by \$10 million to support CINC efforts to	
	promote regional security arrangements and other U.S. National	
	Security goals.	

376	
c. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$103,766) \$ This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workdayin FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260	compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996.

11,554

Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands): III.

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases: ပ

Program Decreases:

a. Combat Development (FY 1995 Base: \$156,419)	 b. Headquarters Support (FY 1995 Base: \$22,094)	Total Program Decrease	FY 1996 Budget Request
			FΥ

-45,309 251,301

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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth \$	7,112
Program Increase:	
Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$1,629)	
Total Program Increase\$	1,933

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

d	a. Force Modernization (FY 1996 Base: \$96,940) \$ -12,861	; -12,861
	Completion of fielding requirements, affordability, and force	
	structure reductions will lead to decreased requirements for	
	fielding in FY 1997 of new or modernized equipment into the active	
	force inventory. This program decrease reflects decreased funding	
	levels for CSS Life Line, Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV), Apache	
	Attack Helicopter, Combat service Support Control System (CSSCS),	
	Standard Theater Army Command and Control System (STACCS), Patriot,	
	other OPTEMPO-related equipment, and Other Non-Intensively Managed	
	equipment.	

Ď.	b. Headquarters Support (FY 1996 Base: \$15,850) \$ -2,387	-2,387
	Decrease reflects a Congressionally mandated civilian under-	
	strength reduction. In addition, other overall management	
	headquarters downsizing initiatives such as the implementation of	
	a Department of Defense directive to reduce workyears contribute	
	לי היוד כד	

-15,248	245,098
S.	w
Total Program Decreases\$	FY 1997 Budget Request \$

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces Activity Group: Land Operations Support

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Number of Tests Conducted, Planned or Estimated

FY 1997	10	15
FY 1996	ထ တ	17
FY 1995	11 12	23
	11 0	21
	U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command Operational Test and Evaluation Agency	TOTAL

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Operations Support

Summary:
Personnel
۷.

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	3,423	3,693	3,794	3,635	101	-159
Officer	1,781	2,166	2,096	2,090	-70	9-
Enlisted	1,642	1,527	1,698	1,545	171	-153
Civilian End Strength (Total)	2,586	2,030	2,047	1,954	17	-93
U.S. Direct Hire	2,565	1,948	1,965	1,872	17	-93
Foreign National Direct Hire	10	13	13	13	0	0
Total Direct Hire	2,575	1,961	1,978	1,885	17	-93
Foreign National Indirect Hire	11	69	69	69	0	0
Military Workyears (Total)	3,670	3,558	3,744	3,715	186	-29
Officer	1,918	1,974	2,131	2,293	158	138
Enlisted	1,753	1,585	1,613	1,622	28	6
Civilian Workyears (Total)	2,441	2,181	2,034	1,998	-147	-36
U.S. Direct Hire	2,420	2,093	1,952	1,916	-141	-36
Foreign National Direct Hire	7	17	13	13	-4	0
Total Direct Hire	2,427	2,110	1,965	1,929	-145	-36
Foreign National Indirect Hire	14	71	69	69	7	0

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Mobilization

I. Description of Operations Financed:

forward presence, the prepositioning of equipment required for wartime operations and the rapid deployment of The Mobilization Budget Activity affords the United States Army the ability to maintain a viable deterrence and an adequate defense of the nation's vital interests. As defined in the National Military Strategy, the foundation of the new, regionally oriented, defense strategy includes forward presence, crisis response and force reconstitution. As the Army transitions from a more regionally focused force to a Continental United States (CONUS) based force, the Mobilization Budget Activity forms an important component CONUS based forces are major components of the Army's crisis response capability. Also, as the active force This budget activity displays those costs as mobilization requirements as opposed to operating forces costs. It is important to note that these is reduced in size to retain only the capabilities required to meet the immediate and most probable threats, the cost of maintaining a support base for mobilization purposes rises. This budget activity displays those of this nation's defense strategy. With less reliance on forward deployed forces, and more on a visible are fixed costs related to infrastructure the Army owns for mobilization purposes.

immediate and most probable regional threats, and retaining a force reconstitution and sustainment capability presence in the form of prepositioned equipment, maintaining a rapid crisis response capability to the most This funding will allow the Army to protect the nation's security interests by demonstrating forward to provide the National Command Authority an option to expand and mobilize to meet wartime requirements. will be accomplished by the following sub-activities:

STRATEGIC MOBILITY: The capability to immediately deploy and sustain a five division corps with its associated force structure to any emergency crisis worldwide. WAR RESERVE: An adequate inventory of immediately available supplies and equipment, stationed both afloat and on land, to sustain the operating forces for lengths of time and levels of conflict outlined in the National Military Strategy and The Army Plan. Includes prepositioning afloat the equivalent of a heavy combat brigade INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS: An industrial and installation support base capable of mobilizing on short notice to meet the nation's defense requirements in high intensity and/or long duration conflicts.

combat unit equipment sets to immediately deploy operating forces to the locations required by the National Military PREPOSITIONED MATERIEL CONFIGURED TO UNIT SETS (POMCUS): An adequate number of fully ready, prepositioned

II. Force Structure Summary:

Contingency Corps anywhere in the world. Strategy calls for building and maintaining the capability to deploy and sustain a tailorable corps of up to five divisions. The lead brigade is required to be on the ground in theater within 4 days of deployment notification, lead division within 12 days, two armored/mechanized divisions within 30 days, and the full corps support within 75 days. In addition, the Army must maintain the capability to deploy a second corps to a second regional contingency during deployment of the initial corps. This budget activity supports the National Strategy for the deployment and sustainment of a five division

III. Financial Summary (0&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995		•	
	FY 1994	Budget		Current	FY 1996	FY 1997
	Actuals	Request	Appropriation	Estimate	Request	Request
A. Activity Group:						
Mobility Operations	457,219	571,392	571,392	583,783	096,760	604,667
Total	457,219	571,392	571,392	583,783	696,760	604,667
B. Reconciliation Summary:	7 7 96	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FV 1995/FV 1996	9	Change FV 1996/FV 1997	7001
	1	00011100	17/0001 17	0001	11/0/21	1001
Baseline Funding		571,392	2	583,783	•	096,760
Congressional Adj (Distributed)			0	0		0
Congressional Adj (Undistributed	d)	-5,909	6	0		0
Price Change		94	4	48,662		14,635
Functional Transfer		44,350	0	0		0
Program Changes		-26,144	4	64,315	7	-106,728
Current Estimate		583,783	က	696,760	•	604,667

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Budget Activity: Mobilization

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request\$ 571,392
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed):
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed):
a. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise)
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)
FY 1995 Price Growth:
Civilian Pay Adjustments\$
Functional Program Transfers:
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares)\$ 45,350
Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (MTMC Pricing)\$ -1,000
Total Functional Program Transfers 44,350

Budget Activity: Mobilization

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases: ບ່ III.

Decreases:
Program
1995
FY

000 107-
Total Program Decreases\$ -26,144
FY 1995 Current Estimate\$ 583,783
Price Growth:
Total Price Growth\$ 48,662
Program Increases:
 a. One More Compensable Workday (FY 1995 Base: \$14,301)\$ b. Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1995 Base: \$196,874)\$ c. Mobilization and Surge Capacity (1995 Base: \$77,275)\$ 53,484
Total Program Increases\$ 167,367
Program Decreases:
a. War Reserve Repair Parts (FY 1995 Base: \$45,350)
e: \$116,949)
Total Program Decreases\$-103,052
FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 696,760
Price Growth:

Total Price Growth......\$ 14,635

Budget Activity: Mobilization

....\$-178,578 FY 1997 Budget Request......\$ 604,667 Total Program Increases......\$ Total Program Decreases....... -4,782 -22,989 -16,680 -134,127 47,423 3,827 20,600 Mobilization and Surge Capability (FY 1996 Base: \$133,077).....\$ Logistics Over The Shore (FY 1996 Base: \$26,219).....\$ \$18,026)....\$ \$328,804)...\$ ŝ Total Transfers In...... a. War Reserve (Non-Ammo) South West Asia (SWA) Prepo Facilities \$00 Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades (FY 1996 Base: Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1996 Base: Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): Increases and Decreases Defense Standardization (FY 1996 Base: Intra Appropriation Transfers In: Reconciliation: Program Increases: Program Decreases: မော် ပ ö III.

20,600

Budget Activity: Mobilization

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: There currently are no developed performance criteria for this Budget Activity.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	215 58 157	210 54 156	143 55 88	143 55 88	-67 1 -68	000
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	1523 211 230 441 1082	663 200 82 571 381	624 153 82 235 389	625 154 82 236 389	- 39 - 47 - 289 - 336 297	01010
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	108 29 79	213 56 157	177 55 122	143 55 88	-36 2 -35	- 34 - 34
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	1937 253 247 500 1437	929 176 184 360 569	641 177 82 401 382	622 153 82 235 387	-288 1 40 41 -329	-19 -24 -142 -166

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Mobility Operations Activity Group consists of four subactivity groups that represent distinct and important facets of Mobility Operations and Mobilization. STRATEGIC MOBILITY: Provides funding for Strategic Mobility improvements to enhance the movement of equipment and supplies in the Continental United States and expand the afloat prepositioning program. Also provides for deployment training initiatives, upgraded deployment outload facilities, container procurement, and Cost drivers are the number of vehicles and short tons of ammunition maintenance of prepositioned equipment. Cost drivers are the number of vehicles a maintained and the number of prepositioned ships maintained to support war plans. WAR RESERVE: Provides funding for manpower, materiel handling and other supply support equipment, necessary The cost driver facilities and associated costs specifically required to store and handle war reserve materials. for this subactivity group is measured in terms of short tons of materiel stored and maintained.

materials priority and allocations, Production Base Support Program (PBSP), Layaway of Industrial Facilities (LIF) projects, annual plant inspections, and manufacturing technology testing projects. Also, provides for the direct funding of the maintenance of Army-owned equipment and facilities that are not utilized in a peacetime capacity but required for mobilization. At this time, funding is limited to the Army facilities that are part of the Depot Maintenance Business Activity of the Defense Business Operations Fund (DBOF). However, the future intent is to include all the funding required to retain excess, unutilized or underutilized capacity in the Mobilization Budget Activity to include those portions of active Army installations that are no longer required to support a reduced active component force but are required for a mobilization base. The cost driver for this subactivity group is INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS: Provides administration/management for the following industrial preparedness ions: planning with private industry and government owned plants, development of defense controlled the square feet of underutilized capacity needed for mobilization. PREPOSITIONED MATERIEL CONFIGURED TO UNIT SETS (POMCUS): Provides funding for the storage, maintenance, and operations and maintenance of facilities to support prepositioned materials for U.S. Army warfighting needs in Cost drivers are the number of unit sets, percentage of fill, and property accountability of Prepositioned Material Configured to Unit Sets, and the construction/leasing, number of humidity controlled warehouses maintained to support war plans. support of the National Military Strategy.

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

Force Structure Summary:

This activity group supports the National Strategy for the deployment and sustainment of a five division Contingency Corps anywhere in the world. Strategy calls for building and maintaining the capability to deploy and sustain a tailorable corps of up to five divisions. The lead brigade is required to be on the ground in theater within 4 days of deployment notification, lead division within 12 days, two armored/mechanized divisions within 30 days, and the full corps support within 75 days. In addition, the Army must maintain the capability to deploy a second corps to a second regional contingency during deployment of the initial corps.

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands): III.

			FY 1995			
ŭ α!	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
A. Subactivity Groups:						
 Strategic Mobilization 	221,540	284,647	284,647	275,588	393,923	247,235
2. War Reserve Activity	27,135	54,718	54,718	99,101	72,166	121,589
3. Industrial Preparedness	100,840	89,728	89,728	89,631	143,841	147,178
4. POMCUS	107,704	142,299	142,299	119,557	86,830	88,665
5. Civilian Pay Offset				-94		
Total	457,219	571,392	571,392	583,783	696,760	604,667
B. Reconciliation Summary:	CJ FY 199	Change 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY	= 1996	Change FY 1996/FY	1997
Baseline Funding Congressional Adj (Distributed) Congressional Adj (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate		571,392 0 -5,909 44,350 -26,144 583,783	92 0 0 94 50 83	583,783 0 0 48,662 0 64,315 696,760	J I	696,760 0 0 14,635 -106,728 604,667

 \sim 1 21 Page BA February 1995

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 Pre	FY 1995 President's Budget Request	\$ 571,	571,392
Congression	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed):		
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	<i>co</i> -	0
FY 1995 App	1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	\$ 571,	1,392
Allocation i incres	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
a. A	Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise)\$	43	
ъ.	Civilian Personnel Understrength $\$$	-2,006	
ν. Σ	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$	164	
ช ช	Contractor and Consulting Services\$	-4,060	
Э	Information Technology (General Reduction)\$	-50	
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	5- \$	5,909
FY 1995 Pri	Price Growth:		
Civilian Con employees funding w to tempor will be p	Civilian Pay Adjustments	φ.	94

February 1995 Page BA 21 - 3

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares)\$	45,350
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional	
adjustment.	

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (MTMC Pricing)\$ -1	-1,000
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to enable the full execution of this congressional	
adjustment.	

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44,350

-94

FY 1995 Program Decreases:

a. Civilian Pay Offset\$	Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal	employees nationwide (average increase of 1.07%). Because inadequate	funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary	to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request	will be provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be	
a. Civilian Pay Offse	Congress author:	employees nationwide	funding was appropria	to temporarily offset	will be provided to Co	restored.

February 1995 Page BA 21 - 4

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

		FY 1995 Current Estimate
	:	:
0	:	
-26,050	:	:
	:	:
\$ lent i and of olled	:	
us) sets sets sets ontro vehi lec led e and	:	•
(POMC USAGE LGAGE LGAGE LOMENTE POMCU LZ7 C The S will whee e typenents	:	
Realignment	Total Program Decreases	•
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Prepositioning Realignment Program decr m six brigade s division base e/facility clos ipment will eve idity warehouse equipment will essary, when ir red in a motor icles, etc.). icles together or costs involv	otal	int E
Pr didiipm idiidiich eess eess icliclich	Н	Curre
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		FY 1

Program Increases:

Price Growth:

48,662

102

\$ 583,783

\$ -26,144

a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$14,301).\$ This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1995 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996. Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

- Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1995 Base: \$196,874)....\$ This portion prepositioned for use in a national emergency. This funding increase maintenance on the equipment when it is transferred to the new ships. national military strategy that builds and maintains the capability to deploy a five division Contingency Corps with its associated supports the transfer of stocks from seven interim Roll-On/Roll-Off With the addition of the Large Medium Speed RO/RO ships, the total of the program funds the lease and maintenance of ships from the number of ships leased will decrease to twelve by the end of the These resources support the Army's participation in the (RO/RO) ships to five new Large Medium Speed RO/RO ships and Military Sealift Command (MSC) on which materiel has been support structure anywhere in the world within 75 days. . Д
- 53,484 c. Mobilization and Surge Capacity (1995 Base: \$77,275).....\$ these maintenance activities. The increase represents the full cost of maintaining this maintenance capability within the Army's depots costs were formerly paid through the rates charged to customers of Resources support the Army's mobilization and surge capacity within the Army's depot and arsenal maintenance activities. and arsenals.

Total Program Increases......

February 1995 Page BA 21 - 6

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

- War Reserve Repair Parts (FY 1995 Base: \$45,350)......... plus up to purchase repair parts for designated war reserve materiel This program decrease is a result of the FY 1995 Congressional
- -26,369 b. Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades (FY 1995 Base: \$41,701).....\$ Because of affordability, a decision was made to reduce funding FY 1999-2001 timeframe. Current funding will support only additional contingency force. These requirements have been reinstated in the repair in support of the Army Strategic Mobility Program (ASMP). procurement of containers and a minimal level of infrastructure infrastructure at key installations, depots and ports for the in FY 1996 to support repairs and upgrades of deployment
- -44,680 Realignment (FY 1995 Base: \$116,949)......\$ Program decrease accelerates the reduction of POMCUS equipment equipment will eventually be put into seven sites with 127 controlled humidity warehouses (vice 16 sites and 240 warehouses). The vehicles from six brigade sets and two division bases to four brigade sets and one division base prepositioned in Central Europe. As a result of necessary, when inside storage is required, the vehicles will be stored in a motor pool configuration (grouped by tanks, wheeled Prepositioning of Materiel Configured to Unit Sets (POMCUS) base/facility closures in Europe, the Central European POMCUS and equipment will be stored by brigade sets at the sites. ບ່

vehicles together will decrease the maintenance requirements and

labor costs involved in POMCUS upkeep.]

vehicles, etc.). The inside storage and parking of like type

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases

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d. Planning with Industry (FY 1995 Base: \$11,705)\$ -1,872 Program decrease is driven by affordability. It reduces the	number of sector studies (i.e., ammunition, tracked vehicles, chemical and biological, etc.) implemented as a result of acquisition reform. These studies compare the industrial base against critical warfighting needs. Analyses normally combine likely scenarios, war reserve status, data on investment levels from commercial, DOD, foreign military sales and direct sales. The analyses generate minimum investment levels and the number of core producers needed to meet surge/sustainment needs.	
d. Planning wi Program d	number of secto chemical and bi reform. These warfighting nee reserve status, foreign militar minimum investm	

Total Program Decreases\$-103,052
FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 696,760
Price Growth:
Total Price Growth\$ 14,635
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:
Defense Standardization (FY 1996 Base: \$0)
Total Transfers In\$ 20,600

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Activity Group: Mobility Operations Budget Activity: Mobilization

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

Increases and Decreases Reconciliation:

Program Increases:

Program increase will support sector studies (i.e., ammunition, minimum investment levels and the number of core producers needed to fighting needs. Analyses normally combine likely scenarios, war reserve status, data on investment levels from commercial, DOD, tracked vehicles, chemical and biological, etc.) on acquisition The analyses generate reform that analyzes the industrial base against critical war foreign military sales and direct sales. meet surge/sustainment needs. Total Program Increases.........................\$

Program Decreases:

- from FY 1996. The amount remaining still represents the full cost of sustaining this maintenance capability within the Army. \$133,077)....\$ within the Army's depot and arsenal maintenance activities. These costs were formerly paid through the rates charged to customers of these maintenance activities. There is a slight program decrease Resources support the Army's mobilization and surge capacity a. Mobilization and Surge Capability (FY 1996 Base:
- \$26,219).....\$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997. Logistics Over The Shore (FY 1996 Base:

σ ł Page BA 21 February 1995

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

- C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases
- -16,680 \$18,026)....\$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997 Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades (FY 1996 Base: ບໍ
- -134,127 Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1996 Base: \$328,804)....\$ heavy lift ship to support the Theater Opening Force Module (TOFM) is This portion of the program funds the lease and maintenance of ships being added to this program in FY 1997 (total of 13 ships by the end prepositioned for use in a national emergency. While one additional having major changes in the mix of ships being utilized during the fiscal year or funding the cost of transferring equipment from one from the Military Sealift Command (MSC) on which materiel has been associated support structure anywhere in the world within 75 days. of the fiscal year), overall funding decreases. The decrease is primarily associated with just leasing (12 of 13) ships and not capability to deploy a five division contingency corps with its These resources support the Army's participation in the national military strategy that builds and will maintain the type of ship to another.

Total Program Decreases......\$-178,578

FY 1997 Budget Request......\$ 604,667

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Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: There currently are no developed performance criteria for this Activity Group.

V. <u>Personnel Summary</u> :	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	215 58 157	210 54 156	143 55 88	143 55 88	-67 1 -68	0 0 0
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	1523 211 230 441 1082	663 200 82 571 381	624 153 82 235 389	625 154 82 236 389	-39 -47 -289 -336 297	0 11 10
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	108 29 79	213 56 157	177 55 122	143 55 88	-36 2 -35	-34 1 -34
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	1937 253 247 500 1437	929 176 184 360 569	641 177 82 401 382	622 153 82 235 387	-288 1 40 41 -329	-19 -24 -142 -166

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting

I. Description of Operations Financed:

selected training, and training support activities. This budget request includes the total cost of operating and maintaining Accession Training; Basic Skill and Advanced Training; and Recruiting, and Other The Training and Recruiting Budget Activity of the Operations and Maintenance, Army Budget attracts, recruits and produces a force trained to mobilize, deploy, fight and win anywhere in the world. Funds requested in this Budget Activity finance the day-to-day operations of institutional training, other selected training, and training support activities. This budget request includes the total cost of Training and Education.

Army installations; Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps (SROTC) scholarship program; recruiting, advertising, and recruit examining activities at the U.S. Military Entrance Processing Command (USMEPCOM) for which Army is Executive Agent; civilian and off-duty military education; Junior ROTC operations; and Military Academy; the Army's Military Academy Preparatory School; Army Training Centers; schoolhouses on Training and Recruiting expenses financed in this Budget Activity include the cost of running the the cost of operating and maintaining the training installations.

detailed in Section IV of the individual Budget Activity Group justification material. The Budget Activity by specific cost drivers that correlate the budget request to performance measures, workload, and output that relate to specific outcomes for each subactivity. Cost drivers and specific performance criteria are The Training and Recruiting Budget Activity consists of 8 Activity Groups and 32 subactivities that represent different facets of training and recruiting within the Army. With the exception of the Training Support subactivity of Basic Skill and Advanced Training Activity Group, each subactivity is characterized Groups and subactivities are summarized below:

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

<u>ACCESSION TRAINING</u> - This funding will allow the Army to produce trained soldiers and officers to meet the force structure requirements required by the National Military Strategy. Expected outcomes by subactivity

OFFICER ACQUISITION - A cadre of professionally trained officers capable of providing effective leadership to combat units and support units.

RECRUIT TRAINING - A nucleus of soldiers trained in basic combat skills, disciplined, motivated and prepared for Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) training. ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING - A nucleus of combat soldiers that are fully MOS qualified and immediately available for assignment to combat units around the world. SENIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS (SROTC) - A cadre of professionally trained officers capable of providing effective leadership to combat units and support units in the active or reserve component.

Child Development, and Family SERVICE ACADEMY BASE SUPPORT - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation operations that Subactivities include Base provide the quality environment for a professional academic education. Operations, Base Communications, Audiovisual, Environmental Compliance,

infrastructure at the U.S. Military Academy. Subactivities include Major Repairs and Minor Construction. SERVICE ACADEMY REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

beyond the initial entry level throughout the career development life cycle of its officers, noncommissioned BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING - This funding allows the Army to conduct a continuing education system officers, and civilians in order to produce leaders and supervisors that are tactically and technically Components of the subactivity are summarized below: proficient in state-of-the-art techniques.

requirements of positions in the field Army in the quantity required by the National Military Strategy. SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING - A nucleus of soldiers trained in specific skills that match the skill

FLIGHT TRAINING - A cadre of professionally trained aviators in the quantities and skills required by Army force structure needed for the air component of the combined arms warfighting doctrine. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION - A body of officers, noncommissioned officers, and civilian leaders who maintain up-to-date proficiency in their profession in order to defeat any enemy in battle and provide quality stewardship of a peacetime Army. The Army must maintain adequate numbers of trained, tough, competent leaders capable of quick deployment against future threats requiring rapid expansion of forces.

TRAINING SUPPORT - A quality administrative and logistic infrastructure that fully supports a professional training and education system.

Regiment, IÎI Corps Artillery, 3d Brigade, 24th Infantry Division, 513th Military Intelligence Brigade, 7th Transportation Group, and 75th Rangers Battalion. Subactivities include Base Operations, Base BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING BASE SUPPORT - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation operations that provide the quality environment for professional training/education and to serve as force projection platforms for deployable units located at the installations (e.g., Third Armored Calvary Communications, Audiovisual, Environmental Compliance, Child Development, and Family Centers. BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation infrastructure at the U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) to support institutional training and serve as force projection platforms. Subactivities include Major Repairs and Minor

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

civilians into the Army in the quantity necessary to support the National Military Strategy. Also included are funds to allow for the continuing education of our soldiers and civilians in civilian institutions and the introduction of military values into secondary schools in order to provide leadership instruction and RECRUITING AND OTHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION - This funding allows the Army to attract and recruit quality Components of the subactivity are summarized below: encourage patriotism.

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING - A nucleus of citizens, interested in the tradition and values of the Army, and qualified to be inducted into the Army in the quantity dictated by the National Military Strategy.

EXAMINING - A nucleus of recruited candidates for the Armed Forces that meet the mental and physical demands of military service in the quantities dictated by the National Military Strategy.

OFF DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION - A nucleus of highly educated military leaders who enhance their personal and professional skills via job related civilian education and thereby increase their job performance and leadership skills.

CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING - A nucleus of highly trained civilian leaders in the quantity and skills needed to provide professional stewardship of the peacetime Army. JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS (JROTC) - A nucleus of well rounded, well educated secondary school students, inculcated with military values, and trained to become responsible citizens.

professional environment to meet American citizens who are interested in joining the Armed Forces, and that provide adequate facilities for entrance processing. Subactivities include Base Operations, Base RECRUITING AND OTHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION BASE SUPPORT - This funding provides leased facilities for Communications, and Audiovisual.

II. Force Structure Summary:

Training provides resources for the operation and maintenance of 6 Army Training Centers, 30 Army schools and colleges. This budget activity also supports 3 Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC) regional headquarters serving Senior ROTC detachments located on college and university campuses throughout the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The Training program also supports Army unique training provided to members of other Services; Department of Defense (DOD) and other Federal Agencies; selected local, state and national governments; and members of the armed forces of other nations.

(MEPS). The recruiting stations and MEPS are geographically argument corps (JROTC) supports 1,400 units States, Hawaii, Alaska and Puerto Rico. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) supports 1,400 units The Army, Recruiting and Other Training and Education supports approximately 1,400 recruiting stations. The Arr as DOD Executive Agent for examining, supports 65 company-sized Military Entrance Processing Stations (MEPS). The recruiting stations and MEPS are geographically dispersed throughout the Continental United in FY 1995 at various high schools.

The training institutions for which this budget program provides operation and maintenance funds are:

U.S. Army Training Centers

Fort Jackson, SC Fort Knox, KY Fort McClellan, AL Fort Sill, OK Fort Leonard Wood, MO

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

U.S. Army Schools and Colleges

Adjutant General School	
Air Defense Center and School	
Armor Center and School	
Army Logistics Management CollegeFort Lee, VA	
Army Management Engineering CollegeRock Island, IL	
Army Management Staff College	
Army War CollegeCarlisle Barracks, PA	
Aviation Center and School	
Chaplain Center and School	
Chemical School	
Command and General Staff CollegeFort Leavenworth, KS	
Engineer Center and SchoolFort Leonard Wood, MO	
Engineering and Housing Support CenterFort Belvoir, VA	
Finance SchoolFort Jackson, SC	
Infantry Center and SchoolFort Benning, GA	
Intelligence Center and SchoolFort Huachuca, AZ	
Intern Training Center	
Judge Advocate General School	
Military Police School	
Missile and Munitions Center and School	
Ordnance Center and School	д, Ю

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

Lee, VA Benning, GA	Bliss, TX	Jackson, SC	Eustis, VA	Point, NY	Monmouth, NJ
Quartermaster School	ergeants	Soldier Support Institute	U.S. Army Transportation and Aviation Logistics SchoolsFort Eustis, VA	U.S. Military Academywest Point, NY	U.S. Military Academy Preparatory SchoolFort Monmouth, NJ

Department of Defense/Joint Services Schools and Colleges

rey, CA	ington, DC	ington, DC	ington, DC
Army Defense Ammunition Center and School	School of Military Fackaging Technology	National War College	Information Resources Management College
Army Defense Ammunition Center and SchoolSavannah, IL Defense Language Institute/Foreign Language CenterPresidio of M	Fort	HORT	Fort Fort
nter			
School	отоды	Forces	College
on Center and tute/Foreign	kaging recon rsity	f the Armed	s Management al Strategic
se Ammunitio nguage Insti	efense Unive	war college al College o	ion Resource e for Nation
Army Defen Defense La	School of National D	National Industri	Informat Institut

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
Ä	A. Activity Groups:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Request</u>	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
	1. Accession Training	291,955	304,032	301,332	305,970	314,798	329,964
	2. Basic Skill & Advanced Training	1,812,706	2,042,800	2,008,200	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705
	3. Recruiting & Other Training & Education	637,812	649,187	677,987	664,064	691,154	710,760
	Total	2,742,473	2,996,019	2,987,519	2,964,457	3,066,095	3,143,429

B. Reconciliation Summary:

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

a. GSA Rental Payments	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed):	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	FY 1995 President's Budget Request \$ 2,996,019
•	y Raise \$ h \$ lian Separation Incentive) \$	(Undistributed): sy Raise	Undistributed): Raise	### stributed	Distributed)\$2,9 (Undistributed): **The control of the cont

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

13,370									7,656
13,370	20,000	9,000 67	\$ 29,067	- 2 2 5 1	-363	-5,111	-3/3 -8,000 -4,211	\$ -21,411	\$\frac{1}{2}
Civilian Pay Adjustments\$ Total Price Growth	kear roperty Maintenance Transfer	a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Helicopter Training, Israel	Total Transfers In	Intra Appropriation Transfers Out	Base Operations Support for Defense Information School (DINFOS) Consolidation)	stment - Base Commo Infrastructure stment - Pentagon/MACOM HQ, and	e. Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing (UPH) Furnishings \$ f. Base Operations Realignment	Total Transfers Out	Total Functional Program Transfers

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increase:

73,236			\$ -75,843	\$ 2,964,457
Command Realignments	Program Decreases:	a. Civilian Pay Offset	Total Program Decreases \$	FY 1995 Current Estimate \$ 2

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth	<i>y</i> ,	81,439
Functional Program Transfers:		
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:		
a. Warrant Officer Candidate School Support	115 1,224	
Total Transfers In	\$ 1,339	
Inter Appropriation Transfer Out:		
Department of Defense Polygraph Institute (DODPI) Defense Inventigative Service (DIS)\$ -1,600	009	
Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:		
a. Civilian Personnel Office Regionalization	890 084	
Total Transfers Out	\$ -9,574	
Total Functional Program Transfers		-8,235

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

		\$ 136,278		\$ -107,844	\$ 3,066,095
4,934 2,601	900 90 90 90 90	2,428		-6,002 -4,128 -2,397 -3,941 -9,000 -29,915 -13,083 -20,492 -11,108 -21,7 -356 -7,205	
a. One More Compensable Workday	Recruit and One Station Unit Training. Environmental Compliance Base Operations Real Property Maintenance	h. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Expansion	Program Decreases:	a. Reserve Officer Training Corps Operations. b. Real Property Maintenance	FY 1996 Budget Request

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:	
Total Price Growth \$	86,111
Functional Program Transfer:	
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:	
Civilian Personnel Regionalization \$ -4,258	
Total Transfer Out \$ -4,258	
Total Functional Program Transfer\$	-4,258
Program Increases:	
a. United States Military Academy Civilianization \$ 1,953	
b. Recruit Training and One Station Unit Training; 2,600	
c. Reserve Officer Training Corps	
\$ 14,	
Real Property Maintenance/Minor Construction \$	
f. Specialized Skill Training	
\$	
h. Examining \$ 490	
i. Recruiter Support	
Total Program Increases	34,401

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

a. Training Support	ram Decreases \$ -38,920	t \$ 3,143,429
a. Training Support	Total Program Decreases	FY 1997 Budget Request

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary appears at the budget activity level.

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V. Personnel Summary:					CHANGE	CHANGE
	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1995/FY 1996	FY 1996/FY 1997
Acting Wiliters End Strength (Hotel)	46.123	45,320	41,571	41,557	-3,749	-14
ACLIVE MILITARY DING CLEVINGS: 12000	7,551	8,217	7,739	7,728	-478	-11
Cilicer Enlisted	38,572	37,103	33,832	33,829	-3,271	- 3
Similar Bad of records / (Cotal)	27.981	26.980	25,460	23,770	-1,520	-1,690
II o Direct Hire	27,923	26,929	25,410	23,720	-1,519	-1,690
monoiam Notional Direct Hire	17	10	10	10	0	0
FOLELGII NACLOIMAL DILGOO IILLO Botal Direct Hire	27,940	26,939	25,420	23,730	-1,519	-1,690
Foreign National Indirect Hire	41	41	40	40	7	0
(E+0H)	47.464	45.722	43.446	41,564	-2,276	-1,882
MILITARY WOLKYEALS (LOCAL)	7,678	7.884	7,978	7,734	94	-245
Ollicer Enlisted	39,786	37,838	35,468	33,831	-2,370	-1,637
(POT)	27.104	26.477	26,023	24,528	-454	-1,495
TI S Direct Hire	27,053	26,421	25,973	24,478	-448	-1,495
Bossian National Direct Hire	14	. 10	10	10	0	0
FOLGISH MACIONAL DIECOC HIEC	27,067	26,431	25,983	24,488	-448	-1,495
Foreign National Indirect Hire	37	46	40	40	9	0

I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Accession Training Activity Group consists of six subactivities that represent initial training to provide the Army with qualified officer and enlisted personnel. Each subactivity can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary. OFFICER ACQUISITION - The funds for the U.S. Military Academy support the resident instruction programs, administration, civilian personnel pay and allowances, cadet support, school preparation of training aids, and training literature. Other costs included are temporary duty (travel and per diem), cadet field trips, general supplies and equipment, contractual services, Army research, library and museum support, and sales stores. Cost drivers are the number of graduates.

The funds for the U.S. Military Academy Preparatory School support the civilian personnel pay and allowances, supplies and equipment, resident instruction programs, transportation (TDY), and contractual Cost drivers are the number of graduates. services.

The funds for the Officer Candidate School support the general supplies and equipment, contractual services, and organizational clothing issued to each candidate, whether on active or reserve duty. C drivers are the number of officers commissioned. RECRUIT TRAINING - The funds support the civilian pay and benefits, trainee processing at reception stations, trainee support, resident instruction, local preparation of training aids and training literature, procurement of supplies and equipment, and contractual services. Also included are temporary duty (travel and per diem) for staff and faculty and organizational clothing and equipment issued for use Cost drivers are the number of recruits trained. during the training period. ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING - The funds support the civilian pay and benefits, trainee support, resident instruction, local preparation of training aids and training literature, procurement of supplies equipment, and contractual services. Also included are temporary duty (travel and per diem) for and faculty and organizational clothing and equipment issued for use during the training period. drivers are the number of trainees Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) qualified.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

and training, scholarships for selected students, summer camp operations, and the operation of Senior ROTC and the purchase of organizational clothing and equipment, textbooks, reference publication, and supplies. Scholarship funds provide for tuition costs, academic texts, laboratory fees, and other related academic expenses for the students who are awarded or continue on scholarship each year. Cost drivers are number regional headquarters and Headquarters, Cadet Command. On-campus support requires funds for civilian pay SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS (ROIC) - The funds provide for support of on-campus operations and allowances; temporary duty (travel and per diem); miscellaneous contractual support; transportation; of Senior ROTC students enrolled and number of scholarships awarded.

BASE SUPPORT - Provides funding support for installation supply, maintenance of installation equipment, transportation services, laundry and dry cleaning services, dining facilities, personnel support, unaccompanied personnel housing furnishings, automated data processing, community and morale support, communications and visual information services at the U.S. Military Academy (West Point) and Stewart Army Subpost. Cost drivers are the size of the installations in terms of military and civilian population and preservation of order, resource management, training and mobilization, contracting support, security and engineering support, management of the Army's Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Program (ECCPPP), Army Community Services, Child Development Services, Youth Services, base counter-intelligence operation, records management and publications, operation of utilities systems, energy consumption.

railroads, grounds and utility systems repair projects, and the erection, installation or assembly of a new real property facility when the project costs between \$15,000 and \$300,000. Cost drivers are square feet of facilities and number of projects. REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - Provides funding for maintenance and repair of buildings, structures, roads,

II. Force Structure Summary:

Officer Acquisition provides for the operation and support of the United States Military Academy (USMA), located at West Point, NY; the United States Military Academy Preparatory School (USMAPS), located at Fort Monmouth, NJ; and the Officer Candidate School (OCS), located at Fort Benning, GA.

Recruit Training is an 8-week introductory and combat survival skill training course given to enlisted personnel at Army Training Centers located at Fort Jackson, SC; Fort Knox, KY; Fort Sill, OK; and Fort Leonard Wood, MO.

One Station Unit Training is a 12-17 week combined Recruit Training/Initial Skill Training given to enlisted personnel located at Fort Benning, GA; Fort McClellan, AL; Fort Knox, KY; Fort Sill, OK; and Fort Leonard Wood, MO.

Reserve Officer Training Corps Cadet Command accomplishes its mission through the Cadet Command Headquarters, 3 ROTC regional headquarters, 275 ROTC Battalions, 59 extension centers and 800+ cross-enrolled college campuses. The Base Support program supports installation operations at the U.S. Military Academy (West Point) and Stewart Army Subpost.

The Real Property Maintenance program supports minor construction and maintenance of facilities at the U.S. Military Academy (West Point) and Stewart Army Subpost.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

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			FY 1995			
Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Officer Acquisition	51,115	51,184	51,184	54,564	58,328	61,885
 Recruit Training One Station Unit Training Possession Officer Training 	10,308	12,173 16,733	16,733	10,273 15,532	11,228	12,352 19,091
Corps 5. Base Support	108,706	108,642	108,642	111,367	109,789	113,513
6. Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-1,339	0	0
Total	291,955	304,032	301,332	305,970	314,798	329,964

B. Reconciliation Summary:

Change <u>FY 1996/FY 1997</u>	314,798 0 0 8,860 -352 6,658 329,964
Change FY 1995/FY 1996	305,970 0 0 7,175 1,674 -21 314,798
Change FY 1995/FY 1995	304,032 -2,700 285 1,339 -122 3,136 305,970
	Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed) Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request	S	304,032
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	S	-2,700
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	S	301,332
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
a. GSA Rental Payments\$	6-	
b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise\$ 684	84	
c. Civilian Personnel Understrength 5 -193	93	
d. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$ 353	53	
e. Information Technology (General Reduction)\$ -550	20	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	**	285

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

1,339	w			-122	\$ -122	٠.		8,362
Civilian Pay Adjustment	Total Price Growth	Functional Program Transfers:	Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:	Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	Total Transfer Out	Total Functional Program Transfer	Program Increase:	Command Realignments

-122

1,339

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8,362

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

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Civilian Pay Offset	Command Realignments	-	17.1
a. Civilian Pay Offset	b. Command Realignments		บี
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			FY 1995 Current Estimate
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-5,226

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth \$
Functional Program Transfer:
Intra Appropriation Transfer In:
Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Automation
Total Transfer In\$ 1,674
Total Functional Program Transfer \$

1,674

7,175

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

S \$139,883).. This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base:

559

- S the Army. This civilianization will be implemented over several years. There is a reduction of 28 military end strengths and an increase of 25 civilian end strength in FY 1996. this action places military back into the warfighting units of decrease military faculty/staff. Operation and support costs associated with civilianization, above and beyond direct pay required the Academies to increase civilian faculty/staff and and benefits, include funding for advertising, recruitment, travel, and permanent change of station (PCS). Additionally, b. Civilianization of Faculty at the U.S. Military Academy (FY 1995 Base:
- Recruit and One Station Unit Training(OSUT) (FY 1995 Base: \$25,619) \$ has grown because of an increased accession mission from 70 thousand 625 loads from FY 1995 to FY 1996. The training load requirement Recruit Training workload requirement increases by 1,193 loads. and One Station Unit Training workload requirement increases by in FY 1995 to 85.2 thousand in FY 1996. ς.

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

- The additional funding is needed to identify operating deficiencies; preservation of natural and cultural These resources provide for management and technical support of the Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Programs at United States Military Academy (USMA) installations. including those for storm water programs; non-paint source pollution Funds support corrective procedures and remedial actions; personnel training; environmental assessments of all USMA installations to \$2,625)..... controls; and compliance with Executive Order 12856 for Pollution ensure compliance with standards set by Federal and State laws d. Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: resources and technical support. Prevention.
- The increased funding for these programs will physical plant, particularly power projection installations. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness. Care Center programs. ø

Total Program Increases.....

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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

\$ -6,002				
a. Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) (FY 1995 Base: \$111,013) \$	Cadet Command restructure for FY 1996 includes the closure of	18 units and proposes elimination of one of three Regional	Headquarters and one Summer Camp location. Expect further	efficiencies based on automation restructuring.
.				

-4,128				
b. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: \$45,753) \$ -4,128	This program reduction is the result of an increase of \$1.6 million	for minor construction projects that address health, safety, and	environmental compliance deficiences offset by a reduction of	\$5.7 million in real property maintenance major repairs funding.

-10,130	314,798
Total Program Decreases \$	FY 1996 Budget Request

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth\$	8,860
Functional Program Transfer:	
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out	
Civilian Personnel Regionalization	
Total Transfer Out \$ -352	
Total Functional Program Transfer\$	-352

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- S the Army. This civilianization will be implemented over several years. There is a reduction of 16 military end strengths and this action places military back into the warfighting units of required the Academies to increase civilian faculty/staff and decrease military faculty/staff. Operation and support costs Additionally, associated with civilianization, above and beyond direct pay and benefits, include funding for advertising, recruitment, a. Civilianization of Faculty at the U.S. Military Academy an increase of 13 civilian end strengths in FY 1997. travel, and permanent change of station (PCS). (FY 1996 Base:
- S b. Recruit and One Station Unit Training(OSUT) (FY 1996 Base: \$28,236) Recruit Training workload requirement increases by 1,254 loads. and One Station Unit Training workload requirement increases by 914 loads. The training load requirement has grown because of an increased accession mission from 85.2 thousand in FY 1996 to 96.3 thousand in FY 1997.
- c. Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) (FY 1996 Base: \$109,789).... \$ inflation factor applied to funding for ROTC scholarships has been less than 3% per year. However, college tuition costs have risen anywhere from 14% (average 6.6%) in the public schools to 28% (average 8.6%) and higher at private institutions over the same Cadet Command experiences fuition inflation significantly above the standard Army inflation rate. Over the past 5 years, the Increase will help offset higher tuition costs.

618

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

:
(Continued)
Increases
Program

,	d. Base Operations (FY 1996 Base: \$70,912)	05
	This increase returns the Army to the levels necessary to sustain	
	and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the	
	physical plant, particularly power projection installations.	
	Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life	
	(QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child	
	Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will	
	improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families,	
	and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness.	
o.	e. Real Property Maintenance-Major Repairs (FY 1996 Base: \$42,917) \$ 1,054	54
	This increase will fund revitalization real property and utility	
	systems that are beyond their design life and address health, safety.	

•	የ ን	1,054
	This increase will fund revitalization real property and utility	
	systems that are beyond their design life and address health, safety,	
	and environmental compliance deficiencies.	

Total Program Increases	Total Program Increases\$	s.	7,130
Program Decrease:			
Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$4,616)	\$4,616) \$ -472		

-472			
Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$4,616) \$	Reduction reflects completion of projects for solid waste management	and remediation of leaking underground storage tanks required by the	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

-472	329,964
Total Program Decrease	FY 1997 Budget Request\$

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The following categories are outputs and performance measures for the Accession Training Subactivity. OFFICER ACQUISITION

		FY 1994	7		FY 1995	95	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	
Academy Academy Prep School	1,065 284 521	1,053 180 443	4,066 198 132	1,035 218 599	1,014 170 450	3,883 162 147	
Total	1,870	1,676	4,396	1,852	1,634	4,192	
		FY 1996	<u>,</u>		FY 1997	76	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	
Academy	927	908	3,756	922	903	3,704	
Academy Prep School	250	180	179	250	180	179	
Officer Candidate School	299	450	147	599	450	147	
Total	1,776	1,538	4,082	1,771	1,533	4,030	

Output is the number of fourth year graduating -- Input is the number of entering first year students. students

Workload is the equivalent of student workyears for four class years for a fifty-week fiscal year !

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

RECRUIT TRAINING

		FY 1994	4		FY 1995	95
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	38,058	33,678	5,509	42,444	38,324	6,368
Army Reserve	14,101	12,391	2,069	15,860	15,587	2,512
Army National Guard	13,546	11,653	1,975	16,638	15,361	2,557
Total	65,705	57,722	9,553	74,942	69,272	11,437
		FY 1996	96		FY 1997	74
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	49,197	45,588	7,494	58,203	52,510	8,770
Army Reserve	16,467	15,350	2,546	18,135	16,404	2,763
Army National Guard	16,642	15,724	2,590	15,110	14,282	2,351
Total	82,306	76,662	12,630	91,448	83,196	13,884
						•

Workload is the equivalent of trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year. ŀ

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING

	-	FY 1994	34		FY 1995	95
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	20,802	19,293	5,574	25,014	22,106	6,376
Army Reserve	2,181	2,241	575	3,489	3,109	789
Army National Guard	8,212	8,711	1,875	9,139	8,377	1,808
Other Services/DOD	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct	31,195	30,245	8,024	37,642	33,592	8,973
Other (Non-US)	73	н	0	20	21	m
Total	31,197	30,246	8,024	37,662	33,613	8,976
		FY 1996	10		FY 1997	7
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	25,524	22,146	6,554	28,588	24,915	7,351
Army Reserve	4,113	3,609	922	4,132	3,835	953
Army National Guard	10,512	9,029	2,122	10,471	9,741	2,208
Other Services/DOD	0	0		0	0	0
Total Direct	40,149	34,784	9,598	43,191	38,491	10,512
Other (Non-US)	18	18	m	18	17	m
Total	40,167	34,802	9,601	43,209	38,508	10,515

One Station Unit Training (OSUT) combines Initial Entry and Skill Training into one course. Workload is the equivalent of trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year. | |

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Senior Reserve Officers Training Corps (SROTC)

5	.175 37.65	627 18,9	,317 8,45	,944 27,41	,421 6,19	,810 4,03	,231 10,23	85 7,99	671 65	44 1,73	415 2,39	376 3,25	,894 2,344	270 5,60	1997	eraqe En	,378 40,53	,611 18	,456 9,56	,067 28,39	,766 7,50	,545 4,63	,311 12,13	,099 10,24	,106 1,08	,147 2,13	,253 3,22	,338 4	,508 2,84	,846 7,02
⊢> ≎	1.065 39	ω	8,988	,985 27	9 608,	,217 4	,080	8 69	651	,716 1	,367 2	,368 3	3,134 2	, 502 6	FY	eqin Av	4,271 42	886 18	0,113 10	9,999 29	, 202	, 070	,272	,313 1	,074 1	, 113	,187	4,327 4	662,	,126
T C		S	8,5	0	1	Z,	7	, 79	,07	, 13	,20	,21	2,374	, 59	į	End	6,0	18,786	0,5	9,2	Q	ď	9	, 92	,04	, 05	60,	4,046	, 78	, 82
FY 1994	7.800	17,571	9,80	,37	,74	, 68	, 42	,87	90,	90,	,17	, 25	2,453	, 70	FY 1996	vera	2,32	18,565	1,63	0,20	, 18	,94	, 12	, 18	90,	, 13	, 19	4,035	, 95	66′
	6	19,528	9,18	,71	, 18	, 16	, 35	96,	,04	60,	, 13	,20	2,622	,82		Begin	4,67	19,841	1,16	1,00	,74	,93	, 67	96′	,02	, 03	,05	4,184	,72	90
	Total SROTC Enrollments	MS I	MS II	Basic Course	MS III	MS IV	Adv Course	Scholarship Students	MS I	MS II	Basic Course	MS III	MS IV	Adv Course			Total SROTC Enrollments	MS I	MS II	Basic Course	WS III	WS IV	Adv Course	Scholarship Students	MS I	WS II	Basic Course	WS III	MS IV	Adv Course

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Senior Reserve Officers Training Corps (SROTC)

	FY	FY 1994 (Estimate	nate)	FY	FY 1995 (Estimate)	imate)
	Begin	Average	End	Begin	Average	End
Non-Scholarship Students	31,105	28,924	28,545	32,196	30,490	29,629
I SW		16,487	17,474	19,346	17,956	18,307
MS II	7,097	7,714	6,399	7,272	7,573	6,717
Basic Course	25,578	24,201	23,873	26,618	25,529	25,024
MS III	2,983	2,490	2,546	3,441	3,045	2,942
WS IV	2,544	2,233	2,126	2,137	1,916	1,693
Adv Course	5,527	4,723	4,672	5,578	4,961	4,635
	₩	FV 1996 (Estimate)	nate)	YA	FY 1997 (Estimate)	imate)
	Begin	Average	End	Begin	Average	End
Non-Scholarship Students	33,711	32,136	30,985	32,958	31,279	30,287
I SW	18,812	17,505	17,745	18,812	17,505	17,745
MS II	9,132	9,502	8,449	8,000	8,309	7,429
Basic Course	27,944	27,007	26,194	26,812	25,814	25,174
MS III	3,558	3,148	3,042	3,875	3,428	3,315
MS IV	2,209	1,981	1,749	2,271	2,037	1,798
Adv Course	5,767	5,129	4,791	6,146	5,465	5,113

Note: May not add due to rounding.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
A. Administration (\$000) Military E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Number of Bases, Total (CONUS) Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)	10,716 71 163 234 2 2 30,769 16,887 13,882	15,533 77 175 252 2 2 30,769 16,887 13,882	18,003 78 181 259 2 30,769 16,887 13,882	18,795 182 259 259 30,769 16,887
B. Retail Supply Operations (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S	4,917 3 129 132	4,049 5 117 122	4,417 3 119 122	4,674 2 119 121
C. Bachelor Housing Ops./Furn. (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S No. of Officer Quarters No. of Enlisted Quarters	168 0 1 1 4,431 2 508	246 0 1 1,4,431 2,508	325 0 1 1,4,431 2,508	333 0 1 1 4,431 2,508

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
	Actuals	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
D. Other Morale, Welfare and Recreation (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S	2,917	2,394 0 60	2,587	2,725
Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)	30,769	30,769	30,769	30,769
	16,887	16,887	16,887	16,887
	13,882	13,882	13,882	13,882
E. Maintenance of Installation Equipment (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	1,302	1,178	1,541	1,574
	0	0	0	0
	8	10	14	13
	8	10	14	13
F. Other Base Services (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Owned) (Leased)	8,124	7,915	8,000	8,287
	131	131	130	130
	46	48	47	47
	177	179	177	177
	435	430	430	425
	0	0	0	625
<pre>G. Other Personnel Support (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)</pre>	4,414	4,593	4,606	4,471
	108	94	94	94
	108	82	82	72
	108	176	176	166
	30,769	30,769	30,769	30,769
	16,887	16,887	16,887	16,887
	13,882	13,882	13,882	13,882

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
H. Other Engineering Support (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Facilities Supported (000 sq ft)	16,369 3 252 255 7,073	16,333 3 269 7,073	15,839 3 269 272 7,073	16,738 3 269 272 7,073
I. Operation of Utilities (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Electricity (MWH) Heating (MBTU) Water, Plants & Systems (000 gals) Sewage & Waste Systems (000 gals) Air Conditioning and Refrigeration (Ton)		9,312 0 48 48 83,949 610,374 1,004,361 706,580 6,155	9,115 0 48 48 84,916 617,406 1,015,933 714,720	9,359 0 48 48 85,060 618,454 1,017,656 715,933
J. Child and Youth Development Programs Number of Child Development Centers (CDC) Number of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes Total Military Child Population (Infant to 12 years) Total Spaces CDC, FCC and School Age Percent Spaces in Relation to Required Spaces Number of Youth Facilities Total Military Youth Population (Grades 1 to 12) Number of Youth Served	3 4,500 1,166 1,166 35.9% 3,300 3,300	3 4,500 1,166 1,166 458 3,300	3 24 4,300 1,166 549 478 3,300	3,300 3,300 3,300

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Title	Actuals	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE				
A. Administration and Support				
Number of A&E Contracts	7	4	ល	· •
Planning and Design Funds (\$000)*	85	198	298	448
Military E/S	34	38	38	38
Civilian E/S	257	219	219	219
Total Personnel E/S	291	257	257	257
Number of Installations	7	7	a	7
Backlog of Maintenance and Repair	5,127	0	0	0
B. Maintenance and Repair	41,133	44,623	40,122	42,360
Buildings (KSF)	6,407	6,407	6,407	6,407
Pavements (KSY)	3,836	3,836	3,836	3,836
Land (AC)	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484
Other Facilities (KSF)	999	999	999	999
Railroad Trackage (KLF)	0	0	0	0
ㅁ	36,796	34,731	29,208	30,866
Major Repair	4,337	9,892	10,914	11,494
C. Minor Construction	2,101	1,130	2,795	2,883
Number of Frojects	671	3	9	9

^{*} MEMO ENTRY -- Dollars included in Maintenance and Repair

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FV 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FV 1996/FV 1997
	1				0000 + + 10000 + + +	1001 11/0001 11
Active Military End Strength (Total)	10,042	9,394	8,893	8,877	-501	-16
Officer	2,361	2,720	2,701	2,685	-19	-16
Enlisted	7,681	6,674	6,192	6,192	-482	0
Civilian End Strength (Total)	3,063	3,096	3,122	3,073	26	-49
U.S. Direct Hire	3,063	3,096	3,122	3,073	26	-49
Foreign National Direct Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Hire	3,063	3,096	3,122	3,073	26	-49
Foreign National Indirect Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Military Workyears (Total)	10,010	9,718	9,144	8,885	-574	-259
Officer	2,365	2,541	2,711	2,693	170	-18
Enlisted	7,645	7,178	6,433	6,192	-745	-241
Civilian Workyears (Total)	2,954	3,068	3,103	3,093	35	-10
U.S. Direct Hire	2,954	3,068	3,103	3,093	35	-10
Foreign National Direct Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Hire	2,954	3,068	3,103	3,093	32	-10
Foreign National Indirect Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Basic Skill and Advanced Training Group consists of six subactivities that provide for the operation of the Army's training centers and schools that conduct training above the entry level and advanced level training. Three of these subactivities can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary.

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING - Funds provide for the Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) and mid-level promotion qualifying courses for officers and enlisted. Costs include civilian pay and benefits, trainee support, resident instruction, local preparation of training aids and training literature, procurement of supplies and equipment, and contractual service. Also included are temporary duty (travel and per diem) for staff and faculty trips and organizational clothing and equipment issued for use during the training period. Cost drivers are the number of students Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) qualified.

The variable costs in Flight Training are costs for aircraft POL, aircraft repair parts, depot level reparable parts, and the operation of the aviation school airfields and airfield equipment. Fixed, semi-fixed, and variable costs are charged to this activity Semi-fixed costs within certain predetermined ranges are not directly influenced by changes in instructor and determined by annual increases and decreases in aviator training workload requirements. Cost drivers are the group. Fixed costs related to minimum staffing levels, equipment and communications support, and contract FLIGHT TRAINING - Costs include those identified in Specialized Skill Training, and also has additional (USAAVNC) remains in operation. maintenance will be incurred as long as the U.S. Army Aviation Center support staffing, equipment, spare parts, and communication levels. number of qualified pilots graduated.

College, Command and General Staff College, the Army Sergeants Major Academy and Department of Defense sponsored schools for which the Army has executive agent responsibility. Also provided are the tuition and fees for the Advanced Civil Schooling program and tuition, fees, and temporary duty (travel and per diem) for Army officers attending foreign military schools. The DOD schools include National Defense University colleges and institutions located at Fort McNair, Washington, DC (National War College, Industrial College of the Armed PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION - The funds provide for the operation and support of the Army War Forces, Information Resources Management College, and Institute for National Strategic Studies). are the number of graduate workyears.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

training programs and materials. It funds the operations of Headquarters, U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) at Fort Monroe, Virginia. It resources all automation training support efforts throughout TRAINING SUPPORT - The funds provide for support costs of the training establishment and development of the various Army and joint schools, including managing course and student schedules and the equipment and software for computer based instruction. It provides Air Traffic Control Management Armywide for Army Aviation, control of aircraft on the ground and in airspace adjacent to the installation, and operation of navigational facilities.

Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Program (ECCPPP), Army Community Services, Child Development Services, Youth Services, base communications and visual information services at the Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) installations to support institutional training and serve as force projection platforms. BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING BASE SUPPORT - Provides funding support for installation post supply, maintenance of installation equipment, transportation services, laundry and dry cleaning services, dining facilities, personnel support, unaccompanied personnel housing furnishings, automated data processing, community and morale support, preservation of order, resource management, training and mobilization, contracting support, security and counter-intelligence operation, records management and publications operation of utilities systems, engineering support, management of the Army's Environmental Compliance, Cost drivers are the size of the installations in terms of military and civilian population and energy

property facility, and the addition or conversion of existing real property facility with projected costs between \$15,000 and \$300,000 at TRADOC installations to support institutional training and force projection REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - Provides funding for maintenance and repair of buildings, structures, roads, railroads, grounds and utility systems repair projects, and the erection, installation or assembly of a new real Cost drivers are square feet of facilities and number of projects. platforms.

II. Force Structure Summary:

Training, as well as Noncommissioned Officer Education System training that includes Basic Level and Advanced Level skills and knowledges. This training is conducted at Army training centers and schools identified at Arms and Services Staff School, Advanced Individual Training for soldiers after completion of Basic Combat Specialized Skill Training provides for the Officer Basic Course, Officer Advanced Course, Combined the Budget Activity level. Flight Training provides operation and support of the Aviation center (USAAVNC) at Fort Rucker, AL where the Army trains pilots on rotary and fixed wing aircraft.

College, Carlisle Barracks, PA; Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, KS; National Defense University's offerings at Fort McNair, Washington DC; and the Army Sergeants Major Academy at Fort Bliss, Professional Development Education provides for leader development institutional training at Army War

Training Support funds the training resources and temporary duty (travel and per diem) expenses for soldiers attending schooling at the Army's training centers and schools and individual training conducted at Active described in the Army's training conducted at Army's training conducted a Reserve Component units.

The Base Support programs supports installation opertions at the TRADOC installations.

The Real Property Maintenance program supports minor construction and maintenance of facilities at the TRADOC installations.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Request</u>	Appropriation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Specialized Skill Training 2. Flight Training 3. Professional Development	205,383 215,227	244,356 258,167	249,356 258,167	241,850 267,282	236,760 218,514	245,518 218,064
Education Education Education 4. Training Support 5. Base Support 6. Civilian Pay Offset 7. DLA Rebate	69,167 393,066 929,863 0	87,296 390,778 1,062,203 0	87,296 384,178 1,029,203 0	87,368 356,115 1,076,783 -9,975	68,981 375,528 1,160,360 0	80,830 374,784 1,183,509 0
Total	1,812,706	2,042,800	2,008,200	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	Change <u>FY 1996/FY 1997</u>
Baseline Funding	2,042,800	1,994,423	2,060,143
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-34,600	0	0
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-30,125	0	0
Price Change	9,975	56,789	57,261
Functional Transfer	9,640	-9,972	-3,906
Program Changes	-3,267	18,903	-10,793
Current Estimate	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

\$ 2,042,800		\$ -34,600	\$ 2,008,200									\$ -30,125
					-39	4,296	-13,636	2,904	-11,135	-3,850	-8,665	
FY 1995 President's Budget Request	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	a. GSA Rental Payments\$	b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise \$	c. Civilian Personnel Understrength \$	d. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$	e. Contractor and Consulting Services\$	f. Information Technology (General Reduction) \$	g. General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund \$	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Civilian Pay Adjustment \$	9,975
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees	
nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was	
appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily	
offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to	
Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored.	

9,975

W

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfer In:

Real Property Maintenance Transfer \$	20,000
Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide	
appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation.	
This funding was provided to offset repair backlogs engendered by	
general reductions to the Services' operation and maintenance accounts.	

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Helicopter Training, Israel). \$ 9,000	000'6
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to enable the execution of the Congressional adjustment.	
This funding realignment aids the establishment of the helicopter	
training program in Israel.	

Total Transfers In...... \$

29,000

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

-3,351	-363	-3,128	-307	-8,000
a. Army Medical Department (AMEDD) Facilities Base Operations \$ -3,351 This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation realigns Army maintenance and repair, utilities, and other engineering services (refuse, entomology, fire service, environmental compliance service, etc.) account funds to the U.S. Army Medical Command (MEDCOM) to maintain and repair medical treatment facilities at non-MEDCOM installations.	b. Base Operations Support for Defense Information School (DINFOS) Consolidation\$ -363 This transfer of resources within Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation properly aligns the resources required to provide base operations support for DINFOS.	c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	 d. Realignment of Congressical Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and Administrative Overhead) Realigns funding within Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional adjustment. 	Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing (UPH) Support \$ -8,000 Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to facilitate the management of resources to support UPH construction and renovation projects. This realignment consolidates operation and maintenance of base support funding associated with furnishing UPH.
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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

(Continued):
Out
Transfers
Appropriation
Intra

	-19,360
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-4,211	•
	•
f. Base Operations Realignment	Total Transfers Out

Total Functional Program Transfers............

9,640

\$

53,402

Total Program Increase....... \$

Program Increase:

Command Realignments \$	53,402
The major reason for the command realignment increase of \$53,402	
and associated decrease of \$40,034 in this account reflects the correct distribution of the Base Oberations support and beal brondatum	
Maintenance account. The FY 1995 President's Budget request for Base	
Operations Support of \$937,745 and Real Property Maintenance of	
\$124,458 were incorrect in the justification book due to an admini-	
strative error. The correct FY 1995 President's Budget request	
distribution for Base Operation Support was \$878,745 and for Real	
Property Maintenance was \$183,458.	

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-9,975

		<i>S</i>
locality pay increases for Federal employees acrease 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was ss to Army's program were necessary to temporarily with. A reprogramming request will be provided to proved, funding will be restored.	the command realignment increase of \$53,402 se of \$46,694 in this account reflects the of the Base Operations support and Real Property The FY 1995 President's Budget request for Base \$937,745 and Real Property Maintenance of ct in the justification book due to an admini- correct FY 1995 President's Budget request Operation Support was \$878,745 and for Real	Total Program Decreases
a. Civilian Pay Offset	D. Command Realignments	Total Program Decreases

-56,669

FY 1995 Current Estimate..... \$ 1,994,423

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth.......

S

115

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

- a. Warrant Officer Candidate School Support..... \$ Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This transfer is in support of Warrant Officer Candidate School at the Warrant Officer Career Center, Fort Rucker, AL. This school provides initial entry training and leadership training to Warrant Officer Candidates of the Active and Reserve Components. These funds provide the reserve component support and are critical to filling Warrant Officer shortages in the U.S. Army Reserve.
- reimbursement of incremental base support costs to host organizations. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency (DECA) (DECA to OMA).... \$ Transfers funding from the Defense Commissary Agency to the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation for <u>.</u>

S

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfer Out:

DoD Polygraph Institute to Defense Investigative Service......... \$ Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Investigative Service (DIS). This action transfers the DoD Polygraph Institute's civilian spaces and associated funding to DIS.

Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:

- a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization..... \$ 1 in Korea, and 1 in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the 7 CONUS This initiative centers will be placed under the operation control of the Assistant This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Seven centers will be commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10 regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be located within the Continental United States (CONUS), 1 in Europe, Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian personnel functions that do not require face-to-face interaction Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs). between the personnel specialist and the employee.
- Contractor Logistics Support (CLS)....... \$ Transfers funding within Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriadevices/simulators. These contracts pay for contractor logistics tion to consolidate all contract dollars in support of training support of all devices/simulators across the Army. <u>.</u>

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:

c. Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Automation

\$ -11,248 \$ Total Transfers Out

-9,972

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- \$925,016).. \$ compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base:
- 8,590 \$103,058).....\$ natural and cultural resources and technical support. The additional These resources provide for management and technical support of the Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention and State laws including those for storm water programs; non-paint source pollution controls; and compliance with Executive Order 12856 funding is needed to ensure compliance with standards set by Federal actions; personnel training; environmental assessments of all USMA installations to identify operating deficiencies; preservation of installations. Funds support corrective procedures and remedial Achievement Programs at United States Military Academy (USMA) b. Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: for Pollution Prevention.
- 35,580 use Operations Support (FY 1995 Base: \$750,009)............ \$
 This increase returns the Army to the levels necessary to sustain Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness. physical plant, particularly power projection installations. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life c. Base Operations Support (FY 1995 Base:

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

s to repair the many non-functioning components of Army's enlisted barracks, and fix failed and failing utility systems (e.g., heating electric, and gas systems and water and sewage lines). Included is "bridging the Gap," an interim Army program to the "Whole Barracks Renewal" program. This funding will improve the quality of life for our soldiers through improved living conditions in our barracks. bridges, and training facilities. Adequate and consistent funding decreases the backlog of maintenance and repair (BMAR) and improves Funding further supports an increase for readiness repair projects that impacts Army's infrastructure such as ranges, railroads, the soldier's quality of life.

108,839

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-2,397	
In FY 1996, classroom training workload decreases by 219 training loads and is attributable to course length reductions and eliminations. Although the accession mission increased from 70 thousand in FY 1995 to 85.2 thousand in FY 1996, which added new requirements for Advanced Individual Training (AIT) seats, the Army offset the increased accession mission requirements with other actions reducing the requirement for Specialized Skill course seats. A redesign of 125 training courses eliminated training seats, and AIT course length	was reduced by 10 percent which impacts on training load calculations.

-3,941

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

3. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued)

- Ś Decrease required to compensate for change in Army Credit Return Policy. Supply Management, Army will increase the average credit return from \$.49/\$1.00 in FY 1995 to \$.57/\$1.00 in FY 1996 for all Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation retail customer creditable returns. The credit rate change is primarily due to lower wholesale level repair costs in FY 1996. c. Credit Rate Changes......
- -13,083 ß Reduction is due to a transition to a new lower cost training helicopter (TH67 from UH-1), and a decrease in operating cost of the current trainer (UH-2). Projected flying hours are d. Equipment Transition...... based on reduced student load.
- -9,000 Υ of a helicopter training program in Israel is not in FY 1996 funding level.
- -20,492 Υ will accomplish savings while maintaining quality leader development. and to transfer personnel and office equipment into the new facility requirements. Army Senior Service Colleges have begun to reorganize the completion of Eisenhower Hall at Fort Leavenworth that required decrease of \$15,123 in the training account. Other reductions are internal operations for mission success with less resources. Army Leader Development Programs continue with a redesign strategy that The primary reason for the reduction from FY 1995 to FY 1996 is at Fort Leavenworth. Relief from this requirement accounts for a one-time OMA funding. This funding pays to furnish the building Professional Development Training (FY 1995 Base: \$87,034).. commensurate with a downsizing force and future DoD and Army

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued)

	\$ -89,936	\$ 2,060,143
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\$354,322)\$ -11,108 restructure the Force based on the reduced resource levels, the Army's , both military and civilian end tinental United States (CONUS) and merge organizations to support seping with these reductions, resources for training support have		
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As part of the overall plan to restructure the Force based on the changing world situation and the reduced resource levels, the Army's force structure has been reduced, both military and civilian end strength have declined. The Continental United States (CONUS) Commands continue to downsize and merge organizations to support an overall smaller force. In keeping with these reductions, personnel and support have been reduced.	Total Program Decreases	et
g. Training Support (FY 1995 Base: As part of the overall plan the changing world situation and the force structure has been reduce strength have declined. The Co Commands continue to downsize a an overall smaller force. In key personnel and supporting dollar been reduced.	H	FY 1996 Budget Request
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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

	Growth.
	Price
Growth:	Total
Price	

Growen	nsfers:
	Tran
TOTAL Price	gram
TOT	Prog
	onal
	Functional Program Tra

57,261

\$

-3,906

Intra Appropriation Transfer Out

Civilian Personnel Regionalization
This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance,
Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian
personnel functions that do not require fact-to-fact interaction
between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative
commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10
regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be
located within the Continental United States (CONUS), 1 in Europe,
1 in Korea, and 1 in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders
will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the 7 CONUS
centers will be placed under the operation control of the Assistant
Secretary of the Army (Manbower and Reserve Affairs)

	-3,906
-3,906	ς,
Total Transfer Out\$	Total Functional Program Transfers \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

2,028			
a. Specialized Training (FY 1996 Base: \$236,760) \$	In FY 1997, classroom training workload increases by 937 loads.	This is attributable to a continued increase in the accession	mission from FY 1996 to FY 1997 (85.2 thousand to 96.3 thousand).

to renovate two buildings that house the Industrial College of the Armed forces (ICAF) and the National War College (NWC). These	b. Professional Development Training (FY 1996 Base: \$68,981) In FY 1997, the increase for professional development is required
	house the Industrial (ional War College (NW
	the National Defense University to meet its mission.

9,041	
c. Base Operations Support (FY 1996 Base: \$786,245)	(QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness.

20,920 Total Program Increases...... \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-8,990	
g S	This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.

-6,528	٠
c. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1996 Base: \$259,353) \$	
6 Base:	ע אוניסטער ע
(FY 199)	Cratraine
intenance (RPM	reallta from
. Property Ma	is decrease
c. Real	H

	-10,348	
Inis decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.	d. Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$114,762)	· por Table por many management of the contract of the contrac

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Total Program Decreases	Req
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	FY 1997 Budget Request

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training	- (1	0	•
Active Army	120,877	112,883	~	125,645	118,497	21,869
Army Reserve	16,752	17,181		23,599	22,266	3,960
Army National Guard	19,357	19,936		25,746	24,372	4,752
	24,841	23,664	2,610	37,884	36,666	3,356
Total Direct	181,827	173,664	N	212,874	201,801	33,937
Other (Non-US)	3,262	3,550		6,047	5,444	1,127
TOTAL	185,089	177,214	30,035	218,921	207,245	35,064
Warrant Ofcr Candidate School	1,051	973	121	2,038	1,913	172
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training	123.345		21.854	130,559	122,516	22,920
Army Reserve	25,862			26,132	24,869	3,832
Army National Guard	25,745			26,051	25,593	4,845
Other	32,698			30,048	29,189	3,058
Total Direct	207,650	200,269	33,718	212,790	202,167	34,655
Other (Non-US)	4,470			4,421	4,386	910
TOTAL	212,120	204,916	34,673	217,211	206,553	35,565
Warrant Ofcr Candidate School	2,233	2,077	185	2,223	2,097	187

⁻⁻Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

		FY 1994		-	FY 1995		
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	
Specialized Training							
ve Army	5,152	4,789	1,384	5,384	6,220	1,645	
Army Reserve	1,546	1,621	505	1,682	1,479	482	
National Guard	1,191	1,268	350	1,727	1,458	423	
Other	166	194	63	206	200	69	
Total Direct	ω̈́	7,872	2,302	8,999	9,357	2,619	
r (Non-US)		329	84	. 690	548	176	
Initial Skill (Ofcr) Total	1 8,328	8,201	2,386	689'6	9,905	2,795	
		FV 1996			FV 1997		
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	
ialized Training							
Active Army	5,298	5,250	1,474	5,294	5,173	1,464	
Reserve	1,268	1,447	393	1,247	1,224	355	
National Guard	1,421	1,583	374	1,379	1,371	332	
Other	201	201	89	202	198	69	
Total Direct	8,188	8,481	2,309	8,122	7,966	2,220	
Other (Non-US)	555	578	165	555	543	157	
Initial Skill (Ofcr) Total	1 8,743	9,059	2,474	8,677	8,509	2,377	

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

	WORKLOAD	8,982	2 621	3,174	452	5,229	277	15,506		WORKLOAD		10,443	2,576	3,401	381	16,801	198	16,999
FY 1995	OUTPUT	36,076	13,033	14,345	2,090	65,544	884	66,428	FY 1997	OUTPUT		47,167	14,064	16,620	1,807	79,658	687	80,345
	INPUT	38,891	13,752	14,945	2,299	69,887	919	70,806		INPUT		49,413	14,307	16,852	1,694	82,266	681	82,947
	WORKLOAD	8,484	1,741	2,328	362	12,915	167	13,082		WORKLOAD		9,781	2,528	3,353	495	16,157	215	16,372
FY 1994	OUTPUT	35,882	9,293	11,085	1,832	58,092	512	58,604	FY 1996	OUTPUT		43,777	13,932	16,227	2,354	76,290	735	77,025
	INPUT	37,299	8,731	10,541	1,765	58,336	480	58,816		INPUT		45,449	13,899	16,506	2,367	78,221	709	78,930
		Specialized Training	Army Reserve	Army National Guard	Other	Total Direct	Other (Non-US)	Initial Skill (Enl) Total			Specialized Training	Active Army	Army Reserve	Army National Guard	Other	Total Direct	Other (Non-US)	Initial Skill (Enl) Total

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

41,770 37,308 4,101 4,541 4,422 212 3,596 3,533 200 15,346 14,926 1,410 65,253 60,189 5,923 1,555 1,619 5,923 1,555 1,619 6,071 FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD 40,190 36,548 4,265 5,987 4,994 422 2,580 2,470 282 2,580 2,470 282 2,580 2,470 282 2,580 2,470 6,664 1,833 1,916 1695
37,308 4,422 3,533 14,926 60,189 1,619 61,808 FY 1996 OUTPUT WOI 2,470 2,470 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
37,308 4,422 3,533 14,926 60,189 1,619 61,808 81,808 81,808 71,743 1,916 67,743
4,422 3,533 14,926 60,189 1,619 61,808 VIEL 1996 OUTPUT WOE 36,548 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
3,533 14,926 60,189 1,619 61,808 FY 1996 OUTPUT WOE 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
14,926 60,189 1,619 61,808 FY 1996 OUTPUT WOE 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
60,189 1,619 61,808 EY 1996 OUTPUT WOE 4,994 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
1,619 61,808 61,808 EY 1996 OUTPUT WOE 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
61,808 FY 1996 OUTPUT WOE 36,548 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
FY 1996 OUTPUT WOE 36,548 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
36,548 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
36,548 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
36,548 4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
4,994 2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
2,470 23,731 67,743 1,916
23,731 67,743 1,916
67,743 1,916 69 659
1,916 69 659 6
69 659
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⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

WORKLOAD	1,995 136 381 55 2,567 319	2,886	WORKLOAD	2,040 127 382 62 2,611 276	2,887
	2 2			2,040 127 382 62 62 2,611 276	2,8
FY 1995 OUTPUT	7,940 1,645 2,341 176 12,102 1,077	13,179	FY 1997 OUTPUT	8,225 1,730 2,298 181 12,434	13,395
INPUT	8,481 1,679 2,536 177 12,873 1,211	14,084	INPUT	8,250 1,725 2,316 180 12,471	13,432
WORKLOAD	1,803 79 287 44 2,213	2,425	WORKLOAD	2,051 132 390 57 2,630 293	2,923
FY 1994 OUTPUT	7,499 1,068 1,686 122 10,375	11,150	FY 1996 OUTPUT	8,281 1,792 2,348 180 12,601 1,004	13,605
INPUT	7,649 1,140 1,664 100 10,553	11,214	INPUT	8,414 1,739 2,322 191 12,666	13,632
	Specialized Training Active Army Army Reserve Army National Guard Other Total Direct Other (Non-US)	Skill Progression (Ofcr) Total		Specialized Training Active Army Army Reserve Army National Guard Other Total Direct Other (Non-US)	Skill Progression (Ofcr)

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training						
Active Army	27,030	25,445	4,577	25,126	24,125	4,474
Army Reserve	647	620		2,049	1,877	320
Army National Guard	1,837	1,818		2,495	2,393	408
Other	6,331	5,499		9,238	8,939	1,067
Total Direct	35,845	33,382	5,641	38,908	37,334	6,269
Other (Non-US)	293	315		475	427	121
Skill Progression (Enl)						
Total	36,138	33,697	5,713	39,383	37,761	6,390
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training						
Active Army	21,515		3,951	24,575	22,896	4,243
Army Reserve	1,876		308	1,817	1,806	299
Army National Guard	2,349		404	2,320	2,270	397
Other	4,710	4,709	818	4,847	4,516	820
Total Direct	30,450	30,251	5,481	33,559	31,488	5,759
Other (Non-US)	407	414	114	402	400	112
Skill Progression (Enl)	,					
Total	30,857	30,665	5,595	33,961	31,888	5,871

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	2,227	2,263	524	2,144	2,067	495
Army Reserve	97	104	22	174	162	38
Army National Guard	425	312	105	370	396	84
Other	ω	9	-	99	55	15
Total Direct	2,757	2,685	652	2,754	2,680	632
Other (Non-US)	89	97	24	170	129	52
Undergraduate Pilot Total	2,846	2,782	919	2,924	2,809	684
		1006			1001	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	2,025	2,057	481	1,995	2,005	470
Army Reserve	138	149	33	108	109	25
Army National Guard	441	423	102	441	441	103
Other	204	191	26	190	187	26
Total Direct	2,808	2,820	642	2,734	2,742	624
Other (Non-US)	157	163	44	157	129	37
Undergraduate Pilot Total	2,965	2,983	989	2,891	2,871	661

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year - Active Army.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

	WORKLOAD	32		11	0	44	0	44		WORKLOAD	23	0	15	0	38	0	38
FY 1995	OUTPUT	311	31	115	9	463	0	463	FY 1997	OUTPUT	199	29	88	0	317	0	317
	INPUT	309	23	118	0	450	0	450		INPUT	200	29	84	0	313	0	313
	WORKLOAD	30	4	14	-	49	0	49		WORKLOAD	25	15	0	0	40	0	40
FY 1994	OUTPUT	261	36	101	7	405	0	405	FY 1996	OUTPUT	212	31	89	0	332	0	332
	INPUT	258	42	94	13	407	0	407		INPUT	204	31	97	0	332	0	332
		Active Army	Army Reserve	Army National Guard	Other	Total Direct	Other (Non-US)	Adv Flight Ing-FW Total			Active Army	Army Reserve	Army National Guard	Other	Total Direct	Other (Non-US)	Adv Flight Ing-FW Total

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year - Active Army.

Budget Activity: <u>Training and Recruiting</u>
Activity Group: <u>Basic Skill and Advanced Training</u>

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

WORKLOAD	234 9 68 18 329 62	391	WORKLOAD	197 4	39 28	268 62	330
FY 1995 OUTPUT W	1,394 81 507 95 2,077	2,527 FY 1997		1,143	287 149	1,622 563	2,185
INPUT	1,483 58 436 87 2,064 459	2,523	INPUT	1,281	285 154	1,763 568	2,331
WORKLOAD	191 21 61 23 296 41	337	WORKLOAD	208 6	31	292 62	354
FY 1994 OUTPUT	1,067 140 387 110 1,704	1,971 FV 1996	OUTPUT	1,228	344 151	1,784	2,354
INPUT	1,142 133 412 127 1,814	2,109	INPUT	1,349	331 433	2,174	2,469
	Active Army Army Reserve Army National Guard Other Total Direct Other (Non-US)	Adv Flight Ing-RW Total		Active Army	Army National Guard	Total Direct Other (Non-US)	Adv Flight Ing-RW Total

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

₫	lying Hours (Hours in 000's)	Undergraduate Pilot Training		
FY 1994		194.7	78.5	
FY 1995		161.9	0.06	
FY 1996		144.9	79.5	
FY 1997		137.9	86.4	

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

Active Army 6 Army Reserve 2
1,172
1,208
INPUT
1,276

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	257	266	88	293	285	06
my Reserve	66	100	9	82	82	,
Army National Guard	16	15	Ŋ	22	22	m
her	1,960	1,969		1,677	Ψ	299
Total Direct	2,332	2,350	395	2,074	2,018	397
Other (Non-US)	27	16	16	32	26	24
Natl Defense Univ Total	2,359	2,366	411	2,106	2,044	421
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	298	298	93	298	298	93
my Reserve	82	82	Ŋ	82	82	Ŋ
Army National Guard	22	22	ო	25	22	4
her	1,610	1,610		1,730	1,733	319
Total Direct	2,012	2,012	415	2,135	2,135	421
Other (Non-US)	32	32	25	31	32	25
Natl Defense Univ Total	2,044	2,044	440	2,166	2,167	446

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	833	818	667	768	833	647
	98	24	0	66	22	71
Army Keserve	9	7	FT	36	70	y :
Army National Guard	44	44	19	32	32	14
Other	160	160	130	128	160	116
Total Direct	1,083	٦	835	096	1,057	791
Other (Non-US)	92		75	06	92	74
Command & Gen Staff Total	1,175	1,163	910	1,050	1,149	865
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	768	768	621	768	768	621
Army Reserve	32	32	14	32	32	14
Army National Guard	32	32		32	32	14
Other	128	128		128	128	103
Total Direct	096	960	752	960	096	752
Other (Non-US)	06	90		06	06	73
Command & Gen Staff Total	1,050	1,050	825	1,050	1,050	825

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

⁻⁻ Includes Command and General Staff college and does not include any other Professional Development courses at Fort Leavenworth.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

	WORKLOAD	512	47	48	32	639	16	655		WORKLOAD	469	39	39	16	563	12	575
FY 1995	OUTPUT	620	28	9	48	786	16	802	FY 1997	OUTPUT	571	48	48	20	687	15	702
	INPUT	099	09	9	31	811	25	836		INPUT	900	20	20	20	720	15	735
	WORKLOAD	330	33	26	12	401	ហ	406		WORKLOAD	366	32	32	14	444	11	455
FY 1994	OUTPUT	766	69	53	26	914	17	931	FY 1996	OUTPUT	314	29	29	15	387	12	399
H	INPUT	733	79	65	31	806	∞	916		INPUT	900	20	20	20	720	15	735
		Active Army	Army Reserve	Army National Guard	Other	Total Direct	Other (Non-US)	Sergeants Major Acdmy Total			Active Army	Army Reserve	Army National Guard	Other	Total Direct	Other (Non-US)	Sergeants Major Acdmy Total

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

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⁻⁻ Includes Sergeants Major course only, not all courses at the Academy which fall into this account.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Title	Actuals	Estimate	<u>Estimate</u>	Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	133,903	149,252	156,714	164,549
A: Admittertanton (2000)	2,234	1,670	1,633	1,628
milian Dersonnel E/S	2,208	2,301	2,201	2,215
Total Derechnel R/S	4,442	3,971	3,834	3,843
Nimber of Bases, Total	17	17	16	16
	17	17	16	16
CONOS) Domilation Remod Total E/S	457,376	434,507	412,782	388,015
Actual derved, tocks s/s	300,133	285,126	270,870	254,618
(Civilian, E/S)	157,243	149,381	141,912	133,397
R. Retail Supply Operations (\$000)	76,229	73,721	76,051	77,092
N/3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	160	67	65	65
Cimilian Dergonnel E/S	1,629	1,752	1,415	1,346
Total Personnel E/S	1,789	1,819	1,480	1,411
			,	1
C. Rachelor Housing Ops./Furn. (\$000)	6,583	12,071	8,821	8,617
Military E/S	ω	7	7	7
O/A restrain	89	86	87	82
Civilian B/C	97	105	94	92
No of Officer Charters	10,665	10,735	10,319	10,319
No. of Enlisted Quarters	151,597	153,756	150,843	150,843

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u>Title</u>	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
D. Other Morale, Welfare and Recreation (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)	22,202 67 67 530 597 457,376 300,133 157,243	19,658 8 8 558 566 434,507 285,126 149,381	20,477 8 495 412,782 270,870	20,583 8 497 497 388,015 254,618
E. Maintenance of Installation Equipment (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	36,167 31 543 574	31,405 27 482 509	32,460 24 395 419	33,460 24 346 370
F. Other Base Services (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Owned) (Leased)	67,868 1,899 2,889 8,100 7,800	70,236 1,662 1,155 2,817 5,875 5,875	72,866 1,586 985 2,571 5,700 5,500	74,263 1,586 974 2,560 5,700 5,500
<pre>G. Other Personnel Support (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)</pre>	120,103 1,913 1,463 3,376 457,376 300,133	122,797 1,600 1,546 3,146 434,507 285,126 149,381	128,085 1,560 1,439 2,999 412,782 270,870 141,912	129,044 1,560 1,333 2,893 388,015 254,618 133,397

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u> Title</u>	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
H. Payments to GSA (\$000) Standard Level User Charges (\$000) Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) One-time Reimbursements (\$000) Non-GSA Lease Payments Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements One-Time Reimbursements	603 603 622 00 00 00	. 561 561 58 0 0 0 0	674 674 57 0 0 0	691 691 57 0 0 0 0
<pre>I. Other Engineering Support (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Facilities Supported (000 sq ft)</pre>	96,450 146 1,355 1,501 117,378	98,076 101 1,649 1,750 112,298	101,328 99 1,389 1,488 106,550	103,495 99 1,215 1,314
J. Operation of Utilities (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Electricity (MWH) Heating (MBTU) Water, Plants & Systems (000 gals) Sewage & Waste Systems (000 gals) Air Conditioning and Refrigeration (Ton)	97,367 0 125 1,783,931 11,513,776 17,004,527 16,868,656	99,087 0 183 1,774,064 11,339,152 16,344,175 15,943,353	110,662 0 160 1,615,713 10,327,034 14,885,314 14,520,270	122,428 0 160 1,506,111 9,627,696 14,152,983 14,716,899

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
K. Child and Youth Development Programs				
Number of Child Development Centers (CDC)	41	41	41	41
Number of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes	898	898	898	898
Total Military Child Population				
(Infant to 12 years)	103,200	103,200	98,900	97,500
Total Required Child Care Spaces	26,853	26,853	26,853	26,853
Total Spaces CDC, FCC and School Age	12,903	15,028	15,564	16,100
Percent Spaces in Relation to Required Spaces	48.1%	56%	58%	809
Number of Youth Facilities	23	23	23	23
Total Military Youth Population				
(Grades 1 to 12)	75,800	75,800	75,800	75,800
Number of Youth Served	22,740	22,740	22,740	22,740

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE				
A. Administration and Support	Ċ	00	A F	n G
Number of Ake Contracts Dlaming and Design Bunds (\$000)*	471	978	1.115	1,048
Military M/S		8	7	2
Civilian E/S	2,198	1,266	1,147	1,142
Total Personnel E/S	2,200	1,268	1,149	1,144
Number of Installations	17	17	16	16
Backlog of Maintenance and Repair	570,942	685,417	806,222	897,307
B. Maintenance and Bebair	127,075	179,070	241,353	240,735
Buildings (KSF)	112,882	107,952	102,416	102,491
Pavements (KSY)	110,527	111,038	109,384	109,384
Land (AC)	1,985,244	1,985,636	1,983,135	1,983,135
Other Facilities (KSF)	4,496	4,346	4,134	4,126
Railroad Trackade (KLF)	797	813	813	813
Recurring Maintenance	103,512	130,183	144,812	144,441
Major Repair	23,563	48,887	96,541	96,294
C. Winor Construction	10,557	13,601	18,000	19,531
Number of Projects	1,125	1,448	1,883	2,084

^{*} MEMO ENTRY -- Dollars included in Maintenance and Repair

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	27,961 4,528 23,433	27,286 4,758 22,528	24,042 4,300 19,742	24,044 4,305 19,739	-3,244 -458 -2,786	ឧ មេ ម
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreion National Direct Hire	20,830	19,952	18,106 18,098	16,527	-1,846 -1,846	-1,579 -1,579
Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	20,828	19,944 8	18,098 8	16,519 8	-1,846 0	-1,579 0
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	29,167 4,679 24,489	27,624 4,643 22,981	25,664 4,529 21,135	24,043 4,303 19,741	-1,960 -114 -1,846	-1,621 -227 -1,395
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire	20,087	19,463	18,843 18,835 0	17,235	-620 -617	-1,608 -1,608 0
Foreign National Indirect Hire	0	19,432	8 8 8	8	/T9-	809'T-

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

represent the Army's ability to recruit and educate the Army's force, both military and civilian, and provide citizenship education to America's youth. With the exception of the Veterans Educational Assistance Program (VEAP), each subactivity can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary. The Recruiting, and Other Training and Education Activity Group consists of six subactivities that

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING - Recruiting is a key component of the Army's imperative to maintain the highest recruits with the particular qualifications needed to operate the Army's modern, technologically advanced weaponry, telecommunications systems, and equipment. By placing a special emphasis on the high school senior and graduate market, readily trainable prospects are recruited. Cost drivers are the number of recruit Quality requirements in the quality force possible. This request provides funding to recruit sufficient manpower to sustain the Active Army and to manage the U.S. Army Reserve (USAR) recruiting and retention program. (USAR recruiting support costs are provided in the Operation and Maintenance Army Keserve Appropriation.) Quality requirements rapidly diminishing market of eligibles necessitate innovative marketing methods to attract and access

communicating reasons for enlistment to young people and those adults (e.g., family members, school officials, etc.) who may influence their decisions. The display of opportunities for personal growth in challenging Cost drivers are the situations and the offer of help in pursuing long range occupational and educational goals through technical Requested advertising finances the use of mass media advertising and publicity for persuasively training and money for college provides the strongest motivation to our best prospects. number of media contracts.

Personnel Management personnel. Requested funding also supports the Joint Computer Center (JCC), which is shared with the SSS (and will be used by the SSS if the draft is reactivated). Cost drivers are the number of aptitudinally and medically qualifies and administratively processes individuals for the Armed Services, enlisting applicants during peacetime and inducting registrants conscripted through the Selective Service System (SSS) during mobilization. Testing is conducted in the Military Entrance Processing Stations (MEPS), at approximately 800 Mobile Examining Team sites, and in both CONUS and OCONUS schools by MEPS and Office of This Joint Service Command EXAMINING - The Army, as DOD Executive Agent, provides funding and personnel resources to support the operation of the United States Military Entrance Processing Command (USMEPCOM). accessions for all Services.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

Educational Program (Montgomery GI Bill), new enrollments are no longer authorized in Basic VEAP. Also included in voluntary education is the loan repayment program which offers repayment of certain federally insured loans for individuals enlisting for this option. Repayment of federally insured loans is authorized by Public Law System (ACES) which is an integrated system of self-development education providing programs and services that member contributions must be matched 2:1 by the Army. Effective 1 July 1985, because of the new All Volunteer Cost drivers for ACES are support the Army readiness, recruitment and retention, maximize job proficiency, and provide personal and professional development of the soldier. ACES also provides Veterans' benefits counseling which aids the soldier in making informed career decisions by providing information regarding unemployment rates, education benefits earned, and reserve component opportunities and benefits. Also included is the Veterans Educational Assistance Program (VEAP), as authorized by Public Law 94-502 and Public Law 96-342, which provides funds to support contract obligations for educational incentives from 1 January 1977 through 30 June 1985. Basic VEAP replaced the Vietnam Era GI Bill which terminated 31 December 1976. All Service members, regardless of rank, who signed contracts 1 January 1977 through 30 June 1985, are eligible to participate in Basic VEAP. Service skills and prepare themselves for future assignments. This program resources the Army Continuing Education OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION - These funds provide military members an opportunity to improve their 99-145 and repayment of state sponsored loans is authorized by Public Law 103-335. the number of active soldier students.

encompasses functionally designed and developed training in universities, training-with-industry, developmental positions. Training is performed at military installations, training centers, colleges and universities, and civilian contract facilities. Included are the Army Intern Program, Competitive Professional Training, Senior necessary to achieve optimum performance of their mission assignments. Civilians, like military members, must specialized occupations that are not available through normal labor market sources. Interns, normally hired at the GS 5/7 level, undergo an intensive, structured 18-36 month program. Competitive Professional Training Service Schools and Fellowships and Leader Development. The intern program provides placement into highly Cost drivers are the number of be prepared to meet the challenges of their assignments as they progress into more complex and demanding assignments, and training courses. Senior Service Schools, Fellowships and Leader Development supports CIVILIAN TRAINING AND EDUCATION - The funds ensure that Army civilian employees receive the training training for executive and managerial leadership positions with the Army. interns and training loads.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS (JROTC) - JROTC is a public service program available to high school idents. This program fosters good citizenship, patriotism, and leadership skills for this valuable potential of military applicants. This program supported 856 JROTC units in FY 1992, and will grow to approximately Cost drivers are the number of units. pool of military applicants. 1,400 by FY 1997. Cost driver students.

BASE SUPPORT - Funds the costs associated with maintaining the leased recruiting stations for all Services, Cost drivers are the military and civilian population of the organizations and the number and square feet of leased facilities. The Army is Executive Agent for all Services' recruiting facilities and USMEPCOM. leased Military Entrance Processing Stations, communications and audiovisual for the United States Army Recruiting Command, and the United States Military Entrance Processing Command (USMEPCOM), and its stations.

II. Force Structure Summary:

Executive Agent supports 65 company-sized Military Entrance Processing Stations (MEPS). The recruiting stations and MEPS are geographically dispersed throughout the Continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska and Puerto Rico. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) will support 1,400 units in FY 1997 at various high Recruiting and other Training and Education supports approximately 1,400 recruiting stations.

System (ACTEDS); Army Continuing Education System (ACES); and Veterans Education Assistance Program (VEAP). Other general personnel activities funded include the Army Civilian Training, Education and Development

Budget Activity: <u>Training and Recruiting</u>
Activity Group: <u>Recruiting</u>, Other Training and Education

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
A.	A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
	 Recruiting and Advertising Examining 	159,143 63,915	159,959	192,959	197,888	211,375	216,589
	3. Off-Duty and Voluntary						
	Education	113,142	110,633	110,633	101,494	103,812	104,153
	4. Civilian Education & Training	1 85,091	92,000	88,200	86,098	81,108	81,897
	5. Junior ROTC	26,806	65,387	65,387	68,276	74,506	75,472
	6. Base Operations 159,715	159,715	155,075	154,675	151,043	156,020	165,578
	7. Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-2,056	o '	0
	Total	637,812	649,187	677,987	664,064	691,154	710,760

B. Reconciliation Summary:

Change <u>FY 1996/FY 1997</u>	691,154 0 0 19,990 19,990 710,760
Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1996</u>	664,064 0 0 17,475 63 9,552 691,154
Change FY 1995/FY 1995	649,187 28,800 -11,641 2,056 -1,862 -2,476 664,064
	Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed) Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request			649,187
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)			
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)			28,800
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)			677,987
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	Ø O		
a. GSA Rental Payments\$		-602	
b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise \$	w	881	
c. Civilian Personnel Understrength	\$ -5,766	99/	
d. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$	S.	641	
e. Contractor and Consulting Services \$	\$ -5,045	045	
f. Information Technology (General Reduction)	\$ -1,750	750	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	•	<i>S</i> ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	-11,641

III. Financial Summary (O&M: S in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Civilian Pay Adjustment \$ 2,056	2,056
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees	
nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was	
appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily	
offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to	
Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored.	

Total Price Growth.....

2,056

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfer In:

S initiative will allow the Army to work out customer-provider relation-ships, identify all costs associated with delivering services, and This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army develop proper billing processes and financial reporting procedures. appropriation properly reflects the funding required to support the testing of the White Hat Shop Smart Initiative. The Shop Smart Fort Campbell Transfer.....

67

67

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

		-1,929
-1,861	89	<i>y</i> .
a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	b. Realignment of Congressioal Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and Administrative Overhead)	Total Functional Program Transfers

-1,862

\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increase:

11,472		-2,056 1y	-11,892	
Command Realignments	Program Decreases:	a. Civilian Pay Offset	b. Command Realignments	Total Program Decreases

11,472

₩

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-13,948

s

664,064

FY 1995 Current Estimate.......

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth \$	17,475
Functional Program Transfers:	
Inter Appropriation Transfer In:	
Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency	
Total Transfer In \$ 63	
Total Functional Program Transfer\$	63

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

3. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

S This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base:

762

- 8,872 and women. Therefore, this advertising increase is essential if the There is \$64,706)..... Army is to increase propensity and recruit the necessary number of more competition, due to a growing economy, for quality young men The Army's recruiting mission increases 18% between FY 1995 and high quality young men and women that will enable us to maintain FY 1996 and an additional 12% between FY 1996 and FY 1997. b. Advertising (FY 1995 Base: readiness.
- 4,874 \$68,254). \$ The expansion initiative increases the total number of Army JROTC units from 1,382 in FY 1995 to 1,400 in FY 1996. The increase provides for full school year instructor salaries and other academic tools for units starting in September 1995, as well as paying 100% instructor salaries for economically and educationally deprived Junior Reserve Officer Training Expansion (FY 1995 Base: ວ່

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

2,428	
d. Examining (FY 1995 Base: \$60,828)\$ Military Entrace Processing Command (MEPCOM) is responsible for processing applicants for all Armed Services. These increases reflect the growing operational costs which will be incurred as a direct result of larger Armed Services accession missions. The Armed Services are reaching their draw-down end strengths between	FY 1996 and FY 1997. As a result, Armed Services accession missions increase to maintain a steady state forces which requires MEPCOM to increase applicant processing by approximately 15 percent.

394					
e. Base Support (FY 1995 Base: \$151,043)\$	United States Army Recruiting Command is increasing the number of	recruiters to 4,950 to meet increasing out-year accession missions.	Subsequently, this will require leasing additional recruiting	facilities to support these additional recruiters in FY 1996, as	well as additional recruiters for our sister Services.

Total Program Increases...... \$

17,330

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-21			
a. Recruiting Support (FY 1995 Base: \$132,617)	The decrease from FY 1995 is due to minor program efficiencies	incurred as costs for the additional recruiters brought on-board	in FY 1995 stabilize.

The Veteran's Education Assistance Program (VEAP) is an entitle- ment which was available to Service members who enlisted between	epiaced the Vietnam Effective 1 July onal Assistance	are no longer se into account current
ment which was available to Service members who enlisted between	Era GI Bill which terminated 31 December 1976. Effective 1 July 1985, because of the new All Volunteer Educational Assistance	Program (Montgomery GI Bill), new enrollments are no longer authorized in Basic VEAP. These reductions take into account current usage rates which are continuing to decline.
	Era G1 1985,	Progra author usage

-7,205					
c. Army Civilian Education and Development System (ACTEDS) (FY 1995 Base: \$85,530)	This program has been restructured by significantly reducing	the number of funded intern positions while maintaining funding	support of leadership development to accommodate the increased	managerial and leadership demands which have been placed upon the	civilian component in today's smaller Army.

778	154
-7,	691,
8/2/12	
:	
Total Program Decreases	FY 1996 Budget Request

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

	Total Price Growth	066'61 \$	0
Program	Program Increases:		
rd	Examining (FY 1996 Base: \$64,333)	490	
å	Base Support (FY 1996 Base: \$156,020)	4,888	
ΰ	c. Recruiter Support (FY 1996 Base: \$75,264)	973	

6,351

Total Program Increases...... \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

1. Veteran's Education Assistance Program(VEAP)(FY 1996 Base: \$18,108) \$ -2,579	-2,579
The Veteran's Education Assistance Program (VEAP) is an entitle-	
ment which was available to Service members who enlisted between	
1 January 1977 and 30 June 1995. Basic VEAP replaced the Vietnam	
Era GI Bill which terminated 31 December 1976. Effective 1 July	
1985, because of the new All Volunteer Educational Assistance	
Program (Montgomery GI Bill), new enrollments are no longer	
authorized in Basic VEAP. These reductions take into account current	
usage rates which are continuing to decline.	

-1,729	
and Development System (ACTEDS) 8)	III COGAY'S SMALLEr Army.

999-		
c. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Expansion (JROTC) (FY 1996 Base: \$74,506)	Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps units will be capped at 1,400 units beginning school year 1995/1996. This decrease results	from one-time start-up costs experienced in FY 96 and not expected in FY 97.

-1,761	
·O	
sing (FY 1996 Base: \$136,111) \$ -1,761	decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.
1996 Base:	results from
d. Advertising (FY	This decrease

-6,735	710,760
Total Program Decreases\$	FY 1997 Budget Request \$ 710,760

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING

(Accessions in 000's)

	FY	FY 1994 Actuals	18		FY 1995	
Recruiting Accessions	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG	<u>Total</u>	I-IIIA	HSDG
Non-Prior Service Males Non-Prior Service Females Total Non-Prior Service Prior Service Total	48.2 10.9 59.1 8.4 67.5	34.7 7.8 42.5 5.9 48.4	46.4 10.9 57.3 77.5 64.8	50.8 62.0 70.0	34.0 7.5 41.5 6.0 47.5	48.2 10.6 58.8 7.6 66.4
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
Recruiting Accessions	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG
Non-Prior Service Males Non-Prior Service Females Total Non-Prior Service Prior Service Total	63.3 13.9 77.2 8.0 85.2	42.4 9.3 51.7 6.0	60.1 13.2 73.3 7.6 80.9	72.4 15.9 88.3 8.0 96.3	48.5 10.6 59.1 6.0 65.1	68.8 15.1 83.9 7.6

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The following categories are outputs and performance measures for the Recruiting, and Other Training and Education Subactivity:

SING (Contracts in 000's)	FY 1994 Actuals	Total I-IIIA HSDG	les 15.0 10.0 14.3 83.1 55.6 79.0 10.0 6.7 9.5 93.1 62.3 88.5	FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997	IIA 16.0 23.4 25.0 A 37.5 44.0 47.3 53.5 67.4 72.3	1 IVS 36.0 41.0 42.3
RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING		Recruiting Contracts	Non-Prior Service Males Non-Prior Service Females Total Non-Prior Service Prior Service Total		High School Senior I-IIIA High School Grad I-IIIA Total High School	Service CAT IIIBs and IVs Total

I-IIIA - High three test categories.

HSDG - High School Diploma Graduates.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Examining (# in 000)

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Off Duty and Voluntary Education: Army Continuing Education System (ACES)

	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
Tuition Assistance (Enrollments)	242,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
Tests Administered * (Tests)	2,203,000	2,203,000	2,203,000	2,203,000
Army Learning Centers (numbers of)	309	295	290	275
High School Completion (Enrollments)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Skills Training (Enrollments)	31,000	33,000	34,000	34,000
Language Training (Enrollments)	45,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
NCO Leader Development (Enrollments)	42,000	41,000	41,000	41,000
Verification Documents Issued **	140,000	120,000	100,000	90,000
American/Army Registry Transcript System (AARTS) Manuscripts	180,000	180,000	180,000	180,000

^{*} Types of tests: (1) Diagnostic, (2) Military, (3) Academic, and (4) Interest Inventory. ** Skills and training verification required for each soldier separating from active service.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Civilian Education and Training: Civilian Training, Education and Development

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Career Program Interns (Workyears)	1,105	1,063	006	006
Leadership Development (Training Load)	3,870	3,870	3,800	3,800
Competitive Professional Training (Training Load)	3,850	3,790	3,720	3,720
Senior Service Schools and Fellowships (Workyears)	33	32	32	32

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps

With the state of	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Number of Jacob Command)	1,700	1,700	1,700	
Overseas	21	21 21	21 21	
Number Of JROIC Units Funded	1,242	1,382	1,400	•

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Base Support

FY 1996 FY 1997	2,764 2,898	65 65
FY 1995	2,754	99
FY 1994	2,754	89
	Number of Leased Recruiting Facilities	Number Of Leased Military Entrance Processing Stations

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u>ritle</u>	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT		Estimate	<u>Estimate</u>	Estimate
A. Payments to GSA (\$000) Standard Level User Charges (\$000) Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) One-time Reimbursements (\$0000)	47,384	48,497	51,333	55,454
	47,384	48,497	51,333	55,454
	3,208	3,141	3,079	3,060
	0	0	0	0
B. Non-GSA Leased Payment for Space	76,455	75,344	76,866	80,319
Leased Space (000 sq ft)	5,056	4,747	4,662	4,662

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Budget Activity: <u>Training and Recruiting</u> Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	8,120 662 7,458	8,640 739 7,901	8,636 738 7,898	8,636 738 7,898	1 1 E	000
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	4,088 4,032 17 4,049	3,932 3,889 10 3,899	4,232 4,190 10 4,200	4,170 4,128 4,138	300 301 301 -1	-62 -62 -62 -62
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	8,287 635 7,653	8,380 701 7,680	8,638 739 7,900	8,636 738 7,898	258 38 220	717
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	4,063 4,012 14 4,026	3,946 3,901 10 3,911 3,911	4,077 4,035 4,045	4,200 4,158 10 4,168	131 134 0 134 -3	123 123 0 123 0

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

Description of Operations Financed:

Strategic Agility, Power Projection, and Technological Superiority. These resources support the Army's transition communications, and other service-wide support functions required to secure, equip, deploy, transport, sustain, Programs, Logistics Operations, Servicewide Support, Servicewide Communications, Support of Other Nations, and Administrative and Servicewide Base Support. Administration and Servicewide Activities support the National programs in support of the end-state Army, and resources to continue U.S. commitments to international treaty agreements and cooperative agreements with our allies. Functions funded are inextricably linked to the Army's The Administration and Servicewide Activities budget provides funding for the administration, logistics, budget activity also provides resources to support national and Army-wide intelligence and counterintelligence Military Strategy by contributing to the strategic principles of Readiness, Collective Security, Arms Control, and support Army forces worldwide. This budget activity includes the major activity groups of: Security from a Cold War posture to a leaner force, enhanced by power projection platforms in all mission areas. ability to field a force capable of a swift, decisive victory on the battlefield.

SECURITY PROGRAMS

This funding supports the National Foreign Intelligence Program and Security and Investigative Activities, will also allow the Army to fulfill its role in securing world peace through its contributions in the and allows the Army to fulfill its role in implementing the National Military Intelligence Estimate. implementation and compliance of international treaties.

LOGISTICS OPERATIONS

This funding allows the Army to equip and sustain the programmed force structure in peacetime and affect the rapid retrograde, redistribution and disposal of equipment commensurate with the force drawdown, while maintaining the ability to transition rapidly to execute new missions or contingency plans associated with the National Military Strategy. Logistics sub-activities are:

SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION - provides for the worldwide movement of Army materiel and equipment in a manner that ensures the items are received when required at the most economical cost available.

CENTRAL SUPPLY ACTIVITIES - the procurement and management of Army materiel and equipment (excluding ammunition); and the timely receipt and issue to/from the supply depots in the required quantities. LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITIES - support the Army's total logistics chain, ensuring the Army can perform its missions both in peacetime and in wartime.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

supply depot operations that ensures conventional ammunition is available to the Army - total support for conventional ammunition from management to procurement and and the other Services when required. maintenance activities, and AMMUNITION MANAGEMENT

SERVICEWIDE SUPPORT

This funding allows the Army to field a trained and ready force through the provision of administrative support, communication and information management systems, management programs and support for the operating Servicewide Support sub-activities are: ADMINISTRATION - supports a trained and professional staff capable of supporting the operational forces in peacetime and capable of assuming all necessary staff functions in wartime.

a network of communication systems and information management programs support Army management in peacetime and provide for contingency requirements at all organizational levels SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS -

MANPOWER MANAGEMENT - the administration and professional personnel management of the Army's active service members and civilian employees.

members and civilian employees during all phases of their careers to include recruitment, training, assignments OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT - a system of personnel management programs to support the Army's active service and career progression. OTHER SERVICE SUPPORT - the administration of public information and community affairs programs, investigation activities, disability compensation and other support programs.

of various ARMY CLAIMS AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ACTIVITIES - supports the fair and equitable adjudication claims that arise between claimants and the Army.

are available worldwide to allow the Army to accomplish its mission in any geographical location or environment. REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT - the administration of real estate and construction to ensure adequate facilities

BASE SUPPORT - provides for the support and maintenance of installation operations that provide the quality environment for a trained and ready Army, including base operations, base communications, audiovisual environmental compliance, child development, and family centers.

REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - maintenance of installation infrastructure at the U.S. Army Materiel Command and the Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), including major repairs and minor construction. (AMC)

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

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DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION ACCOUNT (DERA) - the restoration to their original condition of environmentally harmed areas located on currently and previously owned Army facilities.

SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS

۵ This funding allows the Army to meet global commitments in support of our National Military Strategy and Support of Other Nations sub-activities are: pursue cooperative activities with other nations.

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY HEADQUARTERS - funds the achievement of the National Security Strategy by meeting international, collective security commitments.

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS - enhancement of military to military cooperation.

II. Force Structure Summary

This budget activity provides funding for the Army's management and support activities to include the Departmental Headquarters and the following major field commands:

Army Materiel Command
Information Systems Command
Intelligence and Security Command
Military Traffic Management Command
Corps of Engineers (Less Civil Works)
Criminal Investigation Command
U. S. Army Space and Strategic Defense Command

Also funded is associated support for field operating agencies and subordinate commands, and the Army's Program Executive Officers (PEO). (Details are provided at the Activity Group level.)

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	i		FY 1995			
	FY 1994	Budget		Current	FY 1996	FY 1997
	Actuals	Request Ap	Appropriation	Estimate	Request	Request
A. Activity Groups:						
1. Security Programs	354,101	400,696	400,696	383,149	362,333	373,658
2. Logistics Operations	1,666,809	1,754,706	1,779,046	1,683,185	1,630,274	1,433,624
3. Servicewide Support	4,088,845	2,796,602	2,700,766	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456
4. Support of Other Nations	208,089	285,792	270,962	271,392	282,224	290,762
Total	6,317,844	5,237,796	5,151,470	5,086,412	5,100,934	4,908,500
B. Reconciliation Summary:		Change FY 1995/FY 1995	FY	Change 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY	Y. 1997
Baseline Funding		756 5		2 0 0 0 2		000
Congressional Adj (Distributed)		-86,326		N/A	, C	0, 100, 934 N/A
Congressional Adj (Undistribute	ed)	-135,296	10	N/A		N/A
Price Change		15,920	0	56,717		193,574
Functional Transfer		17,814	===	11,107		10,811
Frogram Changes		36, 504	en.	-53,302	ï	396,819
Current Estimate		5,086,412		5,100,934	4,9	4,908,500

FY 1995 President's Budget Request......\$ 5,237,796 FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)...... 5,151,470 Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)......\$ 5,502 Civilian Pay Adjustments......\$ -3,476 -13,626 -23,938 -31,400 -1,577 These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund......\$ Contractor and Consulting Services...... Information Technology (General Reduction).....\$ Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise.....\$ Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive).....\$ Classified Program......\$ GSA Rental Payments......\$ and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases Congressional Adjustments (Distributed): Price Growth: ਰ ъф. В III.

Total Price Growth......\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Administrative Workyears)
d Personnel Housing (UPH) Support.\$ djustment (Base Communications perations
d Personnel Housing (UPH) Support.\$ djustment (Base Communications perations
djustment (Base Communications perations
perationss
₹.
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Arms Control)\$
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Aberdeen Proving
Grounds Asbestos Removal)\$ 4,700
Operations Realignment\$
Fort Meade Transfer\$
, MACOM and
Headquarters and administrative overhead) 3
roject,
Adjustment (Wild Horses Roundup,
White Sands Missile Range)\$ 1,500
an-Up).\$
Congressional Adjustment (Military Traffic
Pricing)\$
Congressional Adjustment (Travel)\$
Campbell Transfer\$

81,673

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra-Appropriation Transfers Out:

b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Administrative Workyears)	
Total Transfers Out\$ -63,859	
Total Functional Program Transfers\$	17,814
Program Increases	
a. Pentagon Renovation	
Total Program Increases\$	53,200
Program Decreases	
a. Civilian Pay Off-Set	
Total Program Decreases\$	-16,696
1995 Current Estimate	5,086,412
Price Growth\$	56,717

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

a. c. d. f. f. Intra App	a. Central Design Activities. b. Overseas Mail. c. Expense/Investment Criteria.Policy Change. c. Expense/Investment Criteria.Policy Change. d. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency. e. Joint Visual Information Service Distribution Activity. (JVISDA). \$ 1,107 e. Joint Visual Information Service Distribution Activity. (JVISDA). \$ 100 f. Passport/VISA. f. Passport/VISA. f. Passport/VISA. f. Passport/INSA. Intra Appropriation Transfers In: a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization. b. Criminal Investigation Command Base Support. Total Transfers In Fotal Transfers In 7 5 1,937
Inter App	
g Q O Q Q H Q G H L X	Multiple Launch Rocket System Improvement
	Total Transfers Out\$ -40,830

September 1994 Page BA 4-8

Total Functional Program Transfers......\$

11,107

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

	<u> </u>		42	34	574			
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End Item Management Real Property Maintenance Power Projection Infrastr Benefits to Former Employ Prisoner-of-War/Missing-I Supply Depot Operations Environmental Compliance One More Compensable Work Civilian Personnel Manage	ses:	Logistics Support	Total Program Decreases	: Rec	:	gram	atio	l Per
End Real Pow Bent Pris Supi Envi	ecrea	RETI Logi Comm Secu Pent Trar Ammu Base Nort	Tc	ıdget	vth.	l Prc	ropri	Civilian Personnel
я ф о ф о ф с т	Program Decreases:			FY 1996 Budget Request	Price Growth	Functional Program Transfers:	Intra-Appropriation Transfers	Civ
	rogr			Y 19	rice	unct	ntra	
	щ			щ	щ	ᄪ	H	

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September 1994

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in	in Thousands) (Continued):		
C. Reconciliation: Incre	Increases and Decreases:		
Intra-Appropriation Transfers Out:	Out:		
Defense Standardization	\$	-20,600	
Total Functional Trans	ransfers	ψ, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-9,789
FY 1997 Program Increases:			
Benefits to Former Employees	ў ў ў ў ў ў	57,860	
Total Program Increase	eases	φ	57,860
FY 1997 Program Decreases:			
b. Ammunition Management c. Base Support d. Transportation e. Communications f. Real Estate Management g. Logistics Support h. Manpower Management i. International Military H j. Claims k. Army Career Alumni Progr	\$ eadquarters \$ am. ters Account (AMHA)		
n. Security Programs	ك كالتوري المراقع المراق	- 1	
Total Program Decrease	eases	7- s	-434,079
FY 1997 Budget Request		4,8	908,500

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: Performance criteria appears at the detail by activity group section, Part 2.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997	
Military End Strength (Total)	22,735	22,021	20,852	20,439	-1,169 -575	-413 -306	
Enlisted	15,841	14,861	14,267	14,160	-594	-107	
Civilian End Strength (Total)	33,151	31,458	33,931	33,827	2,473	-104	
U.S. Direct Hire	31,460	29,806	32,449	32,366	2,643	۳ و ا	
roterym Macromar Direct mire Total Direct Hire	32,137	30,411	33,053	32,970	2,642	-83	
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,014	1,047	878	857	-169	-21	
Military Workyears (Total)	23,651	22,378	21,437	20,646	-942	-792	
Officer	986'9	7,027	6,873	6,432	-155	-441	
Enlisted	16,665	15,351	14,564	14,214	-787	-351	
Civilian Workyears (Total)	34,055	31,464	34,506	34,040	3,042	-466	
U.S. Direct Hire	32,455	29,644	32,969	32,567	3,325	-402	
Foreign National Direct Hire	521	709	591	909	-118	15	
Total Direct Hire	32,976	30,353	33,560	33,173	3,207	-387	
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,079	1,111	946	867	-165	-79	

direct Note: BA-4 U.S. Direct Hire civlian endstrength and workyears between FY 1995/6/7 are overstated due to a Note:

Y 199 rect	
in the F The cor	Change FY 1996/1997 -115
o adjust orandum.	EY 19
error. The Army discovered this situation too late to adjust in the FY 199 plan to do so in the FY 1997/01 Program Objective Memorandum. The correct are as follows:	Change FY 1995/1996 -878 -1,061
scovered this sit FY 1997/01 Prog	FY 1997 27,640 27,858
r. The Army dis to do so in the s follows:	FY 1996 27,636 27,973
<pre>lirect/reimbursable coding error. The Ar President's Budget, and we plan to do so endstrength and workyears are as follows:</pre>	FY 1995 28,514 29,034
<pre>direct/reimbursable coding President's Budget, and we endstrength and workyears</pre>	End Strength Workyears

I. Description of Operations Financed

Security programs consist of the Consolidated Cryptologic Program (CCP), the General Defense Intelligence Program (GDIP), the Foreign Counterintelligence Program (FCI), Security and Investigative Activities (S&IA), and Arms Control treaties implementation. Security Programs -

Order 12333. The respective program managers are: CCP - Director, National Security Agency (NSA); GDIP -Director, Defense Intelligence Agency; FCI - Assistant Secretary of Defense for Command, Control and Communication The CCP, GDIP, and FCI are part of the National Foreign Intelligence Program (NFIP), regulated by Executive and Intelligence (ASD, C3I).

The CCP, GDIP, and FCI budgets are fully documented and justified in classified submissions and are available to properly cleared individuals on request.

Intelligence Materiel Division at Fort George G. Meade, Maryland; U.S. Army Europe, Heidelberg, Germany; and 650th installations, activities and research and development efforts; non-standard administrative and technical support of Army intelligence, counterintelligence and security countermeasure (CI/SCM) programs in support of the ground forces commander. It provides resources for the operation of various intelligence and CI/SCM activities of the Headquarters, U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command, Fort Belvoir, Virginia; Army Materiel Command, The S&IA supports combat readiness through counterintelligence and other intelligence support to Army MI Group in Shape, Belgium.

Arms control treaty implementation funding captures all operating and development costs directly associated with implementing arms control treaties and agreements.

The cost driver for Security Programs is the National Military Intelligence Estimate. The cost control treaties implementation is the number of inspections scheduled by each individual treaty.

II. Force Structure Summary:

See classified submission for this information.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	. FY 1996	Estimate Request Request		384,529 362,333 373,658	-1,380	383,149 362,333 373,658	Change 1996 FY 1996/FY 1997			N/A N/A				362,333 373,658
FY 1995		Appropriation Est		390,749 38	ı	390,749 38	Change FY 1995/FY		0					
	Budget	Request		400,696		400,696	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	400,696		. 16 6-	1,380	-e , 82,	-2,15	383,149
	FY 1994	Actuals	A. Subactivity Group:	1. Security Programs 354,101	2. Civilian Pay Offset	Total 354,101	B. Reconciliation Summary:	Baseline Funding		Congressional Adj (Undistributed)	Price Change	Functional Transfer	Program Changes	Current Estimate

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

ບ່

FY 1995 P	FY 1995 President's Budget (Amended)	\$ 400,696	ဖွ
Congressi	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-0- \$:	1
Allocatio con	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
ď	Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise\$	616	
.d	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$	544	
ບ	GSA Rental Payments\$	-29	
ġ.	Information Technology (General Reduction)\$	-50	
ψ	General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund\$	-51	
ų.	Contractor and Consulting Services\$	-336	
g.	Classified Program\$ -2	\$ -2,577	
ъ.	Civilian Personnel Understrength \$ -8,064	3,064	
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	4.947	1
FY 1995 A	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	sv.	

Price Growth:

Civilian Pay Adjustments	W-	1,380
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request has been provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored.		
III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):		
C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:		
Tunctional Program Transfers:		
Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:		
a. Travel Realignment	-399	
b. Administrative Workyears Realignment	-425	
c. Arms Control Realignment	-6,000	
Total Transfers Out	\$ -6,824	
Total Functional Program Transfers	\$	-6,824

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Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases

a. Civilian Pay Off-Set	
b. Security Programs	
Total Program Decreases\$	-2,156
FY 1995 Current Estimate\$	383,149
Price Growth\$	10,231
Functional Program Transfers:	

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

Expense/Investment Criteria.Policy Change \$ 2,887
Transfers funding from Other Frocurement, Army appropriation
to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This action
permits all non-centrally managed equipment to be funded by the
Operation and Maintenance Appropriation rather than the procurement
appropriation.

	2,887
Total Transfers In\$ 2,887	Total Functional Program Transfers\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

a. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base \$386)\$ 1,116	1,116
This program increase reflects the addition of transition	
costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our	
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes	
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along	
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on	
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive	
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting	
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in	
concert with the VSIP estimate.	

b. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base \$130,335).\$ This program increase is due to one more compensable workday in FY 1996. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996.

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r s	_
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	gram
	Pro
	Total Program Increases

Program Decreases:

	\$ -35,513
sion for details\$ -35,513	Total Program Decreases\$ -35,513
Security Programs	Total Program Decreases

FY 1996 Budget Request...... \$ 362,333

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth\$	986'6
Program Increases:	
Benefits to Former Employees (FY 95 Base \$1,502)\$ 1,489 This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the VSIP estimate.	
Total Program Increases\$	1,489
Program Decreases:	
Security Programss -150 See classified submission for details.	
Total Program Decreases\$	-150
FY 1997 Budget Requests 3	\$ 373,658

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Security Programs

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: Performance criteria appears at the detail by activity group section, Part 2.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	5,611 1,177 4,434	5,932 1,370 4,562	5,644 1,076 4,568	5,634 1,067 4,567	-288 -294 6	-10 -10
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	2,800 2,447 106 2,553 247	2,854 2,600 114 2,714 140	2,385 2,257 2,338 2,338	2,284 2,156 81 2,237 47	- 469 - 343 - 346 - 376 - 93	-101 -101 0 -101 0
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	5,642 1,125 4,517	5,772 1,274 4,498	5,788 1,223 4,565	5,640 1,072 4,568	16 -51 67	-149 -152 3
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	3,801 106 3,907 150	2,765 2,455 112 2,567 198	2,485 2,313 87 2,400 85	2,384 2,254 2,337 2,337	-280 -142 -25 -167 -113	-101 -59 -4 -63

I. Description of Operations Financed:

Activities, Logistics Support Activities, and Conventional Ammunition Management. These programs support the Logistics Operations includes the areas of Transportation, Central Supply National Military Strategy by enabling logistics readiness, strategic agility, and power projection. Logistics Operations -

Command (MSC), Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), and commercial carriers. The cost drivers are short transportation and the Defense Freight Railway Interchange Fleet (DFRIF). Funding supports Second Destination Transportation of Army supplies and equipment transported by the Air Mobility Command (AMC), Military Sealift customers, the movement of goods and mail to support service members worldwide and the management of ground Servicewide Transportation operations include the movement of materiel between Army depots and Army tons and measurement tons of cargo shipped.

administration), quality assurance services not assigned to the Defense Contract Administration Service, supply depot support, and integrated materiel management operations for all Army major end items, except conventional ammunition end items. Cost drivers are the issue and receipt of end items and the level of the Army end item Central Supply Activities are defined as the Army's central procurement activities (to include contract

include support to logistical commands, logistical automation support systems, disposal of radioactive waste or unwanted radioactive material, and Troop Issue Subsistence Activities. Logistics support activity cost drivers are the size of our land forces (number of division force equivalents) and operating tempo. Logistics Support Activities support equipping, deploying, and sustaining the Army. Activities funded

equipment in support of the drawdown of forces in Europe and other theaters. Conventional ammunition management Conventional Ammunition. This includes ammunition supply depot support, inventory control point operations, ammunition procurement, administrative activities, and national maintenance operations which relate to Conventional ammunition funding supports the redistribution and re-warehousing of Conventional Ammunition Management provides funding for the Army to act as the DOD Single Manager for cost drivers are the size of the ammunition inventory, number of lines, different types of ammunition and quantities of ammunition received, stored, and issued. conventional ammunition.

II. Force Structure Summary:

Command (AMC), Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC),. The following major activities and installations are This budget activity provides funding for the Army's logistics operations, including the Army Materiel supported by this budget activity group:

Army Materiel Command:

Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM) Army Missile Command (MICOM)

Aviation and Troop Command (ATCOM)

Tank-Automotive Command (TACOM)

Army Industrial Operations Command (IOC) Simulation, Training and Instrumentation Command (STRICOM)

Test and Evaluation Command (TECOM) Installation and Services Activity (ISA)

Industrial Engineering Activity (IEA)

Army Materiel Systems Analysis Activity (AMSAA) Test, Measurement and Diagnostic Equipment Activity (USATA)

Security Support Activity (SSA)

Soldier System Command (SSC)

AMC Management Engineering Activity (AMCMEA)

AMC-Europe (AMCEUR)

Logistics Support Activity (LOGSA) Chemical, Biological Defense Command (CBDCOM)

Chemical, Bloiogical Delense Command (CB Military Traffic Management Command:

Western Area (1 CONUS Military Port, Port Operations at Western U.S. Ports, 20 Western States, Alaska, Pusan (Republic of Korea), Okinawa, Japan)

Azores, Panama, Puerto Rico, European Ports and Terminals); Defense Freight Railway Interchange Fleet Eastern Area (2 CONUS Military Ports, Port Operations at Eastern/Gulf U.S. Ports, 28 Eastern States, (DFRIF); and the Transportation Engineering Agency (MTMCTEA)

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Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands): III.

				FY 1995				
		FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request	
Ą.	Sub-Activity Group:							
i.	Servicewide Transportation	597,313	544,832	561,372	557,360	542,910	530,680	
5.	Central Supply Activities	451,604	478,524	484,324	412,422	487,281	362,145	
÷	Logistic Support Activities	340,882	342,751	344,751	344,555	299,230	285,884	
4.	Ammunition Management	277,010	388,599	388,599	389,240	300,853	254,915	
5.	Civilian Pay Offset				-4,092			
•	MSC Rate Change				-16,300			
	Total	1,666,809	1,754,706	1,779,046	1,683,185	1,630,274	1,433,624	
'n	Reconciliation Summary:		Change FY 1995/FY 19	Change	ge 5/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY	FY 1997	
Bas Cur	Baseline Funding Congressional Adj (Distributed) Congressional Adj (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate	æ	1,754,706 24,340 -52,082 0 -43,779 0 1,683,185		1, 683, 185 N/A N/A 33, 907 -19, 147 -67, 671 1, 630, 274	1, 6	1,630,274 N/A N/A 93,686 0 -290,336 1,433,624	

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 P	1995 President's Budget Request\$ 1,754,706
Congressi	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed):
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
FY 1995 A	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed):
Allocatio The increases	Allocation of Congressional Amount(Distributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.
๙	Additional 4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise
ъ.	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$ 1,430
ΰ	Contracting and Consulting Services
ď.	Information Technology (General Reduction)
ψ	General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund \$ -13,136
#	Civilian Personnel Understrength
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 Price Growth:

Civilian Pay Adjustments\$
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal
employees nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate
funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary
to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request
will be provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be
restored.

4,092

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (MTMC Pricing)\$ 1,000 Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the full execution of this Congressional adjustment.
appropriation to enable the full adjustment.

Intr

a. European Materiel Retrograde (RETROEUR)\$ -25,400
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army
appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional
adjustment.

b. Administrative Workyears Realignment

c. Aberdeen Proving Grounds Asbestos Removal Realignment\$ -4,700	700
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional	
adjustment.	

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

.\$ -1,900

\$ -377			
e. Travel Realignment\$	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional	adjustment

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	1995 Program Decreases
	199

Total Translers Out	FY 1995 Program Decreases	Civilian Pay Off Set	approved, funding will be restored.
	FY 1995	о шихи	IU

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter-Appropriation Transfers In:

Army/Air Force Post Office (APO) Overseas Mail.....\$ of APO mail resulted from the reductions and changes in the overseas for the overocean transportation of Army/Air Force Post Office (APO) This transfer provides funding from the U.S. Air Force to the revised split of 40% Air Force and 60% Army for the transportation The Army and Air Force have agreed to revise the percentage split U.S. Army in the Operations and Maintenance, Army appropriation. mail. The original split was 45% Air Force and 55% Army. The force structure. Inter Appropriation Transfers Out

a. Multiple Launch Rocket System Improvement.........\$ -23,460 (FDI), and other associated costs to support, operate, and field the appropriation. This transfer will properly align these funds to the funds for Production and Engineering Support, Fielding Requirements, New Equipment Training (NET), First Destination Transportation The Army was provided Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation, Budget Activity 4 (Administration and Servicewide Activities - Logistics Operations) Multiple Launch Rocket Systems (MLRS). However, the funds were Transfers funding within US Army Materiel Command from erroneously provided to the Operation and Maintenance, Army to Missile Procurement, Army appropriation. Missile Procurement, Army appropriation.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

b. Missile Demilitarization	appropriation, Budget Activity 4 (Administration and Servicewide Activities - Logistics Operations) to Missile Procurement, Army (MIPA) appropriation. This transfer realigns missile	demilitarization funding to support demilitarization of Class V missiles, rockets, and explosive components. This transfer will	transfer of all Class V missiles into Missile ht, Army appropriation.
b. Missile Transfers f	appropriation, Bu Activities - Logi (MIPA) appropriat	demilitarization missiles, rockets	complete the tran Procurement, Army

c. United States Army Reserve Command (USARC)\$
Transfers funding from US Army Forces Command (FORSCOM),
Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation Budget Activity 1
(Operating Forces) and Budget Activity 4 (Administration and
Servicewide Activities - Logistics Operations) to US Army Reserve
Command (USARC), Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve
appropriation. This aligns funding for installation, contract,
manpower, and other support to Reserve Components at Fort Pickett,
Fort McCoy, and Fort Hunter-Liggett with USARC for operational
control

-277

d. Logistical Support Management for Zebra Pinto Program\$	-110
Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and	
Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Nuclear Agency (DNA).	
This action transfers resources required to provide logistical	
Support management for the ZERBA DING program	

	-19,14
\$ -25,547	S.
Total Transfers Out\$ -25,547	31-31-5
nt	Transfers
l Transfers C	Total Functional Transfers.
Tota.	Tota

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

3. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- Supply End Item Management Operations (FY 1995 Base: \$314,862)...\$ 82,364 Stinger, Keowa, Blackhawk, Apache, Abrams, Bradley, Longbow, Comanche and SINCGARS. It also provides technical support to troop units, This increase funds requirements for End Item Management. It critical for sustaining the capability and effectiveness of these engineering services, and central procurement. This funding is post production engineering, technical data packages, technical provides contractual technical weapon system support for key warfighting end item systems.
- Supply Depot Operations (FY 1995 Base: \$95,100)..........\$ This funding increase supports the Army issue and receipt of major end items of equipment at Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) and Army distribution depots. It also supports DLA tiered pricing.for principal end items and Care of Supplies in Storage (COSIS) from
- One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$391,179)..\$ more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay This program increase is due to the fact that there is one
- Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$1,277)........\$ Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on This program increase reflects the addition of transition adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting concert with the VSIP estimate.

Total Program Increases......\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

- Second Destination Transportation (SDT) (FY 1995 Base: \$528,311)..\$ requirements. This programmatic reduction from FY 1995 to FY 1996 reduction of recurring OCONUS second destination transportation The Army's transition to a smaller force results in a reflects decreased directed redistribution requirements.
- \$.... major portion of rolling stocks and ammunition. In FY 1995 the Army has retrograded and processed approximately 456,000 short tons of Class VII (containers) in accordance with the Army troop reductions required to be refurbished prior to distribution to the Active Army and Reserve components. This program is scheduled to be completed ammunition and approximately 12,000 pieces of equipment, and other The equipment is in varying states of repair and is in Europe. In FY 1996 an additional 34 aircraft and approximately Program has been reduced as the Army is completing the return of 30,000 short tons of other class VII items (containers) will be retrograded.
- -60,610\$ operations support, troop issue support, and tactical and command and consulting and contracting services, automation data programs (ADP) c. Logistics Support (FY 1995 Base: \$329,730)........... reduction in the overall logistic support for logistics systems; deploying and sustaining of the Army. This decrease reflects a Logistics Support Activities funding supports equipping, control systems.

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

The Army is the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition, servicewide. The Army's transition to a smaller force results in a reduction of recurring ammunition requirements. This transition generated increased requirements for the relocation and redistribution of war reserve stocks of ammunition in Europe and other theaters in FY 1995. This programmatic reduction from FY 1995 to FY 1996 reflects decreased requirements associated with war reserve stocks.
Total Program Decreases\$ -178,023
FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 1,630,274
Price Growth\$ 93,419
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:
Defense Standardization Program

-20,600

Total Functional Program Transfers...........\$

Total Transfers Out.....\$ -20,600

III. Financial Summary (0&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1996 Base: \$15,759)\$	26,598
This program increase reflects the addition of transition	
costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our	
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes	
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along	
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on	
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive	
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting	
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in	
concert with the VSIP estimate.	

Total Program Increases......\$

Program Decreases:

- -52,851Second Destination Transportation (FY 1996 Base: \$542,910).....\$ reduced. The program is properly funded to sustain a smaller Army force structure and the expected redistribution requirements from requirement, the Second Destination Transportation program was Based on force structure drawdown and reduced OCONUS the Army's drawdown
- -154,361 Supply Management Operations (FY 1996 Base: \$487,281)......\$
 This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997. ٠ م
- -7,903 ບ່
- -80,952 Conventional Ammunition Management (FY 1996 Base: \$300,853)....\$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997. ਰ

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	FY 1997 Budget Request

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Second Destination Transportation Performance Measures:

766	(000)\$	40,964	7,479	178,902	101,112	76,700 125,523	530,680
FY 1997	UNITS	16,756	23	2,019,210	102,227 4,956,470	39,233 1,684,872	
966	\$ (000)	45,613	7,459	175,602	102,227	76,600 135,409	542,910
FY 1996	UNITS	20,112	22	2,242,682	105,040 5,743,090	40,358 1,870,290	
95	\$ (000)	48,592	7,399	162,315	105,040	72,500 145,214	541,060
FY 1995	UNITS	23,097	25	2,478,091	6,776,774	39,306 2,065,633	
94	\$ (000)	48,243	7,335	221,930	99,419	73,987	597,314
FY 1994	UNITS	23,573	28	2,568,634	7,001,338	41,234 2,140,350	
		Alr Mobility Command Regular Channel (ST)	Special Assignment Airlift Msn (SAAM)	Military Sealift CMD Regular Routes (MT)	Military Traffic Managment Command	Commercial Air (ST) Surface (ST)	TOTAL

Short Tons = ST Measurement Tons = MT Special Assignment Airlift Mission = SAAM

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Logistics Operations

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Second Destination Transportation by Selected Commodities:

	FY 1994 UNITS	\$ (000)	FY 1995 UNITS	\$ (000)	FY 1996 UNITS	(000) \$ 96	FY 1997 UNITS	\$ (000)
Cargo (ST)	21,917	69,900	21,670	65,600	19,486	63,500	18,405	60,999
(MT)	10,074,992	290,264	10,027,585	272,942	8,512,344	267,890	7,317,889	258,259
(MSN)	28	7,335	25	7,399	22	7,459	23	7,479
Base Exchanges (ST) (MT)	1,104	3,600	852	2,800	878	2,800	877	2,800
	1,526,308	140,400	1,177,424	107,293	1,213,446	110,513	1,212,391	110,360
Subsistence (ST) (MT)	543	1,800	575	2,000	649	2,000	649	2,000
	109,022	10,028	115,489	10,526	130,272	12,148	130,272	12,083
Overseas Mail (ST)	41,243	73,987	39,306	72,500	39,457	76,600	36,058	76,700
TOTAL		597,314		541,060		542,910		530,680

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Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Logistics Operations

V. <u>Personnel Summary</u> :	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	1091 505 586	1220 603 617	1199 583 616	958 395 563	-21 -20 -1	-241 -188 -53
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	9980 9735 100 9835 145	7607 7383 52 7435 172	11705 11503 52 11555 150	11602 11400 52 11452 150	4098 4120 0 4120 -22	-103 -103 0 -103
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	1118 533 585	1156 554 602	1210 593 617	1079 489 590	54 39 15	-131 -104 -27
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	9029 8834 56 8890 139	7823 7599 67 7666 157	11616 11402 53 11455	11601 11400 52 11452 149	3793 3803 -14 3789	-15 -2 -1 -3

Note: BA-42 U.S. Direct Hire civilian endstrength and workyears between FY 1996/97 are overstated due to a direct/reimbursable coding error. The Army discovered this error to late to adjust in the FY 1996/97 President's Budget and plans to correct this problem in the FY 1997/01 Program Objective Memorandum (POM). The correct direct endstrength and workyears are as follows:

Change FY 1996/1997	-0-	300
Change FY 1995/1996	009	84
FY997	7,983	7,983
FY1996	7,983	7,683
FY 1995	7,383	7,599
	End Strength	Workyears

Administration and Servicewide Activities Activity Group: Servicewide Support Budget Activity/Activity Group:

Description of Operations Financed:

Management, Other Personnel Support, Other Service Support, Army Claims and Administrative Support Activities, Real Estate Management, Base Support (for Service Support activities), Real Property Maintenance, and the Defense Environmental Restoration Account. These programs support the National Military Strategy by enabling personnel Servicewide Support - Servicewide Support consists of Administration, Servicewide Communications, Manpower readiness of the force.

Cost drivers are the number of Army Management Headquarters, Administration - Consists of the operation of management headquarters for the support forces of the Army that are fully trained, professional, and capable of supporting the operational forces in peacetime and of assuming all necessary staff functions in wartime. installations, and force structure.

Servicewide Communications - Consists of the Army's information management activities, information program management, central software design, Defense Communications System, Long Haul Communications, information security, satellite ground communications, and the National Science Center for Communications and Electronics. Cost drivers are installations, force structure, and end strength.

Objectives are to provide (1) Cost drivers are force structure, end strength, and Manpower Management - Consists of the administration and professional personnel management of the Army's significantly reduced layering which will support National Performance Review mandated reductions in overhead, active service members and civilian employees. Included herein is the Civilian Personnel Regionalization initiative which provides for consolidation of civilian personnel functions that can be performed centrally. the most effective, efficient application of constrained resources; (2) simplified business processes and control and supervisory positions; and (3) standard civilian personnel servicing configuration to assure Services requiring face-to-face contact will be provided by on-site advisory units. consistent, quality delivery of civilian personnel services. retention policies.

members and civilian employees during all phases of their careers to include recruitment, training, assignments and career progression. This activity includes U.S. Total Army Personnel Command, Community and Family Support Center, POW/MIA and Casualty Operations, correctional facilities, drug abuse prevention, the Army Career Alumni Other Personnel Support - A system of personnel management programs to support the Army's active service Program (ACAP), and Armed Forces Radio and Television (AFRTS). Cost drivers are end strength and retention

criminal investigation (of serious crimes) activities, protective service of DoD officials, national agency checks Other Service Support - The administration of public information and community relations programs worldwide, Cost drivers are force by Defense Investigative Service, disability compensation and other support programs. structure and number of installations.

. Description of Operations Financed (Continued)

various claims that arise between claimants and the Army and the administration of real estate and construction to ensure adequate facilities are available worldwide to allow the Army to accomplish its mission in any geographical Army Claims and Administrative Support Activities - Provides for the fair and equitable adjudication of location or environment.

Real Estate Management - Consists of the administration of real estate planning and acquisition, development Real estate activities are conducted by the Army Corps of Engineers. Cost drivers are real estate acquisitions, leases, appraisals, and support to installation of design and planning guidance, and environmental compliance. Directors of Engineering and Housing.

Base Support - The operation, support, and maintenance of installation operations that provide the quality environment for a trained and ready Army, including base operations, base communications, audiovisual and visual information services, environmental compliance, child development, and family centers.

- (1) Base Operations Specific resource accounts designate functions of an installation support nature such as administration; automation support; morale, welfare and recreation services; base services support, including estate leases; community and morale support activities; facility support services; and maintenance of equipment. supply, resource management, contracting, personnel, preservation of order, transportation, and utilities; real
- communications facilities and equipment systems which provide local communications for installations/activities (2) Base Communications - Operation and maintenance of Army nontactical, base (post, camp, and station) worldwide. Include GSA local and long distance (toll) service, cellular service, telecommunications centers (TCCs) and telephone switches in CONUS and OCONUS, and equipment requirements.
- video without sound, graphic art, presentation facilities, radio and closed circuit television and broadcast (less Army Broadcast Service), cable television, videodisc, repair of maintenance of equipment, visual information library services and holding facilities, combat and technical documentation, and video teleconferencing terminals. (3) Audiovisual and Visual Information - Management, administration, and operation of installation, MACOM, Headquarters, and Joint Visual Information Service and activities. Audiovisual services provide motion picture and video production with sound. Visual information provides services associated with production, acquisition, including in-house or contract operation pertaining to still and motion picture photography, multimedia sound, and support of visual images, either permanently recorded or temporarily displayed, transmitted or reproduced
- travel, supplies, permits, fees, support equipment, service, and construction contracts (if the primary purpose is to comply with environmental standards) and the associated costs specifically identified and measurable to (4) Environmental Compliance - Costs required to comply with applicable environmental laws, regulations, criteria and standards. Includes manpower (if over 50% of time is devoted to environmental duties), training, environmental compliance.

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I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued)

- (5) Child Development Services (CDS) Direct costs required for management, administrative, and caregiving staff to provide developmental care and to minimize the risk of child abuse in Army child care settings. Accounts CDS programs and services include: for equipment, supplies, training, and TDY of appropriated fund personnel. CDS programs and services include center-based operations (full day care, hourly care, part day, and special needs programs); child development education program specialists; latch key program; and quarters based child care operations.
- Program; Foster Care; Financial Planning Consumer Affairs; Information, Referral, and Follow Up; Outreach; and Army Community Services; Exceptional Family Member Program; Family Advocacy; Family Member Employment (6) Family Centers (Army Community Services) - Direct manpower costs, support equipment and supplies, facilities, and the associated costs specifically identifiable and measurable to the following programs and

Real Property Maintenance - The maintenance of installation infrastructure at the U.S. Army Materiel Command (AMC) and the Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), including Minor Construction and Maintenance and Repair.

- (1) Minor Construction Direct manpower, support equipment, facilities, and associated costs specifically identifiable and measurable to all construction costing less than the statutory maximum amount for Minor Military Construction project as established in Section 2805 of Title 10 U.S.C. (currently \$300,000).
- things as repair of electrical circuitry, heating and air conditioning, water piping, and routine maintenance such facilities, pavements (roads, parking lots, runways, etc.), land, and grounds. Includes, but not limited to, (2) Major Repairs - Direct manpower, support equipment, facilities, and associated costs specifically identifiable and measurable to maintenance and repair of real property, i.e., utilities, buildings, other as caulking, painting, etc.

Defense Environmental Restoration Account (DERA) - Provides for the restoration to their original condition of environmentally harmed areas located on currently and previously owned Army facilities. Funds are transferred which both the source and location are known, those for which source is known but sites and extent of damage have Cost drivers for DERA are incidents of environmental damage for yet to be identified, and those for which the hazard has yet to be identified. to the Army from DoD in the year of execution.

II. Force Structure Summary:

This budget activity provides funding for the Army's management and support activities to include the Departmental Headquarters and the following major field commands:

Army Materiel Command
Information Systems Command
Intelligence Security Command
Military Traffic Management Command
Corps of Engineers (Less Civil Works)
Criminal Investigation Command
U.S. Army Space and Strategic Defense Command

Also funded is associated support for field operating agencies and subordinate commands, and the Army's Program Executive Officers (PEO). (Details are provided at the Activity Group level.)

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
		FY 1994	Budget		Current	FY 1996	FY 1997
		Actuals	Request	Appropriation	Estimate	Request	Request
Ą.	Subactivity Groups:						
ij	Administration	602,000	316,751	279,522	270,794	275,238	283,579
2.	Servicewide Communications	783,069	750,494	739,476	736,132	686,446	668,485
÷.	Manpower Management	79,868	81,413	81,413	82,101	124,676	138,510
4.	Other Personnel Support	167,764	174,934	180,160	175,708	175,832	176,375
5.	Other Service Support	593,898	541,957	524,808	567,597	568,225	594,565
•	Army Claims and Oth Admin	163,522	177,564	177,266	178,362	173,290	171,524
7.	Real Estate Management	91,779	98,209	98,629	98,572	86,930	81,589
œ	Base Support	620,406	655,280	619,492	664,025	735,466	695,829
о	Defense Environmental Restoration Account	983,539	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-9,905	0	0
11.	DLA/MSC Rebate	0	0	0	-14,700	0	0
	Total	4,088,845	2,796,602	2,700,766	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

Change Change Change FY 1995/FY 1995	2,796,602 2,748,686 2,826,103 -95,836 N/A N/A -67,813 N/A N/A 9,905 2,644 82,246 62,533 27,367 10,811 43,295 47,406 -108,704
B. Reconciliation Summary:	Baseline Funding Congressional Adj (Distributed) Congressional Adj (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 Pr	President's Budget	•	S- - - - - - - - - -	2,796,602
ngressic	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)			-95,836
FY 1995 Ap	1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)		ۍ پ	2,700,766
Allocation Thes and decrea	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	8		
.	Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise\$	3,854	4	
ģ	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$	3,450	. 01	
ប់	GSA Rental Payments\$	-3,447	<i>L</i>	
Ġ.	Classified Program\$	1,000	01	
ů	General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund\$	-439	61	
ij	Contractor and Consulting Services\$	-15,564	Ť	
g.	Information Technology (General Reduction)\$	-25,950	0	
ч	Civilian Personnel Understrength\$	-30,717	7.	
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	•	\$	-67,813
Price Growth:	h:			
a. Civi. Col employee: funding to tempo will be l restored	a. Civilian Pay Adjustments		υγ	9,905

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

a. Purchase of Noncentrally Managed Equipment\$	350
Transfers funding from the Other Procurement, Army	
appropriation to Operation and Maintenance, Army (OMA)	
appropriation. This transfer is made necessary by the increase in	
the expense/investment threshold from \$25K to \$50K, allowing OMA	
funds to be used to purchase items having an investment unit cost of	
\$50K or less.	

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

a. Administrative Workyears Realignment\$	13,743
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional	
adjustment.	

b. Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing Support\$	11,495
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to facilitate the management of resources to support	
UPH construction and renovation projects. This realignment	
consolidates operation and maintenance of base support funding	
associated with furnishing UPH.	

c. Base Communications Infrastructure, Korea Realignment	11,360
Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional	
adjustment.	

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

d. Army Medical Department Base Operations	10,949
e. Arms Control Realignment	9 000
f. Aberdeen Proving Grounds Asbestos Removal Realignment	4,700
g. CASCOM Realignment	4,211
h. Fort Meade Base Operations	3,769
 Pentagon, MACOM and Headquarters Reduction Realignment\$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment. 	2,203

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Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

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74,	S	Total Transfers In\$
	247	n. Fort Campbell Base Operations; This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation properly reflects the funding required to support the testing of the White Hat Shop Smart Initiative. The Shop Smart initiative will allow the Army to work out customer-provider relationships, identify all costs associated with delivering services, and develop proper billing processes and financial reporting procedures.
	852	m. Travel Realigment
	1,000	 Hamilton AFB Clean-Up Realignment
	1,500	k. Wild Horses Round-Up, White Sands Missile Range Realignment\$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.
	1,900	<pre>j. Outside Cable Rehabilitation (OSCAR) Realignment</pre>

74,279

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

			-11,746	
-10,000	-1,264	-482	ss-	•
a. Presidio of San Francisco Infrastructure Realignment	b. Fort Ritchie Base Operations	c. Administrative Workyears Realignments Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.	Total Transfers Out	Total Functional Program Transfers

62,533

Program Increases:

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

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(Continued):	
Increases and Decreases (Continued	hering Plan
Reconciliation: 1	North American Numbering Plan.
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13,500

Realigns resources within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget software modifications within the Army's telecommunications system telecommunications system once Federal Communications Commission execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for to allow it to efficiently interface with the commercial mandated telephone area code additions are implemented. Roles and Missions Study.....\$ appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget Realigns resources within the Operation and Maintenance, Army Headquarters Department of the Army participation in the on-going execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for Department of Defense Roles and Missions Study.

2,000

2,120 d. Army Community of Excellence Award Program...... appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget Realigns resources within the Operation and Maintenance, Army execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for the Army Community of Excellence Program. Total Program Increases..............

\$

Program Decreases:

a. Civilian Pay Offsets	-9,905
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal	
employees nationwide (average increase of 1.07%). Because	
inadequate funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program	
were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A	
reprogramming request will be provided to Congress and, once	
approved, funding will be restored	

Total Program Decreases.......

-9,905

\$....

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

(Continued):	
Decreases	
Increases and	
Reconciliation:	
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FY 1995 Current Estimate		S	2,748,686
Price Growth		٠	2,644
Functional Program Transfers:			
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:			
a. Central Design Activities (FY 1995 Base: \$0)	10,000		
b. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency (FY 1995 Base: \$0)\$ Transfers funding from the Defense Commissary Agency to the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation for reimbursement of incremental base support costs to host organizations.	1,107		
c. Joint Visual Information Service Distribution Activity (FY 1995 Base: \$0)	700		
d. Passport/VISA(FY 1995 Base: \$0)	100		

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

•	•
(Continued)	つうりきずもうごうりつ
Decreases	
and Dec	
Increases	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Reconciliation:	
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Transfers funding from the Defense Health Program	'n.	ns					las	am.	
Drogram	rrogram Army appropriatic	community relation	Taintenance, Army	appropriation.	the support of	m appropriation.	is initiated, it w	vrmy funding progr	ling alignment.
	appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation.	During FY 1993, funds supporting public affairs community relations	activities were transferred from Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to the new Defense Health Program appropriation.	Specific authority does not exist to provide for the support of	community relations by the Defense Health Program appropriation.	When the Defense Health Program appropriation was initiated, it was	intended that Army line programs remain in the Army funding program.	This action is requested to correct current funding alignment.
Transiers funding from the Detense Health Program	to the Operation	3, funds supporti	re transferred fr	to the new Defen	ority does not ex	ations by the Def	nse Health Progra	Army line progra	s requested to co
Transfe	appropriation	During FY 199	activities we	appropriation	Specific auth	community rel	When the Defe	intended that	This action i

f. Army Medical Department Professional Development (FY 1995 Base: \$0)	appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This transfer of funding is required to effect the transfer of the	administrative and technical aspects of the professional development functions of the Medical Service Corps (MSC) and Army Nurse Corps (ANC). Associated manbower has already been transferred
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Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

30,435

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

b. Criminal Investigation Command Base Support
appropriation. One of the major Army commands is relocating from leased facilities in the National Capitol Region into Army-owned
facilities on Fort Belvoir, Virginia. This realignment of funds
provides this command the resources to pay base support costs at
Fort Belvoir.

42,650

Total Transfers In.......\$

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

	,
(FY 1995 Base: \$1,306)\$ -1,	-1,306
Transfers funding from the U.S. Army in the Operation and	
Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Information Systems	
Agency (DISA). This action transfers available applicable	
Telecommunications Certification Offices (TCO) to DISA for the	
capitalization of TCO assets.	

Thousands):
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C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):	c. Defense Commercial Telephone Network at Fort Detrick (FY 1995 Base: \$498)	appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) appropriation. This transfer realigns funding for commercial telephone service at Fort Detrick, which belongs to U.S. Army Medical Command (USAMEDCOM), to the user of the service to enable USAMEDCOM to pay their DCTN bill directly.

\$ -405			
e. DeWitt Army Hospital Telephone Svc Transfer (FY 1995 Base: \$405)	Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to the Defense Health Program appropriation. This	transfer aligns funding for the DeWitt Army Hospital telephone bill associated with the installation of a new telephone cuitch and	implementation of the Army's "single line" policy.

-350					
f. Reserve Component Pay Support Office (RCPSO) (FY 1995 Base: \$350)	Transfers resources from the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve	appropriation. This action aligns the RCPSO resources (seven	manpower spaces and associated funding) and functional	responsibility within the Army Reserve Personnel Command.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

(Continued):
Decreases
and
Increases
Reconciliation:
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16) H					
g. Army Small Computer Program / Joint Service Computer Program	Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) appropriation.	This transfer reflects funding realignment required to implement the	approved fee-for-service concept for the Army Small Computer	Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to	enable U.S. Army Medical Command to pay the required service fee.

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15,283	ram Transfers
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27,367

Program Increases:

a. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: \$64,210)\$	000,09
Increased funding supports barracks repairs which allows the	
Army to repair the many non-functioning components of Army's	
enlisted barracks, and fix failed and failing utility systems (e.g.,	
heating electric, and gas systems and water and sewage lines).	
Included is "Bridging the Gap," an interim Army program to the	
"Whole Barracks Renewal" program. This funding will improve the	
quality of life for our soldiers through improved living conditions	
in our barracks. Funding further supports an increase for readiness	
repair projects that impacts Army's infrastructure such as ranges,	
railroads, bridges, and training facilities. Adequate and	
consistent funding stops the growth of the backlog of maintenance	
and repair (BMAR) and improves the soldier's quality of life.	

53,000

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

- C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued)
- 14,859 Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$2,313).....\$ Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes This program increase reflects the addition of transition adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our concert with the VSIP estimate. ບ່
- 14,280 \$34,047).....\$ community to identify repatriated remains. Additionally, CILHI will use mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) analysis for those cases which can not be identified using conventional dental or anthropological analysis. identification of the approximately 8,100 unrecovered remains from The U.S. Army Central Identification Laboratory, Hawaii (USA CILHI) utilizes circumstantial information, physical Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for search, recovery, and evidence, and forensic techniques accepted by the scientific This increase is required to support missions in The Prisoner-of-War/Missing-in-Action Program (FY 1995 Base: the Korean War. ਰ
- Funds support corrective procedures and funding is primarily needed to comply with Executive Order 12856 for controls; and survey, inventory and curation of cultural resources. remedial actions; personnel training; environmental assessments at These resources provide for management and technical support Pollution Prevention and other standards set by Federal and State installations to identify operating deficiencies; preservation of habitats, and mitigation of training impacts on soil, wildlife, other natural resources; and technical support. The additional of the Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Programs, as well as Armywide support from the Army law including stormwater programs; non-point source pollution natural and cultural resources, including endangered species Environmental Compliance Program (FY 1995 Base: Environmental Center (AEC).

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	3, 835	2,800	\$		-46,500	-33,900	-16,534	-13,500
C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):	f. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$1,023,671) This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1995.	g. Civilian Personnel Management Regionalization (FY 1995 Base: \$0)	Total Program Increases	Program Decreases:	a. Communications (FY 1995 Base: \$735,429)\$ This is a reduction to primary Command, Control, Communications, and Intelligence (C3I) systems and networks funding.	b. Pentagon Renovation (FY 1995 Base: \$45,062)\$ This reduction reflects a rephasing of the Pentagon renovation plan.	c. Base Support (FY 1995 Base: \$662,364)	<pre>d. North American Numbering Plan (FY 1995 Base: \$13,500)\$ This plan, which modified the Army's telecommunications software, was a 1-time, FY 1995 expense.</pre>

157,840

Total Program Decreases.........\$

-110,434

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

. :

III.

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 2,	2,826,103
Price Growth\$	82,246
Functional Program Transfers:	
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:	
a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization (FY 1996 Base: \$30,435)\$ This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian personnel functions that do not require face-to-face interaction between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10 regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be located within the continental United States, one in Europe, one in Korea, and one in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the seven CONUS centers will be placed under the operational control of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs).	
Total Transfers In\$ 10,811	
Total Functional Program Transfers\$	10,811

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

Program Increases:

Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1996 Base: \$17,172)......\$ Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along This program increase reflects the addition of transition with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our concert with the VSIP estimate.

Program Decreases:

-62,355	
\$645,830)\$	This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.
\$645,830)	om constrained re
FY 1996 Base	e results fr
a. Base Support (FY 1996 Base: \$645	This decrease
٠ ت	

-43,721 Communications (FY 1996 Base: \$688,929).....\$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997. р.

-7,912

Real Estate Management (FY 1996 Base: \$86,930)...... In Army's ongoing efforts to downsize, this decrease reflects Support Program which provides major subordinate command operations centralized technical and operational expertise, support/oversight Installation Directors of Public Works; Construction Support; and reduced resources to the Department of Defense (DoD) Real Estate for the sustainment, health, safety and environmental aspects of infrastructure management); quick engineering response for Army real estate support; sustainment of the Army's infrastructure the computer aided design drafting system.

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Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

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-7,195	-3,714	-2,390	-2,338	-2,146
d. Manpower Management (FY 1996 Base: \$124,676)s This reduction reflects decreased workload for the U.S. Total Army Personnel Command (PERSCOM) as the force structure stabilizes.	e. Claims (FY 1996 Base: \$173,290)\$ This reduction reflects Army's support for adjudicated claims owed to military personnel, other claimants, and foreign governments (in accordance with the Status of Forces Agreements).	f. Army Career Alumni Program (FY 1996 Base: \$20,827)\$ The Army Career Alumni Program (ACAP) was designed to provide a comprehensive system of caring, dignified and organized assistance to those personnel leaving the Army. The principal organizational elements of the program are Transition Assistance Offices (TAOs) and contractor operated Job Assistance Centers (JACs). As the Army reaches steady state, the need for JACs is diminished, and this reduction reflects the initial phasing out of JACs in FY 1997.	<pre>g. Army Management Headquarters Account (AMHA) (FY 1996 Base: \$275,238)\$ This reduction reflects the Army's continued downsizing of management headquarters functions in compliance with Congressional intent.</pre>	h. Personnel Support Automation (FY 1996 Base: \$175,832)\$ The Army's Personnel community has implemented management initiatives and consolidations in functional automation systems. These developments establish standard functional requirements for meeting management information systems needs while ensuring the standardization, quality, and consistency of data from multiple management information systems. This reduction reflects savings associated with this effort.

FY 1997 Budget Request......\$

Total Program Decreases.....

2,810,456

-131,771

\$

Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Ŕ	Administration (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Bases, Total (CONUS) (Overseas) Population Served, Total E/S (Military End Strength) (Civilian End Strength)	FY 1994 51,487 186 640 826 8 8 8 8 50,171 5,161 45,010	FY 1995 69,531 134 560 694 8 8 8 47,622 4,903 42,759	FY 1996 40,856 131 379 510 8 8 45,279 4,658 40,621	FY 1997 67,017 116 456 572 8 8 8 8 42,563 4,378 38,185
Д	Retail Supply Operations (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength	43,278 3 538. 541	34,835 4 500 504	38,768 4 376 380	39,289 4 300 304
ပ်	Bachelor Housing OPS/Furniture. \$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Officer Quarters	11,001 0 18 18 428 4,462	14,103 0 25 25 428 4,462	17,812 0 21 21 428 4,462	23,396 0 21 21 425 4,024
Q	Other Morale, Welfare. & Rec. (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Population Served, Total E/S (Military End Strength) (Civ./Depend. End Strength)	12,622 0 125 125 50,171 5,161 45,010	10,576 0 162 162 47,622 4,903	11,793 0 85 85 45,279 4,658	12,530 0 45 42,563 4,378 38,185
យ	Maint. of Install. Equip. (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength	3,524 16 14 30	3,964 15 75 90	4,170 14 102 116	3,402 14 98 112

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Other Base Services (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Military Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Owned) Other Personnel End Strength Other Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Other Personnel End Strength Other Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Spoulation Served, Total E/S Total Personnel End Strength Teased Space (000 Sq. Ft) Total Personnel End Strength Tot	rength	FY 1994 FY 1995 FY 1995 20,154 16,512 15,112 112 317 236 405 16,058 16,475 16,455 16,058 16,475 16,455 16,455 3,122 3,053 3,043 3,122 3,043 13,402 13,402 103 457 563 36 26 50,171 47,662 45,27 46,527 45,010 47,662 46,527 46,652 45,010 42,759 46,652 46,652 45,010 42,759 40,627 46,652 45,010 42,759 40,627 40,627 9,911 9,391 9,391 9,031 9,911 2,916 3,91 9,031 9,911 2,916 3,91 9,03 9,911 2,916 3,91 9,03 9,911 2,916 3,91 9,03 9,911 2,916 3,91 9,03 9,911 2,916 3,91 9,03 9,911
FY 1994 EY 1994 112 20,154 112 113 293 405 16,058 16,472 12,936 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,422 13,423 13,422 13,423 13,423 13,423 13,423 13,423 13,423 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,483 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,483 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 119,84 2,916 2,916 0 33,518 24,00 27,239 37,239 35,52	Other Base Services (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Number of Motor Vehicles, Total Cowned) Charle Personnel End Strength Number of Motor Vehicles, Total Cowned) Charle Personnel End Strength Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Population Served, Total E/S Civilian End Strength Color Civilian End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Color Colo	FY 1994 EY 1994 EY 1996 111 1112 293 317 293 317 293 317,239 110,483 119,84 119,483 119,483 119,483 119,84 119,483 119,483 119,84 119,483 119,483 119,84 119,483 119,84 2,916 2,916 33,518 24,000
FY 1994 20,154 20,154 29,122 3,122 3,122 3,122 3,122 10,48 119,48 119,48 119,48 119,48 13,51 2,91 2,91 2,91 33,51	Other Base Services (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength (Leased) Other Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Fopulation Served, Total E/S (Military End Strength) Payments to GSA (\$000) Stand. Level User Charges (\$000) Civilian End Strength) Payments to GSA (\$000) Stand. Level User Charges (\$000) Civilian End Strength Recurring Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Facilities Supported(000 Sq. Ft) Facilities Supported(000 Sq. Ft) Facilities Supported(000 Sq. Ft)	FY 1994 20,154 20,154 405 16,058 3,122 3,122 102,936 45,01 45,01 119,48 119,48 119,48 119,48 33,51 33,51
Other Base Services (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength (Owned) (Leased) Other Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength (Civilian Personnel End Strength (Civilian End Strength) Non-GSA (\$000) Non-GSA (\$000) Non-GSA Lease Payments (\$000) Non-GSA Lease Payments for Space Leased Space (000 Sq. Ft) Recurring Reimburse. (\$000) Other Engineering Support (\$000) Other Engineering Support (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Facilities Supported(000 Sq. Ft)	Other Base Services (\$000) Military Personnel End Strengt Civilian Personnel End Strength Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Owned) (Leased) Other Personnel End Strength (Leased) Other Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Population Served, Total E/S (Military End Strength) (Civilian End Strength) Recurring Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Personnel End Strengthitary Personnel End Strengthitary Personnel End Strengthital Personnel End Strengtheatilities Supported(000 Sq. Ft) Facilities Supported(000 Sq.	Other Base Services (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Owned) (Leased) Other Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength (Civilian Personnel End Strength) (Civilian End Strength) (Civilian End Strength) (Civilian End Strength) (Civilian End Strength) Reyments to GSA (\$000) Stand. Level User Charges (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) One Time Reimburse. (\$000) Other Engineering Support (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength

^{*} Includes Pentagon restoration maintenance costs

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Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued): IV.

FY 1997 36,571 0 0 979,500 4,219,897 5,378,502 419,823 25,541	41 13,000 12,844 7,432 588 30 10,700
FY 1996 27,709 0 0 764,530 3,293,759 5,378,502 419,823 25,541	41 281 13,000 12,844 7,221 568 30 10,700 3,210
FY 1995 21,388 0 0 602,220 2,592,558 5,378,502 419,823 25,541	41 13,700 12,844 6,943 548 30 10,700 3,210
EY 1994 33,679 0 1 599,825 2,580,956 5,407,000 411,382 25,341	41 281 14,600 12,844 6,677 528 30 10,700
K. Operation of Utilities (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Electricity (MWH) Heating (MBTU) Water, Plants, & Sys. (000 gal) Sewage & Waste Systems (000 gal) Air Conditioning & Refrig. (Ton)	L. Child and Youth Develop. Program. No. of Child Develop. Centers (CDC) No. of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes Tot. Mil. Child Pop. (Infant to 12) Total Required Child Care Spaces Total Spaces CDC, FCC, and School Age % Spaces Relative to Required Spaces No. of Youth Facilities Tot. Mil. Youth Pop. (Grades 1-12) Number of Youth Served

Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued): īV.

Maintenance & Repair (\$000) Utilities (XXX) (Multi Workloads) Buildings (KSF) Pavements (KSY)				
igs (KSF) its (KSY)	58, 154	59,764	82,408	74,474
its (KSY)	36,005	34,349	33,611	32,404
	11,711	11,086	10,792	10,317
Land (AC)	68,667	65,254	63,650	61,057
Other Facilities (KSF)	1,234	1,178	1,152	1,111
Railroad Trackage (KLF)	623	623	623	623
Recurring Maintenance (\$000)	55,105	57,048	76,532	65,697
Major Repair (\$000)	3,049	2,716	5,876	8,777
Minor Construction (\$000)	3,758	4,446	9,024	9,122
Number of Projects	105	156	175	170
Administration & Support (\$000) *	61	54	118	176
Number of A&E Contracts	4	4	7	∞
Planning and Design Funds (\$000) *	61	54	118	176
	0	0	0	0
Civilian End Strength	29	28	15	7
Total Personnel End Strength	29	28	15	7
Number of Installations	∞	۵	ω	ω
Backlog of Maint. & Repair(\$000)	89,675	98,156	127,673	144,902

^{* \$}s are memo entries included in Maint.and Repair

Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

					Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1995/1996	FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	12,623 4,144 8,479	11,404 4,109 7,295	10,984 3,913 7,071	10,823 3,805 7,018	-420 -196 -224	-161 -108 -53
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	19,940 19,046 281 19,327	19,083 18,100 249 18,349	17,926 16,965 281 17,246	18,010 17,070 281 17,351	-1,157 -1,135 32 -1,103 -54	84 105 0 105 -21
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	13,503 4,264 9,239	12,014 4,127 7,887	11,194 4,011 7,183	10,904 3,859 7,045	-820 -116 -704	-290 -152 -138
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	20,663 19,612 274 19,886	19,599 18,549 297 18,846	18,506 17,546 261 17,807 699	18,156 17,205 281 17,486 670	-1,093 -1,003 -36 -1,039	1350 1341 1321 1321

I. Description of Operations Financed:

responsibilities assigned to the Army. Through the International Military Headquarters category, the Army provides U.S. financial contributions for the operation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organizations (NATO) international military commands and agencies, the NATO Airborne Early Warning and Control System, the Central European Operating Missions, Military Groups, and Offices of Defense Cooperation. Authority for such Army activities is contained in American Cooperation activities, and funds non-security assistance support of Military Assistance Advisory Groups, Defense directives. This activity group supports the National Military Strategy by providing a resource vehicle which enables the existence of collective security. The principal cost drivers for Support of Other Nations are category funds programs which further Army to Army Cooperation with allied and friendly nations, supports Latin Agency Pipeline System, and supports U.S. personnel assigned to international organizations. The Miscellaneous Miscellaneous Support to Other Nations and is required to fulfill those Department of Defense Executive Agency the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 as amended, 10 USC 1050, and pertinent Executive Orders and Department of Support of Other Nations - Support of Other Nations includes International Military Headquarters and the number of treaties/agreements in effect and the number of Army personnel assigned to international organizations.

II. Force Structure Summary:

It provides force structure support for noninternational activities of Headquarters, Supreme Headquarters Allied Power (SHAPE); U.S. Element, Čentral Army Group (CENTAG); Headquarters, Allied Forces Central Europe (AFCENT), Allied Forces South, Allied Forces North, security assistance billets in Military Advisory Assistance Groups, Missions and Military Groups, Offices of The Support of Other Nations subactivity funds the Department of Defense commitments to military United Nations Command/Combined Forces, Korea, and Central America. Defense Cooperation, and Defense Cooperation Armament.

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Support of Other Nations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget	FY 1995 Appropriation	Current	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request	
A. Subactivity Group:							
1. International Military Headquarters	176,582	265, 525	250,695	245,331	252,780	257,922	
2. Miscellaneous Support of Other Nations	31,507	20,267	20,267	26,604	29,444	32,840	
3. Civilian Personnel Off-Set				-543			
Total	208,089	285,792	270,962	271,392	282,224	290,762	
B. Reconciliation Summary:	Ch	ange 1995/FY	Change 1995 FY 1995/FY	је /FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY	1997	
Baseline Funding Congressional Adj (Distributed Congressional Adj (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate		285,792 -14,830 -5,454 543 5,884 -543	5,792 4,830 5,454 5,884 -543 1,392	271,392 N/A N/A 8,713 0 2,119 282,224	Ñ Ñ	282,224 N/A N/A 7,923 0 615 290,762	

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget (Amended)\$	3 285,792
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)\$	3 -14,830
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	
a. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	\$ -5,454
Price Growth:	
Civilian Pay Adjustmentss Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request has been provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will bc restored.	543

tivity: Administration and Servicewide Activities Activity Group: Support of Other Nations Budget Activity:

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

Marshall Center
Soviet Union (FSU) when the Secretary of Defense determines that this in our own national security interests. Participants come from those nations that have signed the Partnership for Peace program or that are members of the North Atlantic Cooperation Council of NATO. This transfer appropriately places funding support for this mission in the Miscellaneous Support to Other Nations activity.
Total Transfers In

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Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

- a. Administrative Workyears Realignment.........s -434 Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.
- -76 \$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment. b. Travel

	5,884
Out\$ -510	1 Transfers\$
otal Transfers Out.	otal Functional
Total	Total

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Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

Increases and Decreases: Reconciliation: ບ່

Program Decreases:

a. Civilian Pay Off-Set	-543
Total Program Decreases	
FY 1995 Current Estimate	
Price Growth	
Program Increases:	

\$ 271,392

-543

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8,713

s

Pro

- Benefits to Former Employees (FY 95 Base \$178)......\$ 3,337 This program increase reflects the addition of transition Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9\$ tax on significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our concert with the VSIP estimate.
- b. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 95 Base \$57,376)....\$ This program increase is due to one more compensable workday 1996. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996 in FY 1996.

Total Program Increases......

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

a. International Military Headquarters\$ -1,572	Competing Service priorities have resulted in reduced funding	itary Headquarters activities, to	antic Treaty Ordanization (NATO).
a. International Military Headquarte	Competing Service priorities ha	support for International Military Headquarters activities, to	include support for North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

Total Program Decreases\$ -1,572	FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 282,224	Price Growth\$ 7,923
	FY 1996 Buc	Price Growt

Program Increases:

a. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 95 Base \$3,515)\$ 6,706
This program increase reflects the addition of transition
costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in
concert with the VSIP estimate.

Total Program Increases......\$

901'9

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Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreasès:

	-6,091	290,762
International Military Headquarters	Total Program Decreases\$ -6,091	FY 1997 Budget Request\$ 290,762

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	3,410 1,068 2,342	3,465 1,078 2,387	3,025 1,013 2,012	3,025 1,013 2,012	-440 -65 -375	0
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire	431 232 190 422	1,914 1,723 190 1,913	1,915 1,724 1,914	1,931 1,740 190 1,930	ннонс	16 16 16
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	3,386 1,065 2,321	3,438 1,073 2,365	3,246 1,046 2,200	3,025 1,013 2,012	-193 -28 -165	-221 -33 -188
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	306 208 85 293 13	1,277 1,041 233 1,274	1,899 1,708 190 1,898	1,914 1,723 190 1,913	622 667 -43 624 -2	15 15 0 15

Note: BA-44 U.S. Direct hire civilian endstrength and workyears between FY 1995/6/7 are overstated due to a direct/reimbursable coding error. The Army discovered this situation too late to adjust in the FY 1996/1997 President's Budget, and we plan to do so in the FY 1997/01 Program Objective Memorandum. The correct direct endstrength and workyears are as follows:

	431 431	431 431	
FY 1995	1gth 431	431	
	End Strength	Workyears	

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